SCOTT FORESMAN

Everyday Spelling

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7th Grade

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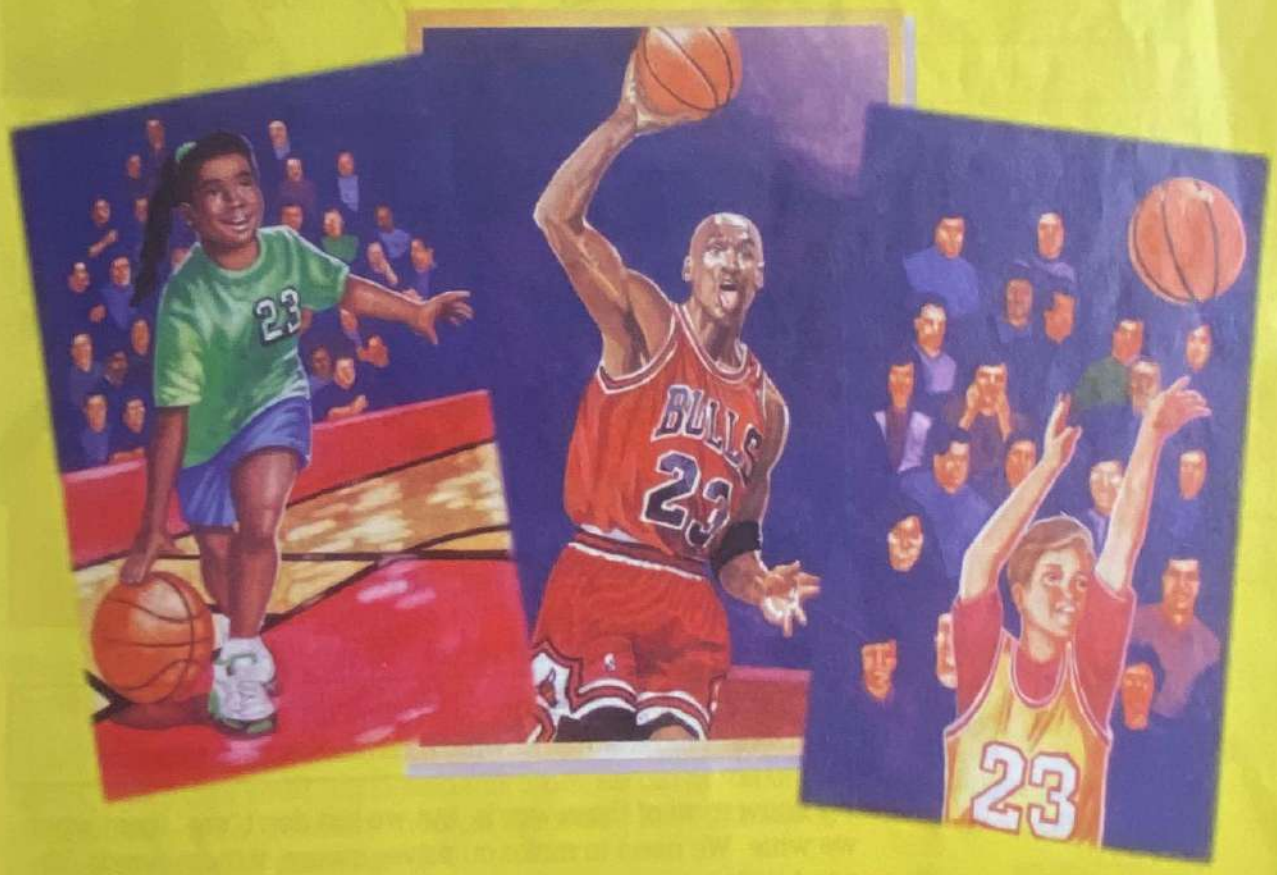
✻ FREQUENTLY MISSPELLED WORDS!

Lots of words on your spelling lists are marked with green asterisks ✻. These are the words that are misspelled the most by students your age.*

Pay special attention to these frequently misspelled words as you read, write, and practice your spelling words.

there	they	let's	heard	everyone
a lot	you're	really	different	friends
too	finally	then	everything	everywhere
their	our	usually	again	around
that's	Christmas	we're	believe	everybody
it's	off	went	except	maybe
because	where	sometimes	something	no
don't	Halloween	through	were	restaurant
probably	didn't	which	always	Saturday
they're	until	doesn't	anything	someone
Easter	buy	favorite	especially	there's



* **Research in Action** is a research project conducted in 1990–1993. This list of frequently misspelled words is one result of an analysis of 18,599 unedited compositions. Words are listed in the order of their frequency of misspelling.

Getting Letters in Correct Order

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

SPELLING FOCUS

Watch for letter combinations that are hard to keep in order and pay special attention to those parts: **believe, perfume.**

STUDY Say each word and pay attention to the underlined letters. Then read the sentence.

1.	**completely**	The house is made **completely** of brick.
2.	**believe** *	They could not **believe** the statement.
3.	**weirdest**	That is the **weirdest** movie I ever saw.
4.	**beige**	She wants a car of a pale **beige** color.
5.	**through** *	Many cars travel **through** the tunnel.
6.	**thirtieth**	He hit his **thirtieth** home run.
7.	**experiment**	We performed a chemistry **experiment.**
8.	**perfume**	She wears a flowery **perfume.**
9.	**doesn't** *	He **doesn't** like spaghetti.
10.	**decision**	We must make a **decision** to go or stay.
11.	**politely**	She **politely** introduced her mother.
12.	**fierce**	That big dog looks **fierce.**
13.	**briefcase**	He carries a **briefcase** full of papers.
14.	**sleigh**	Horses pull a **sleigh** through the snow.
15.	**lieutenant**	She was promoted to police **lieutenant.**
16.	**maneuver**	He'll **maneuver** the car into the space.
17.	**recruit**	The army will **recruit** new members.
18.	**biscuit**	I ate a hot **biscuit** for breakfast.
19.	**gauge**	The gas **gauge** shows the tank is full.
20.	**preserve**	We will work to **preserve** our freedom.

CHALLENGE!

unyielding
beguiling
beauteous
precipitation
preferably

PRACTICE Look over the list of words and write those that are hardest for you to spell. Be careful as you write each word. Then write the rest of the words.

WRITE Choose three sentences to include in a paragraph.

* WATCH OUT FOR FREQUENTLY MISSPELLED WORDS!

CONTEXT CLUES Use the context in each sentence to help you write the correct list word.

1. A total eclipse will occur on the ____ of October.
2. The horses pulled the ____ through the snow.
3. The soldiers stood at attention as a ____ entered the room.
4. The attorney put the important papers into her ____.
5. With those dark brown pants you shoud wear ____ socks.
6. Arguing with the umpire just ____ do any good.
7. Letting you drive is strictly your parents' ____.
8. The blowfish puffs itself up to make it look more ____.

WORD ASSOCIATION Write the list words suggested by each group of words.

9. sweet-smelling, cologne
10. bread, baked, roll
11. keep, save, protect
12. strangest, oddest
13. laboratory, trial, test
14. think, accept, suppose
15. courteously, nicely, elegantly
16. scale, measure, instrument
17. newly enlisted soldier, new member
18. plan, clever trick, movement
19. done with, over, finished
20. thoroughly, totally

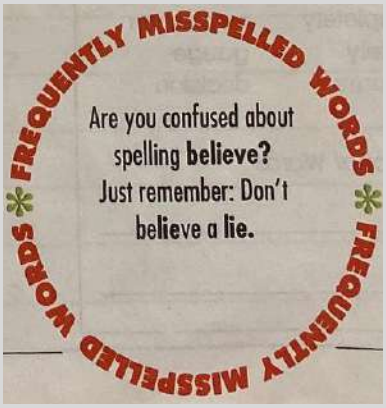
1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

We sometimes misspell familiar words that we shouldn't miss. Proofread the paragraph. Write four misspelled words correctly.

My forgetful dad went to the car wash aroud the corner again, and guess what happened this time? He did'nt roll up his back windows. As he whent thourgh the wash, the back seat got soaped, rinsed, and blown dry!

21. _____ 23. _____

22. _____ 24. _____



PROOFREADING AND WRITER

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
⌒	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR PUNCTUATION Put quotation marks around the exact words a speaker says. Remember to always use quotation marks in pairs. For example:

"I didn't see the other car coming," said the dazed passenger.

Check Quotation Marks Correct the five errors by writing the quotation mark and the word that comes before or after it.

I was taken completely by surprise," said the driver of the beige van that was hit. That was the weirdest thing I ever saw, chimed in an eyewitness. "You know, the witness continued, "that van could have ended up smashing into me.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

PROOFREAD A NEWSPAPER ARTICLE Find the five misspelled words in the article and write them correctly. These errors may be list words or words you learned before. Fix four errors with quotation marks too.

"He tried to manuver around the briefcase in the highway, but he compleatly lost control of the van, another witness said. A police luitenant reported that she did'nt believe any of the injuries were serious. Our desicion was to take three people to the hospital, she said," "but only as a precaution."

Word List

briefcase	preserve
fierce	recruit
believe	biscuit
sleigh	lieutenant
weirdest	thirtieth
beige	doesn't
experiment	through
completely	maneuver
politely	gauge
perfume	decision

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

WRITE A NEWSPAPER ARTICLE Plan and write a brief newspaper article about an event you witnessed. Use three spelling words and a personal word.

Review

DRAWING CONCLUSIONS Write the word from the box that fits each clue.

1. A scientist would conduct this.
2. This color is neutral, not bright.
3. This is a contraction for *does not*.
4. You should not do this for some advertisements.
5. This adverb is a synonym for *totally*.
6. After a discussion, a group tries to reach this.
7. A woman wanting to smell nice might use this.
8. You would go this way if you come to a tunnel.
9. This is a synonym for *strangest*.
10. This is an ordinal number.

completely	thirtieth
believe	experiment
weirdest	perfume
beige	doesn´t
through	decision

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Word Study

ANALOGIES A word analogy compares the relationship of a pair of words. For example, read this **part/whole analogy:**

lieutenant : army : : supervisor : business

This may be read "*Lieutenant* is to *army* as *supervisor* is to *business*." A lieutenant is part of an army in the same way a supervisor is part of a business. Other analogies include **cause/effect analogies** (virus : flu : : fire : heat) and **worker/product analogies** (baker : pie : : writer : book). Use the list of words in the box to complete the analogies that follow.

birds	sadness	week	picture	forest	light

Part/Whole Analogies

1. March : year : : Monday : ___
2. house : city : : tree : ___

Cause/Effect Analogies

3. happiness : smiles : : ___ : tears
4. clouds : rain : : sun : ___

Worker/Product Analogies

5. writer : story : : painter : ___
6. bees : hive : : ___ : nest

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
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11. _____
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14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Unexpected Consonant Spellings

SPELLING FOCUS

Some words have unexpected consonant spellings:
penguin, parachute, examination, exhibit, meanwhile.

STUDY Say each word. Look carefully at its spelling as you say it. Then read the sentence.

1.	**penguin**	A **penguin** is a bird that cannot fly.
2.	**language**	Speaking a foreign **language** is useful.
3.	**parachute**	He jumped to earth with a **parachute.**
4.	**Michigan**	The family traveled through **Michigan.**
5.	**examination**	The dentist conducted an **examination.**
6.	**executive**	She is an **executive** at a bank.
7.	**exhibit**	Everyone enjoyed the museum **exhibit.**
8.	**exhausted**	The **exhausted** players left the field.
9.	**whirlpool**	The swirling water formed a **whirlpool.**
10.	**meanwhile**	I left; **meanwhile,** the party went on.
11.	**distinguished**	She was a **distinguished** author.
12.	**guacamole**	The guests ate chips and **guacamole.**
13.	**extinguish**	He could **extinguish** the small fire.
14.	**brochure**	I read the **brochure** about the school.
15.	**chauffeur**	Her **chauffeur** drove her everywhere.
16.	**chandelier**	A gleaming **chandelier** lit up the room.
17.	**exempt**	No students are **exempt** from the exam.
18.	**exotic**	The rain forest has many **exotic** birds.
19.	**exertion**	The runner panted with **exertion.**
20.	**overwhelming**	The surprise party was **overwhelming.**

CHALLENGE!

bilingual
nonchalant
exhilaration
exasperate
whimsically

PRACTICE Write the following list words:

- five words in which /gw/ is spelled **gu**
- five words in which /sh/ is spelled **ch**
- seven words in which /gz/ is spelled **x** or **xh**
- three words in which /hw/ is spelled **wh**

WRITE Choose ten words to write in sentences.

CLASSIFYING Write the list word that belongs in each group.

1. manager, supervisor, ___
2. leaflet, pamphlet, ___
3. rare, unusual, ___
4. candle holder, lamp, ___
5. Illinois, Iowa, ___
6. at the same time, in the time between, ___

ANALOGIES Write the list word that completes each analogy.

7. Cab driver is to taxicab as ___ is to limousine.
8. Life jacket is to swimmer as ___ is to sky diver.
9. Jaguar is to cat as ___ is to bird.
10. Soccer is to sport as Russian is to ___.

SENTENCE COMPLETION Write the list word that best completes each sentence.

11. Freddy must pass this ___ in order to graduate.
12. We went to an ___ featuring the works of Picasso.
13. Senior citizens are ___ from paying the admission fee.
14. After running in the marathon, Roberto felt ___.
15. My problem seemed ___ until I got help.
16. Please ___ all the candles before leaving the room.
17. Ripe avocados make the best ___.
18. Selena was tired after all her ___.
19. The leaves twirled round and round in the ___.
20. Our next speaker is a ___ federal judge.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Write two list words that you sometimes misspell. Mark the part or parts of each word that give you problems. Then picture the words and focus on the problem parts.

21. _____ 22. _____

Did You Know?

The largest penguin, the emperor, can stand four feet tall and can weigh one hundred pounds!

PROOFREADING AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
^	Add something.
⌒	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR PUNCTUATION Use commas to separate a series of items. A comma must always separate a city and state. For example:

Pack a lunch rent a bicycle and ride a few miles to discover beauty history and adventure in Dearborn Michigan.

Check for Commas Correct five errors with commas by writing each word and the comma that should come after it.

A chauffeur will meet you at the airport in Detroit Michigan, and drive you to historic Greenfield Village Michigan. There you will go sight-seeing hiking dining and dancing.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

PROOFREAD A TRAVEL BROCHURE Find the five misspelled words in the brochure and write them correctly. Some may be words you learned before. Also correct three mistakes with commas.

Spend the day visiting Thomas Edison's completly restored laboratory the courthouse where Abe Lincoln practiced law and a chandalier shop. If you're exausted from all this exsertion, unwind in a whirlpool bath in your room. Then you're of to Battle Creek Michigan, breakfast capital of the United States.

WRITE A TRAVEL BROCHURE Write a travel brochure that would encourage people to visit your community. Use three list words and a personal word.

Word List

whirlpool	language
overwhelming	extinguish
brochure	guacamole
penguin	meanwhile
examination	exotic
distinguished	chauffeur
executive	exertion
parachute	Michigan
exhibit	exhausted
exempt	chandelier

Personal Words

1._____

2._____

Review

DEFINITIONS Write the word from the box for each meaning.

penguin	executive
language	exhibit
parachute	exhausted
Michigan	whirlpool
examination	meanwhile

1. an important manager in a company
2. very tired
3. spoken or written speech
4. a current of water that goes rapidly in a circle
5. a state made up of two large peninsulas
6. one kind of flightless bird
7. at the same time
8. an inspection or test
9. an umbrellalike apparatus used for floating downward
10. show or display

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Using a *Thesaurus*

PARTS OF AN ENTRY A thesaurus is a helpful resource for finding precise words. Study the following part of a thesaurus page and the labels. Then answer the questions.

Entry Word — Definition — Part of Speech

Language means the speech or writing of a group of people who understand each other. It includes vocabulary and grammar. *The airport announcer repeats messages in several languages.* (noun)

Tongue can mean a language. It is used mostly in books. *The armies of Islam carried the Arabic tongue to many countries.*

Speech can mean spoken language. *Words often become common in speech before they are accepted in writing.* — Example Sentence

Dialect means a local form of a language. *Spanish is a language with a number of different dialects that are spoken in different countries or in different areas of the same country.* — Synonym

Lingo is an informal word that means speech containing unknown words and therefore not understood by the listener. *When I try to teach my dad about computers, he complains about my lingo.* — Synonym

Jargon can mean the language, especially the vocabulary, of some special group. *TV shows about doctors and police are full of jargon.*

1. What part of speech is *language?*
2. What is the following sentence called? *The airport announcer repeats messages in several languages.*
3. How many synonyms for *language* are defined?
4. Which word in parentheses is the best one in this sentence? *The slow drawl of southern Georgia is an interesting ___ to hear.* (dialect, language, lingo, tongue)
5. Which two synonyms for *language* are appropriate in this sentence? *Teenagers seem to have a ___ that only they understand.*

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
4. _____
5. _____

One Consonant or Two?

SPELLING FOCUS

Sometimes double consonants stand for one sound. For example, you hear the sound /f/ one time in **different** and the sound /m/ one time in **recommend.**

STUDY Notice the double consonants. Then read the sentence.

1.	**recommend**	The librarian can **recommend** a book.
2.	**different** ✱	The twins had **different** styles.
3.	**graffiti**	He saw **graffiti** scribbled on the wall.
4.	**successfully**	She **successfully** completed the course.
5.	**embarrass**	Falling down didn't **embarrass** me.
6.	**necessary**	A pencil is **necessary** in math.
7.	**parallel**	Lines that are **parallel** never meet.
8.	**Halloween** ✱	I made a costume for **Halloween.**
9.	**Connecticut**	The family moved to **Connecticut.**
10.	**approximately**	A game lasts **approximately** one hour.
11.	**commitment**	We made a **commitment** to work hard.
12.	**accommodate**	The big van will **accommodate** us.
13.	**accomplishment**	Be proud of your **accomplishment.**
14.	**possession**	Her ring is a valued **possession.**
15.	**harass**	My dog is big, but he won't **harass** you.
16.	**confetti**	We tossed **confetti** at the celebration.
17.	**abbreviation**	What is the **abbreviation** for Utah?
18.	**interruption**	I had no **interruption** during my talk.
19.	**cinnamon**	Ginger and **cinnamon** are spices.
20.	**mayonnaise**	He put **mayonnaise** in the tuna salad.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

CHALLENGE!

commemoration
questionnaire
penicillin
recollection
interrogation

PRACTICE Sort the list by writing

- four words with two or more sets of double consonants
- five other words with double **m**, **r**, or **s**
- five other words with double **f**, **l**, or **t**
- six other words with double **b**, **c**, **n**, or **p**

WRITE Choose three sentences to include in a paragraph.

✱ WATCH OUT FOR FREQUENTLY MISSPELLED WORDS!

RIDDLES Use the clues in the riddles to write the correct list word.

1. Spread me on bread.
2. Scare me today with your costume!
3. For Sale! 2 bkes., 1 rd., 1 blck. TL 555-7809 in P.M.
4. Toss me during a party or parade!
5. I'm great sprinkled on toast or baked apples.
6. I look ugly spray-painted on buildings.
7. I'm one of the original thirteen states.
8. We lines are always together but never meet.

SYNONYMS Write the list word that means the same as each pair of synonyms. Use your Spelling Dictionary if necessary.

9. achievement, fulfillment
10. ownership, property
11. advise, suggest
12. disturb, torment
13. intermission, break
14. essential, required
15. prosperously, fortunately
16. almost, nearly
17. pledge, promise
18. shame, humiliate
19. contain, hold
20. distinct, separate

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Seeing Meaning Connections

unsuccessful
successor
successive
succession
succeed

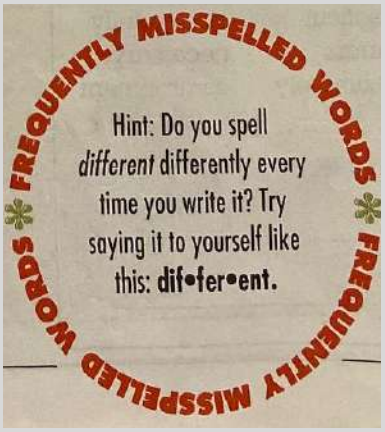
21. Write the list word that is related in spelling and meaning to the words in the box. Use the words in the box to complete the paragraph. Check your Spelling Dictionary if you need to.

Have you been (22) at building all those muscles you've wanted? We at Atlas Dumbbells can help you (23) with ease! You will be able to perform our simple (24) of exercises at home, at school, even at the playground. By exercising on (25) Fridays, you might even become the latest (26) to the title *World Class Body Builder*.

21. _____ 24. _____

22. _____ 25. _____

23. _____ 26. _____


FREQUENTLY MISSPELLED WORDS
FREQUENTLY MISSPELLED WORDS
Hint: Do you spell different differently every time you write it? Try saying it to yourself like this: dif•fer•ent.

PROOFREADING AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
ℯ	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR USAGE Some verbs are formed in an unusual way. Be careful when using verbs such as *bring, come, put, is,* and *take.* Check a dictionary to find the correct forms of these verbs. For example:

You should have ~~bringed~~ brought all ingredients to room temperature.

Check Irregular Verbs Correct the five errors with irregular verbs in these sentences. If a sentence is correct, write "Correct."

1. Here's how I maked those Halloween cookies.
2. It was so easy that I doed it all in a half hour.
3. First, I taked butter and mixed it with sugar.
4. Then I getted two cookie sheets and greased them.
5. Now here's how you complete the rest of the recipe.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

PROOFREAD A RECIPE Find five misspelled words in the recipe and write them correctly. These errors may be list words or words you learned before. Fix three errors with verbs.

Add the cinammon. Next, use the tablespoon you have took from the drawer. Make parralel rows of dough. You should have putted three rows across and five rows down on each sheet when you's through. This next step are absolutely neccesary: Try a cookie and enjoy your acomplishment!

Word List

different
abbreviation
parallel
recommend
accommodate
harass
accomplishment
Connecticut
embarrass
approximately
cinnamon
graffiti
confetti
Halloween
interruption
mayonnaise
possession
successfully
necessary
commitment

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

WRITE A RECIPE Make a list of ingredients and tell how to make a food you like. Use three list words.

Review

MAKING CONNECTIONS Write the word from the box that fits each clue.

1. This is a math term relating to lines.
2. This adverb is used when you can't be exact.
3. This adverb means you've done something well.
4. This is one of the smaller states of the United States.
5. When things are not the same, they are this.
6. This is what your four-year-old sister would do to you if she threw a temper tantrum in a store with you.
7. This is a form of vandalism.
8. This is the relationship of water to life as we know it.
9. This is what you hope a teacher will do for you so that you can get a part-time job.
10. This happens just before November starts.

recommend	necessary
different	parallel
graffiti	Halloween
successfully	Connecticut
embarrass	approximately

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Multicultural Connection

COSTUMES Costumes play a big part of Halloween in some parts of the United States. In fact, people all over the world throughout history have worn costumes to mark special occasions.

- Samurai warriors, warlords in feudal Japan, wore a **warrior's costume** as a sign of rank.
- Hindus in India wear a white **funeral costume**, because Hindus consider white a color of mourning.
- The **celebratory costume** worn by a Mexican girl at a *quince años* (kēn'se ä'nyōs), honoring her fifteenth birthday, is often very formal.

Look at the pictures and name the kind of costume being worn.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____

Homophones

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

SPELLING FOCUS

A homophone is a word that sounds exactly like another word but has a different spelling and meaning: **herd, heard.**

STUDY Say each word and sentence. Pay special attention to which spellings go with which meanings.

1.	**herd**	We saw a **herd** of cattle on the ranch.
2.	**heard** *	I **heard** birds singing at dawn.
3.	**capital**	Austin is the **capital** of Texas.
4.	**capitol**	The senate is in the **capitol** building.
5.	**principle**	Honesty is an important **principle.**
6.	**principal**	The school **principal** led the assembly.
7.	**there** *	It is easy to get **there** from here.
8.	**their** *	The boys carried **their** tennis rackets.
9.	**straight**	The path is **straight,** not curved.
10.	**strait**	A narrow **strait** connects the lakes.

11.	**compliment**	I received a **compliment** on my poem.
12.	**complement**	The red rug will **complement** the room.
13.	**stationery**	I wrote a letter on my new **stationery.**
14.	**stationary**	An exercise bicycle stays **stationary.**
15.	**idle**	She remained **idle** instead of working.
16.	**idol**	The artist was the young man's **idol.**
17.	**hostel**	Young travelers can stay at a **hostel.**
18.	**hostile**	The enemy soldiers were **hostile.**
19.	**sheer**	Light comes through the **sheer** curtain.
20.	**shear**	She will **shear** the poodle's long hair.

PRACTICE First write the homophone pairs that are the most confusing for you to spell. As you write each word, think of its meaning. Then write the rest of the homophones.

WRITE Choose four sentences to rewrite as questions.

* **WATCH OUT FOR FREQUENTLY MISSPELLED WORDS!**

CHALLENGE!

guerrilla	gorilla
adolescents	adolescence
oral	aural

WORD PAIRS Use the context to help you write the correct homophone pair for each sentence.

The (1) of buffalo stampeded because they (2) the blast of the hunters' rifles.
Lionel said he never met anyone at a youth (3) in Europe who was (4) to him.
We wanted them to park (5) car over (6) under the shade of that tree.
The (7) of our school insists that students wear long pants as a matter of (8).
Ships must steer a (9) course when they navigate through the narrow (10).
Though she had been the (11) of movie fans everywhere, she has been (12) for more than a decade.

WORD ASSOCIATION Write the list words suggested by each group of words. Use the Spelling Dictionary for help.

13. letter; A, B, or C
14. writing paper, envelopes
15. cut, trim
16. praise, congratulate
17. building, dome
18. transparent, thin
19. immovable, still
20. supplement, complete

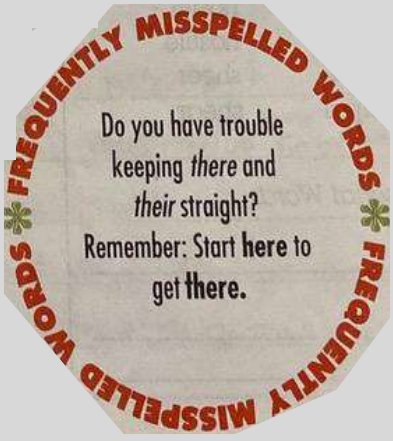
straight-faced
straightforward
straighten
straightedge

21. Write the list word that is related to the words in the box. _____

Write the words in the box that fit the definitions.

22. showing no emotion _____
23. strip of wood or metal used to make straight lines _____
24. honest, direct _____
25. put in the proper order _____

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____



PROOFREADING AND WRITING

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
^	Add something.
ℓ	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR USAGE When using adjectives and adverbs to compare, add *-er* or *-est* to short words *or* use *more, most, less,* or *least* with long words and words that end in **-ly.** NEVER do both.

We are planning a tasty new menu with ~~more~~ healthier food.

Check Adjectives and Adverbs Read each sentence. Correct the adjective and adverb errors. Write "Correct" if there is no error.

1. We had the most largest response to our questionnaire.
2. The results should be healthier, more cheaper, and tastier food.
3. You spoke more loudlier than ever—and we heard you!
4. We are now ready to begin the hardest part.
5. Help our committee find the menu that will serve us most best.

PROOFREAD A MESSAGE Find the six misspelled words in this message and write them correctly. Some may be words you learned before. Fix three errors with adjectives or adverbs.

Your comments were not hostel, but thay went strait to the heart of the issue. You voted the salads the most blandest and the pretzels the least crispiest. Our principle agrees that their is a solution. A more leaner hamburger will appear, are eggs will not be "the greasiest on the planet."

Word List

heard	there
herd	their
capital	straight
capitol	strait
compliment	idle
complement	idol
stationery	hostel
stationary	hostile
principle	sheer
principal	shear

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

WRITE A MESSAGE What might you like to tell your classmates? Plan and write a message about it. Use three list words and a personal word.

Review

WORDS IN CONTEXT Write the word from the box that completes each sentence.

herd	principal
heard	there
capital	their
capitol	straight
principle	strait

1. Juan and Graciela said that ___ mother was coming.
2. My ___ is that I will always be honest.
3. The ___ between the cliffs was dangerously narrow.
4. The state legislature is in session in the ___ building.
5. Are you going ___ for lunch?
6. The ___ gave an inspiring speech at school.
7. With these scissors you can really cut a ___ line.
8. In the meadow, we spied a ___ of antelope.
9. The class learned much in the ___ city of the state.
10. We just ___ a marvelous piece of music!

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Using a *Dictionary*

PARTS OF AN ENTRY A dictionary has the facts you need to help you use words correctly. Study the parts of a dictionary page and an entry. Then write the answer to each question.

preferable | projection — guide words

a	hat	ėr	term	ô	order	ch	child	ə stands for	
ā	age	i	it	oi	oil	ng	long	ə	in about
ä	far, calm	ī	ice	ou	out	sh	she	e	in taken
âr	care	o	hot	u	cup	th	thin	i	in pencil
e	let	ō	open	ů	put	TH	then	o	in lemon
ē	equal	ȯ	saw	ü	rule	zh	measure	u	in circus

— pronunciation key

entry word — pronunciation — definition

prin•ci•pal (prin′sə pəl), *adj.* **1** most important; main; chief: *Chicago is the principal city of Illinois.* —*n.* **1** a chief person; one who gives orders. **2** the head, or one of the heads, of an elementary or secondary school.

illustrative sentence

1. What is the word **prin•ci•pal** called?
2. What is the sentence *Chicago is the principal city of Illinois* called?
3. Which definition for *principal* is being used in this sentence? *The principal was known for being fair to all students.*
4. The **i** and the **ə** in *principal* are pronounced like the **o** in another word. Where do you look to find this out?
5. Where do you look to find where the accent is in *principal*?

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

Adding -ed and -ing

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

SPELLING FOCUS

Five things to remember when adding **-ed** and **-ing** are:

- Some base words are not changed: **travel, traveled, traveling.**
- In words that end with **e**, drop the **e**: **receive, received, receiving.**
- In words that end with **c**, add **k** before adding **-ed** or **-ing**: **panic, panicked, panicking.**
- In words that end with **y**, change the **y** to **i** when adding **-ed**: **qualified**, but keep the **y** when adding **-ing**: **qualifying.**
- If words accented on the last syllable end with **consonant-vowel-consonant**, the final consonant is doubled: **control, controlled, controlling.**

STUDY Study the words in each column. Notice if the base word changes when different endings are added.

travel	1. **traveled**	2. **traveling**
receive	3. **received**	4. **receiving**
panic	5. **panicked**	6. **panicking**
qualify	7. **qualified**	8. **qualifying**
control	9. **controlled**	10. **controlling**
research	11. **researched**	12. **researching**
argue	13. **argued**	14. **arguing**
mimic	15. **mimicked**	16. **mimicking**
horrify	17. **horrified**	18. **horrifying**
commit	19. **committed**	20. **committing**

PRACTICE Sort the words by writing

- four words in which final **e** is dropped before **-ed** or **-ing** is added
- four words in which the final consonant is doubled
- two words in which **y** is changed to **i**
- four words in which **k** is added
- six words in which the base word doesn't change

WRITE Choose ten words to write in sentences.

CHALLENGE!

benefited	benefiting
prophesied	prophesying
transferred	transferring

SENTENCE COMPLETION Write the form of the base word in parentheses that completes each sentence.

1. (argue) You two are always ____ about who gets to sit by the window.
2. (research) The graduate student published her findings after she thoroughly ____ the subject of hurricanes.
3. (horrify) The scream was absolutely ___ to hear.
4. (qualify) After taking guitar lessons for ten years, Connie felt ____ for the job with the band.
5. (panic) Many lives were saved because no one ____ during the fire.
6. (mimic) Is that bird ____ what I just said?
7. (control) We saw an exhibition of remote-____ aircraft.
8. (horrify) Gary was ____ when he heard the grim news.
9. (commit) They ___ the robbery, didn't they?
10. (commit) They're through ___ crimes.

SYNONYMS Write the list word that means the same as each pair of synonyms. Use the Spelling Dictionary for help.

11. imitated, copied
12. journeying, moving
13. losing control, not thinking
14. disputed, debated
15. journeyed, moved
16. getting, taking
17. inquiring, investigating
18. succeeding, achieving
19. got, took
20. regulating, directing

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Add the endings **-ed** and **-ing** to each of these words to make new words: *frolic, believe, prefer, magnify*. Remember what you learned.

Add -ed	Add -ing
21. _____	_____
22. _____	_____
23. _____	_____
24. _____	_____

Take a Hint

Don't *panic* when you have to spell *panicked*. Remember help will arrive in the **NICK** of time.

PROOFREADING AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
^	Add something.
⌒	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR CAPITALIZATION

Use capitals correctly in the heading, inside address, greeting, and closing of a business letter. For example:

100 south street
Hampton, VA 23360
may 12, 19–

Check Capitalization Fix the capitalization errors in these parts of an inside address and greeting. Write the words correctly.

1. mr Miguel Lopez
2. 134 elm Street
3. valdosta, GA 31603
4. Dear Mr. lopez:

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

PROOFREAD A BUSINESS LETTER

Find five misspelled words in the body of the letter and write them correctly. Some may be words you learned before. Fix two errors in capitalization.

We at Acme Travel hope you receiveed our newsletters about travling in Asia. We remain commited to bringing you bargains. You can become qualifyed to win a trip to Tokyo, Japan! Please dont hesitate to call.

sincerely,

Agnes acme

Word List

researched	panicked
researching	panicking
traveled	controlled
traveling	controlling
argued	committed
arguing	committing
received	qualified
receiving	qualifying
mimicked	horrified
mimicking	horrifying

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

WRITE A BUSINESS LETTER

Write to a travel agency for information about a place you want to visit. Use three list words.

Review

DRAWING CONCLUSIONS Write the word from the box that fits each clue.

1. the adjective for a preliminary contest in which people who do well get into the finals
2. what the referees in yesterday's game did to restore order
3. what the ballplayers are doing to get to the next city
4. what the player did to the quarterback's pass
5. what the children did who thought they saw a monster
6. what the president of the company is doing with its future
7. what the couple did who went around the world
8. what the unprepared student with a report due tomorrow is doing
9. what the runner did who is in the final race
10. in many companies, the name of the department that accepts shipments and packages

traveled	panicking
traveling	qualified
received	qualifying
receiving	controlled
panicked	controlling

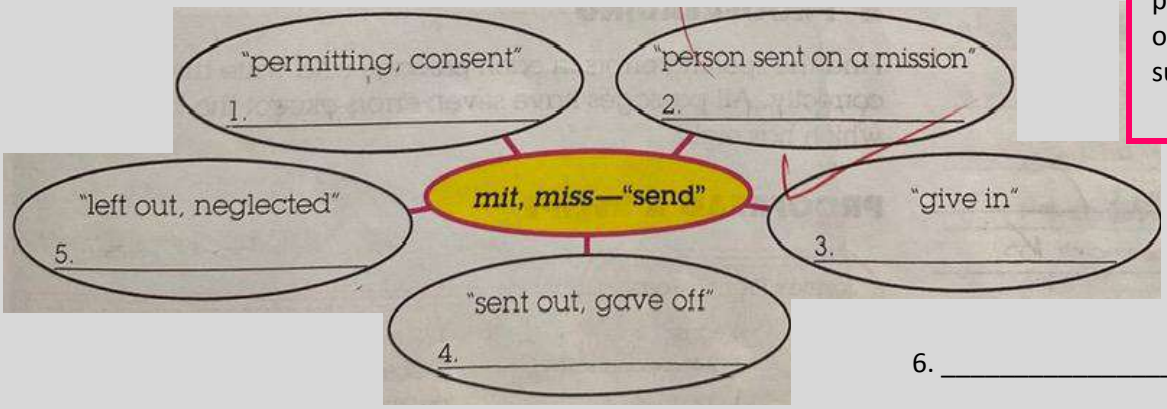
1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Word Study

LATIN ROOTS: *mit, miss* The list word *committed* comes from the root **mit,** which means "send." The root **miss** also means "send." The words in the box all come from these roots.

Write the **mit** and **miss** words that complete the word web below. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

emissary	
emitted	
permission	
omitted	
submit	



Complete each sentence with a word from the web.

6. We didn't know it, but the ___ was actually a spy.
7. My father gave me ___ to stay up late Saturday night.
8. After it was scolded, the dog decided to ___ and obey.
9. The play ran short because the second act was ___.
10. In the movie, the alien's weapon ___ rays that shrank people.

6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Review

Lesson 1: Getting Letters in Correct Order
Lesson 2: Unexpected Consonant Spellings
Lesson 3: One Consonant or Two?
Lesson 4: Homophones
Lesson 5: Adding -ed and -ing

REVIEW WORD LIST

1. beige
2. believe
3. biscuit
4. briefcase
5. completely
6. decision
7. doesn't
8. experiment
9. fierce
10. gauge
11. perfume
12. sleigh
13. thirtieth
14. through
15. weirdest
16. brochure
17. chauffeur
18. distinguished
19. examination
20. exhibit
21. exotic
22. guacamole
23. meanwhile
24. Michigan
25. penguin
26. accomplishment
27. approximately
28. cinnamon
29. Connecticut
30. different
31. Halloween
32. harass
33. interruption
34. necessary
35. possession
36. recommend
37. capital
38. heard
39. principal
40. sheer
41. stationery
42. straight
43. strait
44. there
45. panicked
46. qualified
47. received
48. researching
49. traveled
50. traveling

PROOFREADING

Find the spelling errors in each passage and write the words correctly. All passages have seven errors except the last one, which has eight.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD A RECIPE

Jamie's French Toast

4 eggs
1/2 teaspoon salt
1 cup milk
1/2 teaspoon vanilla
8 slices of bread
cooking oil

In a large bowl, beat the eggs. Add the salt, milk, and vanilla. The bread can be cut into rounds with a bisciut cutter. Dip the bread completly into the mixture. Brown the bread in a small amount of cooking oil in a skillet for approximatley 3-5 minutes on each side. Guage the time carefully so the toast isn't too dark. Serve sprinkled with cinnoman or exsperiment with other toppings. I also recomend serving with maple syrup or honey.

PROOFREAD A FABLE

A feirce dog stole some meat from a butcher one day, and as he was travaling home thru a field, he came to a stream. There he saw his shadow reflected. "I beleive that is another dog with another piece of meat," he thought to himself. Deciding to take posession of that meat, he opened his mouth to snap at it—bad desicion! The meat he was carrying fell strait into the water.

Moral: We often lose what we have when we reach for imagined riches.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD AN INVITATION

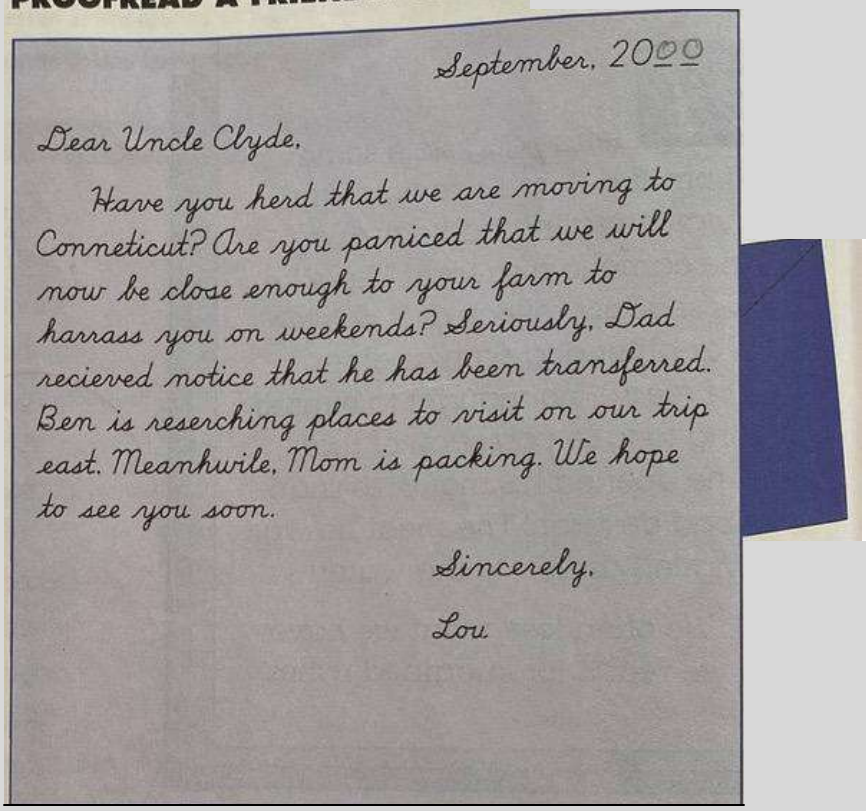
To: The Seventh Grade Class
From: Marla
What: a Haloween party
Where: 47 W. Thirtyeth Street, the biege house
When: October 28, 20__, at 7 o'clock

Please come to my party. Their will be refreshments. Prizes will be given for the wierdest and the most exotick costumes. Wearing a costume is not nesassary, however.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD A FRIENDLY LETTER



September, 20__

Dear Uncle Clyde,

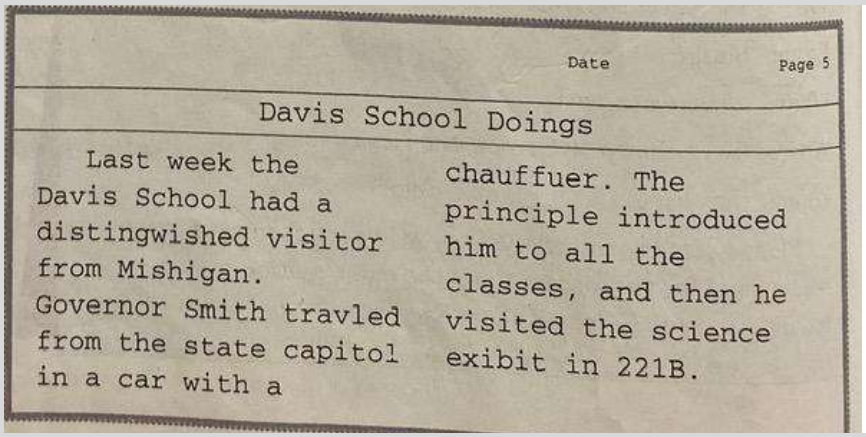
Have you herd that we are moving to Conneticut? Are you paniced that we will now be close enough to your farm to harrass you on weekends? Seriously, Dad recieved notice that he has been transferred. Ben is reserching places to visit on our trip east. Meanhwile, Mom is packing. We hope to see you soon.

Sincerely,

Lou

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD A NEWSPAPER FEATURE STORY



Date Page 5

Davis School Doings

Last week the Davis School had a distingwished visitor from Mishigan. Governor Smith travled from the state capitol in a car with a chauffuer. The principle introduced him to all the classes, and then he visited the science exibit in 221B.

PROOFREAD A TELEPHONE MESSAGE

Dad,

Mr. Alvarez called. He thinks he left his brief case in your office, but he does'nt know for sure. In it are a travel broshure, an examunation booklet, some stationary, and a gift-wrapped bottle of prefume for his wife's birthday. He is sorry for the interuption, but call him if you find it. He's at 555-7310.

Hector

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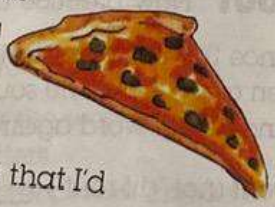
7. _____

PROOFREAD A POEM

Food for Thought

Last night I had the strangest dream:
A penquin in a slay
slid up to me and said he'd heard
that I was on my way
to swim across a polar straight
without my shear inner tube!
I knew it would be differnt,
becoming an ice cube,
but I shook my head and said that I'd
supposed I wasn't kwalified
for this acomplishment.
Was it the three-cheese pizza I ate before I slept?
Not wholly—
I think it was the guacamoley.



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Words with No Sound Clues

SPELLING FOCUS

Some words have more letters than you might expect. To spell these words, pronounce each syllable carefully: **really.** In many words the vowel sound you hear gives no clue to its spelling: **favorite.**

STUDY Say each word slowly and carefully. Then read the sentence.

1.	**mathematics**	Algebra is a branch of **mathematics.**
2.	**really** *	The baseball fans were **really** excited.
3.	**audience**	The play had an enthusiastic **audience.**
4.	**usually** *	The dog **usually** barks at strangers.
5.	**diamond**	A **diamond** is a valuable jewel.
6.	**favorite** *	Yellow is my **favorite** color.
7.	**memory**	She has a good **memory** for names.
8.	**restaurant** *	We ate hamburgers at the **restaurant.**
9.	**recognize**	I didn't **recognize** the new student.
10.	**disgusted**	His rudeness made us feel **disgusted.**
11.	**secretary**	The lawyer's **secretary** typed a letter.
12.	**miniature**	He collects **miniature** cars.
13.	**tournament**	She won the tennis **tournament.**
14.	**vacuum**	There is no air in a **vacuum.**
15.	**Delaware**	My family visited a beach in **Delaware.**
16.	**gratitude**	She expressed **gratitude** for the gift.
17.	**elementary**	First graders go to **elementary** school.
18.	**juvenile**	Cartoons are for a **juvenile** audience.
19.	**victim**	He was a **victim** of robbery.
20.	**category**	A tomato is in the vegetable **category.**

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CHALLENGE!

luxurious
auxiliary
penitentiary
badminton
boulevard

PRACTICE Look over the list words. First write those that you find easy to spell. Then write the words that are harder for you to spell. Underline the letters that you find troublesome.

WRITE Choose ten words to write in sentences.

* WATCH OUT FOR FREQUENTLY MISSPELLED WORDS!

BEFORE AND AFTER Write the list word that begins and ends with the same letters as each word below.

1. celebrity
2. rainy
3. unlikely
4. gasoline
5. monopolize
6. tenement
7. eventually
8. ridicule

DRAWING CONCLUSIONS Write the list word that matches each clue.

9. It's something that you like more than all others.
10. This occurs in an empty space when no air is present, as in outer space.
11. This is a subject you are required to take in school.
12. You might call a younger person this.
13. If you attend a concert, you are part of this gathering.
14. This person might type a report for the boss.
15. You might feel this way if you smell a very bad odor or see something you hate.
16. This is a place where you order from a menu.
17. Tricks to help you remember things should improve this.
18. You might find one of these in an engagement ring.
19. Dover is the capital of this state.
20. We might refer to a person in an accident as this.

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21. _____
22. _____
23. _____
24. _____
25. _____

Did You Know?

The word *secretary* is from a Latin word meaning "secret." That's because a secretary is expected to keep the boss's secrets.

PROOFREADING AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
⌒	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR CARELESS ERRORS
Proofread carefully in order to catch words you may have left out. For example:

Our team is probably the best one this school has seen in years.

Check for Careless Errors Read the beginning of this report below and write the five words that have been carelessly omitted.

The championship game was one of most exciting in recent memory. The score tied 4-4 for the first six innings. Adamji, Plotsky, and Lee all struck out in seventh inning and no runs were scored the eighth. The score was 5-4 in the top the ninth.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

PROOFREAD A REPORT Find six misspelled words in the rest of the report and write them correctly. They may be list words or words you learned before. Write three words that were left out.

There was great excitement on the dimond as we took the field. Our pitcher fell victum to a dislocated shoulder and had to be pulled from tournement. We where able to hold them at 5-4, however. Then we took the field and Prado hit a homer with the bases loaded. The thrill of that day will be favrite memorie for the fans. We won championship 8-5.

Word List

secretary	elementary
really	favorite
memory	audience
mathematics	disgusted
diamond	juvenile
Delaware	victim
usually	category
miniature	recognize
tournament	restaurant
gratitude	vacuum

Personal Words

1. Delaware
2. tournament

WRITE A REPORT Write a report of a game you have played in or watched. Use three list words and a personal word.

Review

CLASSIFYING Write the word from the box that belongs in each group.

1. thought, recollection, ___
2. stage, actors, ___
3. know, identify, ___
4. emerald, ruby, ___
5. history, science, ___
6. truly, actually, ___
7. offended, sickened, ___
8. eatery, inn, ___
9. generally, frequently, ___
10. best-loved, preferred, ___

mathematics	favorite
really	memory
audience	restaurant
usually	recognize
diamond	disgusted

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
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6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Word Study

ANALOGIES Analogies are used in writing to make comparisons between two ideas. Often an unfamiliar or complex idea will be compared to a familiar or simpler one in order to explain the first. Read the analogy below.

> I approach writing as a swimmer. Some days I float and wait for the warmth of inspiration. It peeks through the clouds, and I easily gather my thoughts ray by ray. Other days I work hard—stroking and kicking—fighting waves of unworkable prose. I reach shore exhausted, but pleased with my effort.

Here are two ways the analogy above might be stated:

a writer is to a thought as a swimmer is to water

or

writer : thought : : swimmer : water

Complete each analogy below using a word from the box.

1. student : school : : ___ : office
2. examination : passing or failing : : ___ : innocence or guilt
3. accountant : computer : : ___ : baton
4. thermometer : temperature : : stethoscope : ___
5. golfer : grass : : swimmer : ___
6. astronomer : stars : : ___ : animals

conductor	trial
water	zoologist
secretary	heartbeat

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____

Related Words 1

SPELLING FOCUS

Related words often have parts that are spelled the same but pronounced differently: **crime, criminal; except, exception.**

STUDY Read each pair of related words and notice the differences in the two words. Then read the sentences.

1.	**crime**	Police officers fight **crime.**
2.	**criminal**	The **criminal** was sent to prison.
3.	**except** *	I like all colors **except** green.
4.	**exception**	He made an **exception** to the rule.
5.	**combine**	The cook will **combine** butter and eggs.
6.	**combination**	Beans and rice is a good **combination.**
7.	**imitate**	The baby can **imitate** his brothers.
8.	**imitation**	She did a funny **imitation** of the actor.
9.	**operate**	How do you **operate** the VCR?
10.	**operation**	The patient had a heart **operation.**
11.	**academy**	She will attend the military **academy.**
12.	**academic**	Juan took five **academic** courses.
13.	**depart**	The plane will **depart** at 8:00 A.M.
14.	**departure**	A snowstorm delayed the **departure.**
15.	**inspire**	The book may **inspire** you to travel.
16.	**inspiration**	His courage was an **inspiration** to all.
17.	**participate**	Many students **participate** in sports.
18.	**participation**	We need everyone's **participation.**
19.	**regulate**	The police will **regulate** traffic.
20.	**regulation**	The school has a dress **regulation.**

PRACTICE Sort the related words by writing
- four pairs of words in which a vowel sound is changed
- six pairs of words in which the sound of a **t** is changed

WRITE Choose two sentences to write in a rhyme, riddle, or dialogue.

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16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

CHALLENGE!

indicate	indicative
deprive	deprivation
implicate	implication

* WATCH OUT FOR FREQUENTLY MISSPELLED WORDS!

WORDS IN CONTEXT Write the list word that is missing from each person's statement.

1. Flight attendant: "The plane will ___ in one hour."
2. Jeweler: "Don't buy an ___ diamond. Buy the real thing."
3. Chef: "I often ___ garlic and rosemary in spaghetti sauce."
4. General: "I attended the military ___ for four years."
5. Teacher: "I'd like all students to ___ in this discussion."
6. Surgeon: "You will need an ___ to correct this condition."
7. Poet: "A poem is one tenth ___ and nine tenths perspiration."
8. Traffic Officer: "Speeding is a violation of a traffic ___."
9. Store Owner: "Shoplifting is a very serious ___."
10. Child (to parent): "All the kids are allowed to go ___ me!"

WORD MATH Complete each equation to make a list word.

11. regular - r + te =
12. instead - stead + spire =
13. participant - nt + tion =
14. academy - y + ic =
15. imitative - ive + e =
16. excepting - ing + ion =
17. departing - ing + ure =
18. crimp - p + inal =
19. operator - or + e =
20. combining - ing + ation =

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16. _____
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18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Complete each sentence with a word from the box.

Words with *operate*
operational
operator
postoperative

21. If you can't find the phone number, call the _____

22. After an operation, a patient may have _____ therapy.

23. When the television breaks down it is no _____

Did You Know?
Crime comes from the Latin word *crimen*, meaning "accusation, offense."

PROOFREADING AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
^	Add something.
⌒	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR USAGE A **run-on sentence** results when one sentence runs into another without **a)** the proper punctuation or **b)** the necessary conjunction. For example:

The surgeon is handed a scalpel ⊙ ^ ≡ the operation begins.

The surgeon is handed a scalpel, ^ and the operation begins.

Check for Run-on Sentences Read the sentences below. If a sentence is a run-on, write "RO." If it is correct, write "Correct."

1. My uncle Luis is the surgeon, his speciality is the eye.
2. My uncle's dedication may inspire others, he is tireless.
3. As a surgeon, he must stand for hours, he must be alert.
4. An operating room can be a cold, frightening place.
5. My uncle always reassures his patients they adore him.

PROOFREAD A CHARACTER STUDY Write five misspelled words in this passage correctly. Fix two run-on sentences.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

The hands of a surgeon like Uncle Luis combin' science and humanity. He may perform an operashen for ten hours. he may then have to partisapat in a consultation. Without excipton, Uncle Luis will then rush to reassure a nervous family they need his advice and insparation.

Word List

combine	crime
combination	criminal
depart	academy
departure	academic
except	participate
exception	participation
imitate	inspire
imitation	inspiration
operate	regulate
operation	regulation

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

WRITE A CHARACTER STUDY Write about someone whom you admire. Use three list words and a personal word.

Review

MAKING INFERENCES Write the word from the box that fits each clue.

crime	combination
criminal	imitate
except	imitation
exception	operate
combine	operation

1. person who can be found in prison
2. what a young child will often do to learn
3. what you need to know in order to open some locks
4. what the removal of a person's appendix is called
5. the opposite of *as well as*
6. what the police will arrest you for
7. how a doctor might treat an internal injury
8. a counterfeit or copy
9. what you do to some ingredients of a recipe
10. what you make by not following a rule one time

1. _____
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8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Word Study

SYNONYMS Synonyms are words with the same general meaning. "She likes to *mimic* me" could just as well be stated "She likes to *imitate* me." *Mimic* and *imitate* are **synonyms.** Synonyms are seldom interchangeable in all usages, however. In the phrase "a painting that seemed to *imitate* Picasso," *mimic* could not be substituted for *imitate*. In this context, *imitate* means "resemble."

inspire	gratitude
operate	offense
architecture	

Read each sentence below. Substitute a synonym from the box for each underlined word.

1. Their only crime was ignoring their friend's warning.
2. I love to study the structure of old buildings.
3. I don't know how to run this machine.
4. I gave the man who saved my life my sincere thankfulness.
5. The teacher was able to influence her students to learn.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

Choose the synonym in parentheses that you think would best fit in each sentence. Use the Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

6. The Rolls-Royce is a (distinguished, well-known) car.
7. This ground is too (hard, difficult) to dig.
8. The lawyer found a (suitable, fit) office.
9. We saw the (noiseless, still) and sad swans.
10. They like to be (lazy, idle) on weekends.

6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Endings -ty, -ity, -tion

SPELLING FOCUS

When **-ty**, **-ity**, and **-tion** are added to some words, one or more letters may change: **secure**, **security**; **recognize**, **recognition**.

STUDY Read each word and notice its ending. Then read the sentence.

1.	**safety**	She gave **safety** tips for bicycle riders.
2.	**loyalty**	Patriots show **loyalty** to the nation.
3.	**society**	We can all work to improve **society**.
4.	**security**	The bank had **security** guards on duty.
5.	**personality**	I admire her thoughtful **personality**.
6.	**university**	She teaches history at the **university**.
7.	**authority**	He has **authority** to enforce the law.
8.	**recognition**	He received **recognition** for his work.
9.	**description**	The poem has a **description** of spring.
10.	**introduction**	I made an **introduction** of the team.
11.	**certainty**	Warm weather in July is a **certainty**.
12.	**specialty**	Collages are the artist's **specialty**.
13.	**cruelty**	The club protested **cruelty** to animals.
14.	**publicity**	The **publicity** attracted big audiences.
15.	**electricity**	Our appliances are run by **electricity**.
16.	**reality**	The play shows fantasy, not **reality**.
17.	**subscription**	I renewed my magazine **subscription**.
18.	**retention**	My **retention** of history facts is good.
19.	**intention**	The team has the **intention** of winning.
20.	**reduction**	The sale price shows a big **reduction**.

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20. _____

CHALLENGE!

subtlety
technicality
hospitality
deception
acquisition

PRACTICE Sort the words by writing
- seven words that end in **-tion**
- seven words that end in **-ity**
- six words that end in **-ty**

WRITE Choose three sentences to include in a paragraph

ANTONYMS Write the list word that means the opposite of each word below. Use the Spelling Dictionary for help.

1. kindness
2. conclusion
3. danger
4. fantasy
5. insecurity
6. disloyalty
7. enlargement
8. uncertainty

CONTEXT CLUES Write the list word that completes each sentence.

9. If you have a good ___ people probably like you.
10. Their work for peace will benefit all of ___.
11. During storms, a ___ pond holds water to prevent flooding.
12. She received the award in ___ for her volunteer work.
13. When a restaurant has a ___, many people order it.
14. There should be a person in ___ in any organization.
15. If you want people to know about your product, use ___.
16. Without ___ we couldn't turn on the lights.
17. If you lose your dog, post a ___ in the paper.
18. Never make it your ___ to deliberately hurt someone.
19. If you have a hobby, order a ___ to a hobby magazine.
20. People who want a higher education may go to a ___.

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18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Add the ending to each word to make a new word. Remember: one or more letters may change when the ending is added.

Add – tion

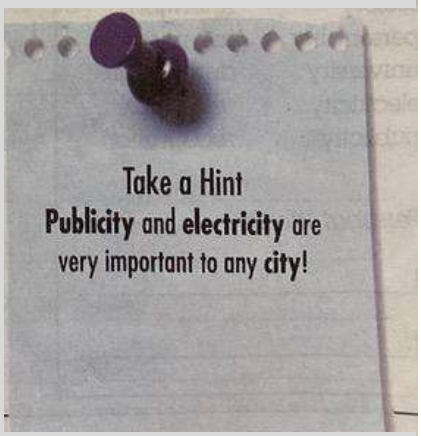
21. inscribe _____

22. reduce _____

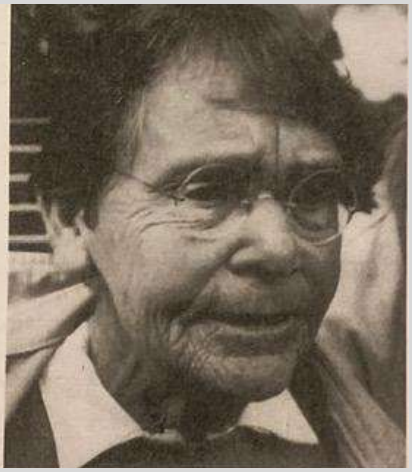
Add – ity

23. real _____

24. hostile _____



PROOFREADING AND WRITING



≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
^	Add something.
ℓ	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR USAGE Using more than one negative word in a sentence is called a **double negative**. For example:

> For years, Barbara McClintock didn't receive ~~no~~ scientific recognition.

Check for Double Negatives Read each sentence. Write the word you would take out to correct any double negatives. If a sentence is correct, write "Correct."

1. McClintock believed that DNA was not never fixed in place. 1. _____
2. Her fellow scientists didn't have no respect for her work. 2. _____
3. Experiments in the 1970s proved that DNA jumped around. 3. _____
4. She received the 1983 Nobel Prize for her research on corn. 4. _____
5. She wasn't at ease with the fame the prize brought. 5. _____

PROOFREAD A REPORT Find five misspelled words and write them correctly. Fix two double negatives.

Barbara McClintock didn't ~~never~~ think a career in science was a ~~se~~certainty. However, socity didn't have any intenshen of encouraging women in such pursuits. For years, she couldn't get no support for her research at a major universty, but she never gave up. Science owes alot to McClintock.

Word List

certainty	authority
specialty	security
cruelty	reality
safety	subscription
loyalty	introduction
society	retention
personality	intention
university	description
electricity	reduction
publicity	recognition

Personal Words

1. _____

2. _____

WRITE A REPORT Write about a person you think made a difference. Use two list words and one personal word.

Review

DEFINITIONS Write the boxed word that matches each clue.

1. a picture in words
2. a knowing again or being identified
3. an institution of learning beyond high school
4. the first part of a book or speech
5. a showing of faithfulness
6. a guard responsible for the safety of people or property
7. the person or group that has the right to control or command
8. freedom from harm or danger
9. the qualities that make someone different from another
10. a group of people joined together for a common purpose or by a common interest

safety	university
loyalty	authority
society	recognition
security	description
personality	introduction

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Word Study

LATIN ROOTS: *scrib, script* The words *describe* and *subscription* come from the Latin **scrib** (sometimes written **script**), meaning "write." The words in the box all come from this root.

Write the words from the box to complete the word web. Use the Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

scribble
script
subscribe
transcribe

"copy in writing"
_____

"write or draw hastily or carelessly"
_____

scrib, script— "write"

"accept and pay for a magazine or newspaper"
_____

"Word and directions for a play"
_____

Use one of the words from the web to complete each sentence.

5. The court reporter will ___ your description.
6. I always ___ drawings on a pad while talking on the phone.
7. She wrote the director's suggestions on her ___.
8. The new library will ___ to hundreds of different magazines.

5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____

Irregular Plurals

SPELLING FOCUS

Most plurals are formed by adding **-s** or **-es.** However, usually change **f** or **fe** to **v** before adding **es: yourselves.** Make the main word plural in hyphenated compounds: **brothers-in-law.** Some plurals are the same as the singular: **series.** Some have a new form: **bacterium, bacteria.**

STUDY Notice whether the plural differs from the base word.

handcuff	1. **handcuffs**
chef	2. **chefs**
zero	3. **zeros**
torpedo	4. **torpedoes**
yourself	5. **yourselves**
bookshelf	6. **bookshelves**
brother-in-law	7. **brothers-in-law**
series	8. **series**
bacterium	9. **bacteria**
medium	10. **media**

portfolio	11. **portfolios**
avocado	12. **avocados**
cargo	13. **cargoes**
motto	14. **mottoes**
calf	15. **calves**
great-uncle	16. **great-uncles**
aircraft	17. **aircraft**
alumnus	18. **alumni**
datum	19. **data**
oasis	20. **oases**

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15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

CHALLENGE!

dynamos
innuendoes
curricula
nuclei
fungi

PRACTICE Sort by writing three plurals in which **f** changed to **v**, ten in which just **-s** or **-es** was added, two that match their singular form, and five other plurals not formed with **-s** or **-es.**

WRITE Choose ten words to write in sentences.

DRAWING CONCLUSIONS Write the list word that matches each clue. Use the Spelling Dictionary for help.

1. Add a million of these together and you'll still have nothing.
2. These are welcome sights to desert travelers.
3. A police officer uses these to restrain criminals.
4. Smash these up to make a delicious guacamole.
5. These people know what herbs and spices are all about.
6. When these grow up, they moo a lot.
7. When these travel, they travel underwater.
8. "Think before you speak" and "Be prepared" are these.
9. Your favorite reading material can be stored on these.

WORD FORMS Write the plural forms of the words in parentheses.

10. Television, radio, and newspapers make up the (medium).
11. Be sure to use commas to separate items in a (series).
12. All of you need to take better care of (yourself).
13. Two of my (great-uncle) will be at the family reunion.
14. Collect more (datum) before you draw conclusions.
15. Hand in your writing (portfolio) on Monday.
16. Those geese flying in V-formation look like (aircraft).
17. Certain species of (bacterium) cause diseases.
18. Supertankers with (cargo) of petroleum have docked.
19. My sisters' husbands are my (brother-in-law).
20. Some (alumnus) donate money to their colleges.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
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6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

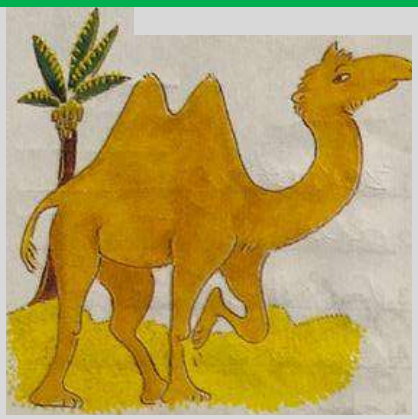
Form the plurals of *crisis, radius, headquarters,* and *sister-in-law.* Remember what you learned. Use the Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

21. _____ 23. _____

22. _____ 24. _____

Did You Know?
Avocados have the highest number of calories of any fruit!

PROOFREADIN AND WRITING



≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
ℯ	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR USAGE Notice how the writer corrected this mistake in a diary.

First we lost our map. Then we ~~ran~~ ran out ∧ of water.

Since the event took place in the past, both verbs should be in the past tense. Don't change verb tense without a good reason.

Check Verb Tense If the underlined verb is correct, write "Correct." If it's not, write it correctly.

1. After that, a hot wind comes and blew sand at us.
2. Then a series of truly unfortunate events happened.
3. One camel went lame and another stops for a rest.
4. I got sand in my eyes. Then it gets in my ears.
5. I couldn't see or hear, and my throat aches.

PROOFREAD A TRAVEL DIARY Correct the five misspelled words. Also fix two mistakes with verb tense.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

We knew there were two oasises nearby, but we look everwhere and all we saw was sand. "You must help yourselfs now," our guide said. Suddenly we spot two aircrafts overhead. My brother-in-laws had found us!

Word List

yourselves	torpedoes
bookshelves	cargoes
calves	mottoes
handcuffs	data
chefs	bacteria
zeros	alumni
portfolios	oases
brothers-in-law	media
great-uncles	series
avocados	aircraft

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

WRITE A TRAVEL DIARY Write a diary entry about a trip you took. Use three list words and two personal words.

Review

CONTEXT CLUES Use the context in each sentence to help you write the correct word from the box.

handcuffs	bookshelves
chefs	brothers-in-law
zeros	series
torpedoes	bacteria
yourselves	media

1. A powerful microscope is needed to see dangerous ___.
2. I have found that ___ are useful for storing many things besides books.
3. It took several ___ of numbers before we saw the pattern.
4. The submarine carried many ___ to sink enemy ships.
5. Both large numbers and small numbers may include many ___.
6. The fire chief yelled to the men, "Get out and save ___!"
7. The police used ___ to keep the prisoners from escaping.
8. All my uncles, my mom's ___, came to the family party.
9. The ___ falsely say that they merely report the news but are not responsible for making news.
10. The cooking contest attracted many great ___

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Multicultural Connection

LANGUAGES Many English words come from **Spanish**, the official language of Spain, Mexico, and most of Central and South America. In the box are six words derived from Spanish.

avocado	hammock
cargo	maize
hurricane	savanna

Words that come into another language usually change spelling but often resemble the original word. Write the English word from the box that comes from each Spanish word below.

1. *sabana*
2. *huracán*
3. *cargar*
4. *hamaca*
5. *aguacate*
6. *maíz*

Write the word from the box that each sentence refers to. You may need to use your Spelling Dictionary.

7. This word names the corn grown by Indians in Mexico and Central America at the time of Spanish colonization.
8. This word originated on Haiti, an island where the tropical storm this word names can cause death and destruction.
9. This word names a treeless plain found in parts of tropical North, South, and Central America.
10. This word names a lightweight hanging bed made of cord or rope, often found in tropical countries.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Plural or Possessive?

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

SPELLING FOCUS

Form possessives in these ways: singular nouns—add an apostrophe (') and **s: niece's;** plural nouns ending with **s**—add an apostrophe: **countries';** plural nouns *not* ending with **s**—add **'s: salesmen's.** Don't add an apostrophe to form a possessive pronoun or a plural noun: **its, nieces.**

STUDY Note which words are plural and which possessive.

1.	**niece's**	She attended her **niece's** wedding.
2.	**nieces'**	I sent gifts for my **nieces'** births.
3.	**nieces**	He took his three **nieces** to the zoo.
4.	**country's**	We elected our **country's** leaders.
5.	**countries'**	She helped many **countries'** citizens.
6.	**countries**	We toured three **countries.**
7.	**salesman's**	He received a **salesman's** phone call.
8.	**salesmen's**	I listened to many **salesmen's** appeals.
9.	**its**	The cat wanted **its** food.
10.	**ours**	The car in the garage is **ours.**
11.	**Mr. Murphy's**	Dan used **Mr. Murphy's** lawn mower.
12.	**Murphys**	The **Murphys** gave a big party.
13.	**witness's**	One **witness's** story shocked the jury.
14.	**witnesses'**	Five **witnesses'** stories were heard.
15.	**witnesses**	The lawyer called seven **witnesses.**
16.	**secretary's**	A **secretary's** help is invaluable.
17.	**secretaries'**	He raised the **secretaries'** salaries.
18.	**secretaries**	The **secretaries** shared a large office.
19.	**theirs**	This computer is **theirs.**
20.	**hers**	She put **hers** in the closet.

PRACTICE Sort the words by writing five plural nouns, then four possessive pronouns, then six singular possessive nouns, and finally five plural possessive nouns.

WRITE Choose ten words to write in sentences.

CHALLENGE!

congress's
congresses
communities'
communities
April Fools' Day

CONTEXT Write the correct form of the word in parentheses to complete each sentence.

1. Both of my (niece) birthdays are in August.
2. Is this your coat or is it (her)?
3. Several (country) ambassadors met at the opening of the peace conference.
4. The four (witnesses) testimony helped convict the defendant of the robbery charge.
5. The cabin was (our) for the entire week!
6. The (secretary) notebook was in the lost-and-found.
7. Aunt Loretta made her (niece) wedding dress.
8. How did this (salesman) order book get so wet?
9. The mare helped (it) foal cross the river.
10. That bat is (their), not yours.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

FORMING PLURALS AND POSSESSIVES Follow the directions at the top of each list to write the correct list word.

Form the Plural

11. Murphy
12. country
13. niece
14. witness
15. secretary

Form the Possessive

16. Mr. Murphy
17. secretaries
18. witness
19. country
20. salesmen

11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Write the correct forms of each of these words to complete the chart: *calf, library, avocado.*

Singular Possessive	Plural Possessive
21. _____	24. _____
22. _____	25. _____
23. _____	26. _____

Take a Hint
Confused whether to write "The dog ate its bone" or "The dog ate it's bone"? Read the sentence using "it is" and if that sounds right, you need the apostrophe.

PROOFRREADING AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
⌒	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

PROOFREAD FOR PUNCTUATION Abbreviations that are titles, dates, addresses, and initials need periods. For example:

To: Ms L Uchida, Ph D.
1402 Dodge St

Check Abbreviations Find the five mistakes with abbreviations below. Write the abbreviations correctly.

From: Dr Dan R Tynan
Subject: Our secretaries' time off
Date: Aug 20

As you know, Mr Val Halsted and Ms Doris Gaines were witnesses to an accident. As a result, they must spend this week testifying in court.

PROOFREAD A MEMO Correct the five misspelled words. Also fix one error with abbreviations.

I realize that you and Mr Murphy believe it's a secretarys duty to be at work, but isn't it all ways a witnesses' duty to testify? Our company has it's rules, but I think we must let these secretary's testify without losing a day's pay.

WRITE A REPLY Pretend you are Mr. Murphy or Ms. Uchida. Write a memo telling Dr. Tynan what you think of his suggestion. Use three list words and a personal word.

Word List

its	salesmen's
ours	secretaries
theirs	secretary's
hers	secretaries'
Murphys	witnesses
Mr. Murphy's	witness's
nieces	witnesses'
niece's	countries
nieces'	country's
salesman's	countries'

Personal Words

_____

_____

Review

DEFINITIONS Write the word from the box that means the same as each phrase below.

1. belonging to a sister's daughters
2. of two or more sellers
3. more than one nation
4. belonging to us
5. a brother's daughters
6. of a nation
7. of a seller
8. belonging to a thing
9. belonging to several nations
10. belonging to a sister's daughter

niece's	countries
nieces'	salesman's
nieces	salesmen's
country's	its
countries'	ours

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Word Study

CLIPPED WORDS One of a secretary's duties is to type memos. *Memo* is a shortened form of *memorandum,* just as *piano* and *bus* are shortened forms of *pianoforte* and *omnibus*. We call these short forms **clipped words.**

You'll find more clipped words in the box. The longer words they came from are the numbered words in the silly story below. Replace these longer words with their clipped forms.

gas	tend	van	scram	flu	pants
wig	fortnight	phone	cab	mum	

My doorbell rang at 3 A.M. a (1) fourteen nights ago. Zip, I pulled on my pleated (2) pantaloons and rushed to answer the door while adjusting my pesky (3) periwig, which had slid over my eyes. It was Murphy. He stopped by to tell me about his bossy niece. She had a case of (4) influenza, so he'd caught a (5) cabriolet and rushed over to (6) attend to her needs. "Water my (7) chrysanthemum," she'd ordered. "Answer the (8) telephone. Put (9) gasoline in the (10) caravan—" "Wait a minute, Murphy," I said. "I must get some sleep, so (11) scramble. I'll see you tomorrow."

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____

Review

Lesson 7: Words with No Sound Clues
Lesson 8: Related Words 1
Lesson 9: Endings -ty, -ity, -tion
Lesson 10: Irregular Plurals
Lesson 11: Plural or Possessive?

REVIEW WORD LIST

1. audience
2. Delaware
3. diamond
4. disgusted
5. elementary
6. juvenile
7. mathematics
8. memory
9. miniature
10. really
11. recognize
12. restaurant
13. tournament
14. usually
15. victim
16. academy
17. combination
18. combine
19. crime
20. criminal
21. depart
22. departure
23. except
24. imitate
25. inspiration
26. participate
27. regulate
28. authority
29. introduction
30. personality
31. publicity
32. safety
33. society
34. subscription
35. university
36. aircraft
37. alumni
38. avocados
39. chefs
40. data
41. great-uncles
42. media
43. series
44. countries
45. country's
46. its
47. nieces
48. ours
49. theirs
50. witness's

PROOFREADING

Find the spelling errors in each passage and write the words correctly. All passages have seven errors except the last one, which has eight.

PROOFREAD A SCHEDULE

Schedule for Class Trip

9 A.M. diparchur from lot behind ball dimond
10 A.M. arrival at Art Institute and tour of miniture rooms
Noon lunch at restrant in Art Institute
1 P.M. Bus A will dipart for zoo.
Bus B will return to school. All students who will partisapat in the soccer tournement should be on Bus B!
3 P.M. Bus A returns to school.

Students will not be allowed on buses without parental approval slips.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD A BOOK REVIEW

Great Sports Stories

Kim Nakimura

My favorite book is Great Sports Stories by Clyde Hanson. One story was about a player who was discusted with the medea publisity he usally received about his private life and quit baseball. Another one was about a universty player injured in a football game. His efforts to recover from that injury were realy inspiring. The funniest story was about one countrys swimming team in the Olympics. Anyone who likes sports should read this.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD A FRIENDLY LETTER

August 19, 2002

Dear Tracey,

As you know, we are visiting in delaware. Our trip has been great exept for the weather. At our family reunion, I met my grandmother, two grate uncles (her brothers), and some of Mom's neices—my cousins. I met my cousins before, but this time I didn't reconize them. They go to a science acadamy. At the airport, we picked up some luggage that we thought was our's, but it wasn't! I wound up with some pretty strange outfits, but we got it all straightened out.

Love,

Jennifer

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD A NEWS STORY

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

August 16, 19__ **The Clarion** Page 5

Robbery on Redwood Drive

Students heard the first in a series of talks last week on how to help prevent crim and regulate behavior around the school. Two police officers told the adience that so far there has been some crimanal activity, including one robbery on Redwood Drive. The victdom, according to one witnesses' story, was an elementry school student. who had been showing friends money he had gotten as birthday gifts. Students were warned "Don't become juvinile statistics!"

PROOFREAD A MYTH

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

Daedalus and Icarus

A wise man named Daedalus was put into prison by King Minos. His son Icarus was in prison with him. One day Daedalus had an insperation. He gathered hundreds of feathers, sewed them together, covered them with wax, and made wings for himself and his son. "We will imitat the birds," he said to Icarus, and off they flew over the prison walls. Then Daedalus told Icarus to regyulate his flight so that he flew neither too high nor too low. Icarus knew that his father was worried about his safty, and he respected his father's athority, but nevertheless he flew higher and higher. Soon he could see many countries'. "Surely my father won't mind if I fly a little higher," he said to himself. "Birds fly high, and my wings are better than theres." Icarus had forgotten one thing, however. His wings were covered with wax. When he flew too close to the sun, the wax melted and the wings fell apart.

PROOFREAD A SURVEY

We are gathering datas for some possible changes next year.

1. What is your favorite school subject?

English social studies mathmatics

science health other _____

2. Would you be interested in a course that would combin science and math?

Yes No Maybe

3. Would you be interested in a seres of music appreciation classes in combanation with concerts?

Yes No Maybe

4. Would you be interested in joining a drama club or sociaty if it's meetings were held after school?

Yes No Maybe

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD AN ADVERTISEMENT

Students! Take advantage of a discount subscripshun now!

For a limited time, this can be your interduction to an exciting new magazine. Features in upcoming issues that we know you will want to read include these:

quiz on determining your personalty type
easy recipes from famous chef's
directions for building model air craft
tips on improving your memorie
profiles of famous university alumnuses
how to grow the seeds of avocadoes

There's much more. Act now!

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8. _____

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18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Vowels in Final Syllables

SPELLING FOCUS

Vowels in final syllables often sound alike even when they are spelled differently, because they have the **schwa** sound (/ə/): **hospital, acceptable; abandon, cardigan; murmur, interior.**

STUDY Read each word and sentence. Notice how the final vowel sound is spelled in each word.

1.	**hospital**	Many doctors work in the **hospital.**
2.	**vertical**	The refrigerator must remain **vertical.**
3.	**acceptable**	A messy paper is not **acceptable.**
4.	**multiple**	The patient had **multiple** broken bones.
5.	**abandon**	I won't **abandon** a friend in trouble.
6.	**comparison**	I made a **comparison** of the two plays.
7.	**cardigan**	She wore a **cardigan** sweater.
8.	**murmur**	I heard a **murmur** of quiet voices.
9.	**interior**	Two doors lead to the home's **interior.**
10.	**ancestor**	His **ancestor** came from Italy in 1700.
11.	**identical**	The two are similar but not **identical.**
12.	**logical**	He reached a **logical** conclusion.
13.	**impartial**	The judge must be **impartial.**
14.	**rectangle**	She drew a square and a **rectangle.**
15.	**companion**	My dog is a good **companion.**
16.	**suburban**	This **suburban** area is near the city.
17.	**metropolitan**	The region is rural, not **metropolitan.**
18.	**sulfur**	I smell **sulfur** after a match goes out.
19.	**sponsor**	The show has ads from its **sponsor.**
20.	**superior**	We were proud of our **superior** work.

CHALLENGE!

acquittal
quadruple
chameleon
amphibian
endeavor

PRACTICE Sort the words by writing eight words that end in **al** or **le**, then six words that end in **an** or **on**, and, finally, six words that end in **ur** or **or**.

WRITE Choose three sentences to include in a paragraph.

ANALOGIES Write the list word that completes each analogy.

1. Guest is to motel as patient is to ___.
2. A nickel's shape is to circle as a dollar bill's shape is to ___.
3. Inside is to outside as ___ is to exterior.
4. Up is to down as horizontal is to ___.
5. Parka is to jacket as ___ is to sweater.
6. Shout is to yell as whisper is to ___.
7. Excellent is to poor as ___ is to inferior.
8. Advertiser is to billboard as ___ is to TV commercial.
9. Towns and villages are to rural areas as cities and suburbs are to ___ areas.

WORD ASSOCIATION Write the list word suggested by each group of words.

10. earlier generation, forefather, long ago
11. friend, comrade, sidekick
12. mineral, flammable, yellow
13. fair, just, not prejudiced
14. a lot, several, many
15. leave, desert, give up
16. sensible, reasonable, rational
17. agreeable, satisfactory, alright
18. not urban, not rural
19. mirror image, exactly alike, same
20. likeness, similarity, difference

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Sometimes it helps to study longer words piece by piece. Write *metropolitan*, *interior*, *companion*, and *comparison*. Draw lines to break them into smaller parts. Study the parts.

21. _____
22. _____
23. _____
24. _____

Did You Know?
The word *cardigan* comes from the seventh Earl of *Cardigan*, a British officer in the Crimean War in 1855, supposedly because he wore one.

PROOFREADING AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
ℓ	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR PUNCTUATION Use a colon to introduce three or more items.

The Grace High Action Council is now recruiting volunteers for these projects: hospital work, food distribution, and child care.

Check Colons Correct the sentences below by writing the colon and the word it follows.

1. Volunteers will be accepted in these numbers ten in child care, ten at local hospitals, and six to do food distribution.
2. Qualifications are as follows sincere commitment, parental consent, acceptable grades, and teacher recommendation.
3. Volunteers do three things commit to one year's service, work three hours per week, and help with recruitment.

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

PROOFREAD A PARAGRAPH Find the four misspelled words in the paragraph and write them correctly. The errors may be words you learned before. Find two errors involving colons.

After looking into many projects, were certain that these are the most lojical. The metropoliten food program includes the following urban relief, subrban food drives, and combined programs. Hospital work involves: serving food and being a companion to the homebound.

Word List

acceptable	comparison
ancestor	logical
abandon	interior
hospital	vertical
multiple	metropolitan
sulfur	impartial
rectangle	companion
suburban	cardigan
sponsor	murmur
identical	superior

Personal Words

1. _____

2. _____

WRITE A PARAGRAPH Which of the projects would you volunteer for? Write a paragraph about it. Include your reasons.

Review

DRAWING CONCLUSIONS Write the word from the box that fits each clue.

hospital	comparison
vertical	cardigan
acceptable	murmur
multiple	interior
abandon	ancestor

1. This would annoy a teacher who wants a silent room. _____
2. You could wear this if you were cold. _____
3. This is what you should do to a burning building. _____
4. You would go here if you were very ill. _____
5. Clothes with this kind of stripes make you look taller. _____
6. Your great-grandmother is one. _____
7. You make this before deciding which of two radios to buy. _____
8. This is the part of a box where you store things. _____
9. Twins or triplets are this kind of birth. _____
10. If you have a taste for an orange, a banana might not be this _____

Multicultural Connection

FAMILY TREES Throughout history, people have kept track of their ancestors through **family trees.** A family tree is a chart that shows how all members of a family—going back to great-great-grandparents and before—are related. Some families keep carefully written records, while others rely on elders to tell stories.

Answer the questions about the family tree below.

1. When was Angela's grandfather Bernardo born?

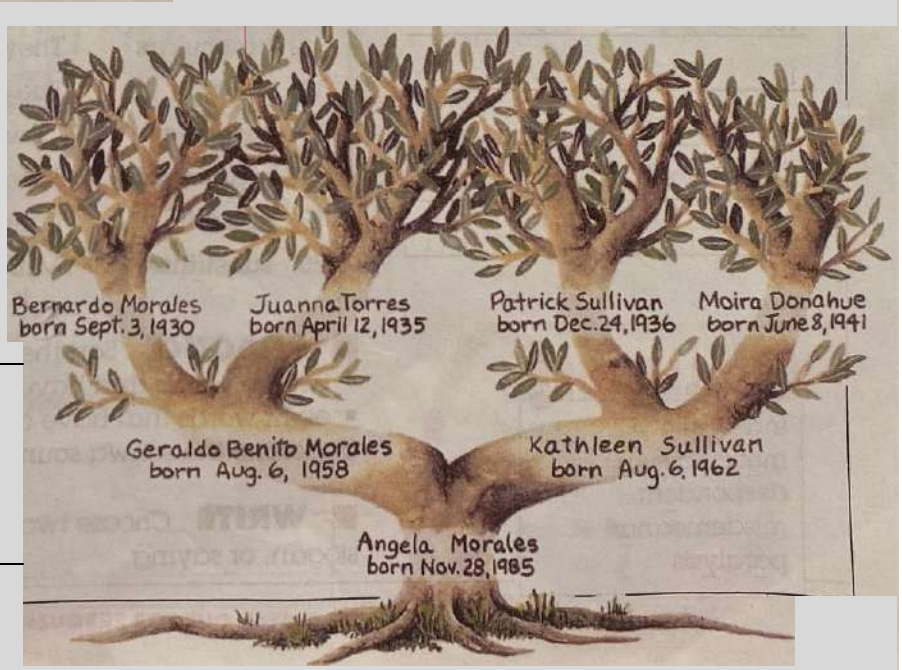
_____

2. What is the name of Angela's grandmother on her mother's side?

_____

3. How old was Angela's mother when Angela was born?

_____



Vowels in Unstressed Syllables

SPELLING FOCUS

In many unstressed syllables, the vowel sound you hear is a schwa /ə/. It gives no clue to its spelling: **vitamin.**

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

STUDY Read each word and sentence. Notice that the underlined vowels have the same sound—that of the **schwa.**

1. **vitamin**	That **vitamin** is found in carrots.
2. **medicine**	She took **medicine** for her illness.
3. **continent**	Pandas live on the **continent** of Asia.
4. **material**	The shirt is made of a light **material.**
5. **probably** *	It will **probably** rain today.
6. **opinion**	You can state your **opinion** in class.
7. **Saturday** *	They went to a movie on **Saturday.**
8. **treasure**	Jewels were part of the **treasure.**
9. **finally** *	We **finally** finished the project.
10. **popular**	Books are a **popular** gift.

11. **bulletin**	We put our work on the **bulletin** board.
12. **competition**	She entered a chess **competition.**
13. **invitation**	He accepted the party **invitation.**
14. **literal**	His story was symbolic, not **literal.**
15. **binoculars**	They used **binoculars** to see the owl.
16. **senator**	The **senator** proposed a new law.
17. **cemetery**	I saw old tombstones in the **cemetery.**
18. **ingredients**	The soup contains five **ingredients.**
19. **episode**	I missed the last **episode** of the show.
20. **substitute**	Margarine can be a **substitute** for butter.

CHALLENGE!

indecision
meticulous
despondent
misdemeanor
paralysis

PRACTICE Sort the words by writing
- twelve words that have two or three schwa sounds
- eight words that have one schwa sound

Underline the schwa sounds in each word.

WRITE Choose two sentences to write in an advertisement, slogan, or saying.

* WATCH OUT FOR FREQUENTLY MISSPELLED WORDS!

MAKING INFERENCES Write the list word that fits each clue.

1. Recipes contain lists of these.
2. Your parents may vote for this person.
3. A country is located on one of these.
4. You'll see this on TV if a severe storm is coming.
5. You might receive this if someone is having a party.
6. Legends say you'll find this at the end of a rainbow.
7. This person teaches you when your own teacher is sick.
8. Bird watchers and spies use these.
9. This is the day you can spend time with friends.
10. A doctor prescribes this to cure a particular illness.
11. Some people take one of these each day to be healthy.

DEFINITIONS Write the list word that means the same as the underlined word or phrase in each sentence.

12. She described the most important incident in the novel.
13. The plane came out of the fog and at last touched down.
14. In my judgment, that jacket looks terrific on you.
15. Some people understand only the exact meaning of words.
16. We almost certainly will go to the game this weekend.
17. The soldier's family visited the graveyard on Memorial Day.
18. The countertop is made of a substance that resists stains.
19. The soccer match was marked by fierce rivalry.
20. His sense of humor makes him liked at school.

1. _____
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11. _____
12. _____
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14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

medicate medicinal medic

21. Write the list word that is related to the words in the box. Then write the word that fits each definition.
22. a doctor or medical student
23. having use or value as medicine
24. to treat with medicine

21. _____ 23. _____

22. _____ 24. _____

FREQUENTLY MISSPELLED WORDS
Students often misspell **Saturday.** It may help to remember that *Saturday* means "day of Saturn," the Roman god for whom the planet was also named.

PROOFREDING AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
⌒	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR USAGE ONLY adjectives modify nouns or pronouns. ONLY adverbs modify verbs. For example:

Do supervisors expect you to perform ~~good~~ well?
[*Well*, an adverb, modifies the verb *perform*.]

Do you feel ~~badly~~ bad when you are criticized?
[*Bad*, an adjective, modifies the noun *you*.]

Check Adjectives and Adverbs Correct errors using adjectives and adverbs.

1. Do you like to do your job good and get a bonus?
2. Does your manager listen good when you give opinions?
3. Would you stay home or come to work if you felt badly?
4. Do you feel well that you can work after school?
5. Does it bother you when fellow workers perform bad?

PROOFREAD A QUESTIONNAIRE Correct five misspelled words. Also fix two mistakes with adverbs or adjectives.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

✓ *What is your opinon on after-school jobs?*

✓ *Are jobs at fast-food places populer?*

✓ *Do employees their get paid good?*

✓ *Are part-time employees treated bad?*

✓ *Would you probaly like to work on a Saterday?*

Word List

probably	ingredients
Saturday	episode
treasure	invitation
binoculars	medicine
finally	literal
senator	continent
vitamin	material
bulletin	opinion
cemetery	popular
competition	substitute

Personal Words

1. _____

2. _____

WRITE A QUESTIONNAIRE Write a questionnaire on an issue that interests you. Ask classmates to answer it. Then compare results. Use two list words and a personal word.

Review

ANALOGIES Write the word from the box that best completes each analogy.

vitamin	opinion
medicine	Saturday
continent	treasure
material	finally
probably	popular

1. Well-known is to famous as well-liked is to ___.
2. Gold is to garbage as ___ is to trash.
3. Zinc is to mineral as C is to ___.
4. Perhaps is to ___ as definitely is to yes.
5. "Rocks are dense" is to fact as "Rocks are pretty" is to ___.
6. Optical shop is to glasses as drugstore is to ___.
7. Words are to writing as ___ is to construction.
8. Beginning is to ending as first is to ___.
9. December is to year as ___ is to week.
10. Island is to lake as ___ is to ocean.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Word Study

FORMAL AND INFORMAL ENGLISH A senator uses formal English when addressing the members of Congress, but a student talking to friends uses **informal English**—for example, "It's really important that you come to this meeting, guys." That same student running for student council president might say, "It is with great concern that I urge you to attend this function."

The words you choose in writing as well as in speaking should suit your audience and purpose. Read each pair of sentences and write "F" if the wording is "Formal" or "I" if the wording is "Informal."

1. a. I cannot honor your invitation because my vehicle is unusable.
   b. I can't come over because my bike has a flat.
2. a. Lousy weather kept the plane from leaving.
   b. Inclement weather postponed the plane's departure.

Read these two sentences. First, write whether the sentence is "Formal" (F) or "Informal" (I). Then write the formal sentence using informal English and the informal sentence using formal English

3. Please, allow me to assist you in your time of need.
4. Don't bother me!

1 a _____

1 b _____

2 a _____

2 b _____

3. _____

4. _____

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
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18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Greek Word Parts

SPELLING FOCUS

Many words are formed from the Greek word parts **micro-**, meaning "small"; **-logy**, meaning "study of"; and **astro-** or **aster-**, meaning "star": **microscope**, **ecology**, **astronaut**.

STUDY Read each word and sentence.

1.	**microscope**	He studied a virus with a **microscope.**
2.	**microchip**	The computer contains a **microchip.**
3.	**microwave**	I cooked dinner in a **microwave** oven.
4.	**ecology**	The scientist studied desert **ecology.**
5.	**biology**	We studied mammals in **biology.**
6.	**mythology**	Zeus was a god in Greek **mythology.**
7.	**technology**	X rays are part of medical **technology.**
8.	**astronaut**	The **astronaut** walked on the moon.
9.	**astronomy**	We studied planets in **astronomy** class.
10.	**disaster**	The earthquake was a serious **disaster.**
11.	**microcosm**	School may be a **microcosm** of society.
12.	**microbe**	The disease was caused by a **microbe.**
13.	**microfilm**	Some articles are stored on **microfilm.**
14.	**sociology**	We studied the **sociology** of city life.
15.	**geology**	She collected rocks on a **geology** trip.
16.	**etymology**	A dictionary has a word's **etymology.**
17.	**astrology**	Your sun sign is based on **astrology.**
18.	**astronomer**	The **astronomer** discovered a comet.
19.	**asteroid**	An **asteroid** orbited near Mars.
20.	**asterisk**	An **asterisk** indicates a footnote.

CHALLENGE!

microbiology
microminiature
meteorology
anthropology
astronomical

PRACTICE Sort the words by writing

- one word with both **astro-** and **-logy**
- seven other words with **-logy**
- six other words with **astro-** or **aster-**
- six words with **micro-**

WRITE Choose ten words to write in sentences.

WORD HISTORIES Write the list word that answers each question.

1. What word means "great misfortune"?
2. What word names a scientist who studies stars and planets?
3. What word names a part in a computer?
4. What word is from *asteroeides* meaning "minor planet"?
5. What word names a short radio wave?
6. What word names a crew member in a spacecraft?
7. What word names a film used to make tiny photographs?
8. What word (from *asterikos*) means a star-shaped mark?
9. What word (from *mikros* and *bios*) means "germ"?
10. What word names a magnifying instrument?
11. What word names the science studied by astronomers?
12. What word (from *mikros* and *kosmos*) means "little world"?

CLASSIFYING Use the clues in the first column with the word histories in the second column to write the correct list word.

13. environment, natural resources	*oikos + -logia*
14. plants, animals	*bios + -logia*
15. families, communities	*socius + -logia*
16. stars, predictions	*astron + -logia*
17. word origins, word histories	*etymon + -logia*
18. stories about gods, Greek stories	*mythos + -logia*
19. tools, inventions	*technē + -logia*
20. Earth's history, rock formations	*gē + -logia*

1. _____
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11. _____
12. _____
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14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Words with *-logy*
zoology
criminology
psychology

Write the word with **-logy** that fits each clue.

21. This science's name comes from *psyche*.
22. This subject studies lawbreakers.
23. This branch of biology concentrates on animals.

21. _____
22. _____
23. _____

Did You Know?
The great **astronomer** Copernicus was the first to demonstrate that the the planets revolve around the sun.

PROFFREADING AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
ℓ	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR CARELESS ERRORS Do not use capitals in words that don't need them. Capitalize the first word in a sentence, proper nouns and adjectives, and the pronoun *I*.

My ~~F~~riend Shawna and I gather mushrooms in the ~~S~~ummer. While ~~S~~he makes ~~S~~pore ~~P~~rints, I chart the ~~S~~tars.

Check Capitalization Read the sentences below and correct words that should not be capitalized.

1. Shawna and I are good Friends with different interests.
2. I like to study the Stars and planets and mythology.
3. Shawna is interested in plant Life and geology.
4. She enjoys investigating life on the Forest floor.
5. I prefer looking up to the Sky through my telescope.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

PROOFREAD A COMPARISON Correct five misspelled words. Fix five words that should not be capitalized.

I want to be an astronomer and Shawna prefers peering at a microb. That's know reason We can't be Best Friends. I gaze through my telescop with the dreams of an astronot, while She peers at Life's microcosm under a micrascop.

WRITE A COMPARISON Create a list comparing your interests to those of a friend. Write a paragraph based on your list. Use two list words and a personal word.

Word List

microscope
sociology
microbe
asteroid
biology
microcosm
astronaut
mythology
microchip
astronomy
geology
microwave
etymology
disaster
technology
asterisk
astronomer
ecology
microfilm
astrology

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

Review

MAKING CONNECTIONS Write the word from the box that best completes each unfinished sentence.

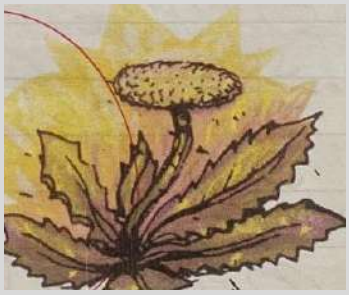
microscope	mythology
microchip	technology
microwave	astronaut
ecology	astronomy
biology	disaster

1. The tiny life in pond water becomes visible through a ___. 1. _____
2. Advances in ___ in the 1990s made the Internet possible. 2. _____
3. If fire follows an earthquake, the combination is a terrible ___. 3. _____
4. A study of ___ provides people with insights about the stars. 4. _____
5. Many homes now have ___ ovens. 5. _____
6. An emphasis on Earth's ___ has caused people to recycle more. 6. _____
7. Almost every early society had a ___ of gods and goddesses. 7. _____
8. With a new memory ___, a computer can operate faster. 8. _____
9. The internal systems of animals is studied in ___ class. 9. _____
10. On July 20, 1969, Neil Armstrong became the first ___ to step onto the moon. 10. _____

Word Study

CONTEXT: DEFINITIONS AND EXAMPLES You can often understand an unfamiliar word from its **context**—the words around it. Read the sentences below to understand how definitions and examples give you context clues to words.

The **etymology**, or word history, of *dandelion* is very interesting. (The word *etymology* may be unfamiliar, but the definition "word history" tells you that this is what it means.)



We studied **parasites** such as mites and lice using a microscope. (*Mites* and *lice*, the examples used in the context, tell you that these are kinds of parasites.)

Write the words that give the definition of each underlined word.

1. Try using a metronome to keep musical time. 1. _____
2. Down from an eider is softer than down from other ducks. 2. _____
3. Exercise is not a panacea—it is not a cure-all. 3. _____

The underlined words below are examples that give you clues to the meaning of other words in each sentence. Write the word or words being explained through examples.

4. Cows and horses are domestic ungulates. Another hoofed animal is the wild rhinoceros. 4. _____
5. Percussion instruments, such as the kettle drum and cymbals, are important to an orchestra's rhythm. 5. _____
6. Roses come in many hues, from red to pink to yellow. 6. _____

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18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Words with -ice, -ise, -ize

SPELLING FOCUS

The sound /īz/ can be spelled **ize** or **ise: memorize, advertise.** The sound /īs/ can be spelled **ice** or **ise: sacrifice, paradise.** The sound /is/ is spelled **ice: notice.**

STUDY Say each word and sentence. Take special notice of the last three letters of each word.

1.	**memorize**	Let's **memorize** the dates for the test.
2.	**organize**	I'll **organize** the shoes in my closet.
3.	**specialize**	The cafe will **specialize** in desserts.
4.	**advertise**	The store will **advertise** on TV.
5.	**compromise**	They will **compromise** to avoid a fight.
6.	**supervise**	Counselors will **supervise** the campers.
7.	**paradise**	The lovely beach is like a **paradise.**
8.	**sacrifice**	I will **sacrifice** my time to practice.
9.	**notice**	Did you **notice** anything unusual?
10.	**justice**	The jury wants **justice** for the victim.
11.	**sympathize**	I **sympathize** with her sadness.
12.	**civilize**	A king tried to **civilize** the savages.
13.	**socialize**	Everyone likes to **socialize** at lunch.
14.	**legalize**	The town should **legalize** horse racing.
15.	**enterprise**	Her new **enterprise** was a restaurant.
16.	**improvise**	The acting students like to **improvise.**
17.	**merchandise**	The shop's **merchandise** includes toys.
18.	**prejudice**	She had a **prejudice** against seafood.
19.	**apprentice**	He learned the trade as an **apprentice.**
20.	**cowardice**	Soldiers don't want to show **cowardice.**

CHALLENGE!

characterize
individualize
enfranchise
accomplice
solstice

PRACTICE Sort the words by writing

- six words that end in **-ice**
- seven words that end in **-ise**
- seven words that end in **-ize**

WRITE Choose three sentences to include in a paragra

WORD BUILDING Write a list word by adding either **-ice**, **-ise**, or **-ize** to the base words below.

1. sympathy
2. prejudge
3. legal
4. note
5. civil
6. social
7. just
8. special
9. memory
10. coward
11. improve

CONTEXT CLUES Write the list word that completes each sentence.

12. They feel they are in ____ since they retired to Hawaii.
13. Starting a tutoring service was a great business ____ for Tim.
14. Try to ____ your fiction and nonfiction writing into folders.
15. She had to ____ many things to put three of her children through college.
16. We need a trustworthy person to ____ the playground.
17. The store displayed a wide array of holiday ____.
18. You need to ____ to let people know about your new gourmet restaurant.
19. The two countries did agree to ____ on the issues in order to avoid war.
20. After graduation, he worked as an ____ to an architect.

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12. _____
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14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

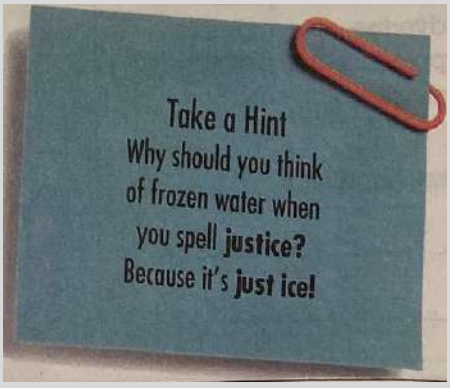
Add **-ize** to each base word to make a new word. Remember: when an ending that begins with a vowel is added to a word that ends with a consonant and **y**, the **y** is dropped.

21. apology _____

22. italic _____

23. citric _____

24. energy _____



PROOFREADING AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
⌒	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR CAPITALIZATION In business letters, capitalize words in the heading, inside address, and the greeting and closing. For example:

1638 east park place

bend, or 97701

Check Capitalization Correct the five errors in capitalization in the passage below by writing the words correctly.

Dear sir or madam:

I am writing to tell you how delighted I am with your product. I tried out clock mart, timeland, and Techno City, without success.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

PROOFREAD A BUSINESS LETTER Correct five misspelled words in this letter. Also fix three errors in capitalization.

I had to sacrafice toys and movies to by the Upinattum clock, but I wouldn't comprimise. It does what you advertize. I wake up to the sounds of a Caribbean paridice one day and a ball game the next.

yours truly,

don marley

WRITE A BUSINESS LETTER Write a letter complaining to or praising the makers of a product. Use proper business-letter form, as described on page 245 of your Writer's Handbook.

Word List

merchandise	socialize
sympathize	compromise
prejudice	cowardice
sacrifice	supervise
legalize	specialize
notice	improvise
civilize	justice
advertise	organize
apprentice	paradise
enterprise	memorize

Personal Words

1. _____

2. _____

Review

MEANING CONNECTIONS Write the word in the box that means the same as the words in each of the following.

1. a place of great beauty or happiness
2. come to an agreement in which each side gives up something
3. learn by heart, commit to the mind
4. pursue a special branch of study or knowledge
5. give up
6. make known, publicize
7. watch over, manage
8. observe, see
9. arrange, put together
10. fairness

memorize	supervise
organize	paradise
specialize	sacrifice
advertise	notice
compromise	justice

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Word Study

LATIN AND GREEK ROOTS: GOVERNMENT WORDS Most of our ideas about democracy and government come to us from the Greeks and Romans, and so do many of the words we use about politics. The list word *civilize* comes from the Latin word *civis*, meaning "citizen." Most words with *civ* in them have something to do with *"citizen."*

Write a word from the box to answer each question below. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

1. Which word contains *dēmos*, meaning "people," and *crat*, meaning "rule"?
2. Which word contains *civ* and means "improve in manners"?
3. Which word is made up of *auto*, meaning "self," and *crat*?
4. Which word contains *leg* and means "propose a law"?

Now use the words in the box to complete each sentence.

5. It's ___ to drive if you have a license.
6. You can ___ yourself by studying art and music.
7. Congress can ___ a bill into law.
8. The ___ thought he alone knew best.
9. A person who is not in the army is a ___.
10. In a ___, the people make the laws.

civilize	autocrat
civilian	legislate
democracy	legal

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

1. _____
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16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Compound Words

SPELLING FOCUS

Some compound words are closed: **homemade.** Some compound words are hyphenated: **runner-up.** Still other compound words are open: **field trip.**

STUDY Read each compound word. Notice how it is formed. Then read each sentence.

1.	**homemade**	Mom's **homemade** soup was delicious.
2.	**roommate**	Each camper had a **roommate.**
3.	**everyone** ✻	She invited **everyone** to her party.
4.	**sometimes** ✻	The school bus is late **sometimes.**
5.	**runner-up**	I did not win, but I was a **runner-up.**
6.	**all-around**	He was the best **all-around** player.
7.	**twenty-one**	The temperature is **twenty-one** degrees.
8.	**field trip**	We took a **field trip** to the aquarium.
9.	**French fries**	I ate **French fries** with my sandwich.
10.	**free throw**	She was fouled and took a **free throw.**
11.	**stomachache**	She had a **stomachache** after lunch.
12.	**racquetball**	The **racquetball** player has a strong arm.
13.	**snowmobile**	He drove a **snowmobile** across a field.
14.	**someone** ✻	Find **someone** who knows algebra.
15.	**newsstand**	I bought a magazine at the **newsstand.**
16.	**make-believe**	The children played **make-believe.**
17.	**full-length**	It was his first **full-length** film.
18.	**son-in-law**	Her daughter and **son-in-law** are here.
19.	**rain forest**	Many ecologists study the **rain forest.**
20.	**end zone**	The quarterback reached the **end zone.**

CHALLENGE!

straightedge
cross-examination
wash-and-wear
chain reaction
blood pressure

PRACTICE Sort the words by writing
- nine closed compounds
- five open compounds
- six hyphenated compounds

WRITE Choose ten words to write in sentences.

✻ **WATCH OUT FOR FREQUENTLY MISSPELLED WORDS!**

COMPOUNDS Find the two words in each sentence that together make a list word. Write the compound word.

1. There is more rain in the forest than in the grasslands.
2. She bought a new racquet; now all she needs is a ball.
3. He decided to make up a story that they would believe.
4. When you race through the field that way, I fear you'll trip.
5. The costume had a full skirt with stripes along its length.
6. Because of all the snow, we were not mobile for six days.
7. The baby's sun-burned stomach made my heart ache.
8. Park Street marks the end of the commercial zone in town.
9. We all agree that the Cougars are the best team around.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____

PARAGRAPH COMPLETION Complete the diary entry.

Sports camp is great! I feel homesick (10) even though (11) here is friendly. The food isn't too bad—the (12) are crispy and the pies are (13). Jerina, my (14), is (15) Mom would like. Her basketball team was the (16) in the state tournament last year. She scored (17) points in one game! She promised to give me tips on doing a perfect (18). I bought a paper at the (19) and read that Ms. Hunt's (20) is going to be Lincoln School's new basketball coach. I'm anxious to show her my awesome lay-ups!

10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Words with *up*
uproar
up-to-date
runner-up
uprising

Write the words from the box that fit the clues.

21. loud or confused noise
22. second-place team
23. revolt or rebellion
24. keeping up; modern

21. _____
22. _____
23. _____
24. _____

FREQUENTLY MISSPELLED WORDS
Students often misspell someone and sometimes. This rule may help: NEVER drop the e in some when you use it to form a compound word.

PROOFREADING AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
^	Add something.
ℓ	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR USAGE Join compound sentences by using a comma and a combining word. You can also join compound sentences with a semicolon only.

You hunger for souffle, but you can't get one to rise.
Your guests are due for dinner; the oven's in demise.

Check Run-on Sentences Read each sentence. Correct any errors by writing either a comma and the combining word that follows it or a semicolon and the word that follows it. Write "Correct" if the sentence has no error.

1. You're tired of cooking and you want a special treat.
2. You're having a party and, gazpacho would be neat.
3. You've run out of time but guests are due at eight.
4. Call our number, and we'll never make you wait.
5. Call CATERMATES today you'll have a party tonight!

PROOFREAD A LEAFLET Find six misspelled words and write them correctly. Some may be words you learned before. Fix two errors in punctuating compound sentences.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

We at CATERMATES believe that every one needs our services now and agin. Do you long for a quiet, home made meal or would you like to surprise your roomate with a special dinner? Call us. We offer your all round favorites we use only fresh ingrediants.

WRITE A LEAFLET Is there something you do well that you would like to tell others about? Write a leaflet about it. Use rhyme, if you wish. Use two list words and one personal word.

Word List

everyone	French fries
free throw	runner-up
make-believe	snowmobile
newsstand	field trip
rain forest	homemade
sometimes	son-in-law
twenty-one	roommate
stomachache	someone
full-length	end zone
racquetball	all-around

Personal Words

1. Track v. ieo
2. Racquetball

Review

CONTEXT Use the context in each sentence to help you write the best word from the box.

homemade	all-around
roommate	twenty-one
everyone	field trip
sometimes	French fries
runner-up	free throw

1. The woman who won the gold medal as the best ___ gymnast had amazingly difficult routines.
2. The children were awed by what they saw on the ___.
3. It seems as if ___ is humming that new tune.
4. With so many contestants, she was glad to be even the ___.
5. You can ___ see a rainbow after a storm.
6. We lost the game when our best player missed a ___.
7. The room was packed because ___ guests came to the party.
8. My sister gets along well with her college ___.
9. I'd rather have a baked potato than ___.
10. Clothes made by machine don't seem to outlast ___ clothes.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Word Study

CONNOTATION Most words have meanings beyond the definitions in a dictionary. A word's **connotation,** the feelings it brings to your mind, is important too. For example, we know that a *rain forest* is a "very dense forest," but to some people, *rain forest* has a positive connotation—perhaps "beautiful," "life-giving," and "exotic." For others, *rain forest* has a negative connotation—perhaps "humid," "buggy," and "dangerous."

Choose words from the box to describe the feelings that come to your mind when you think of each word below.

boring	relaxing	comforting	fun-filled	togetherness	scary	quiet	expensive	exotic	hectic

nighttime

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

vacation

4. _____
5. _____
6. _____

Many connotations are based on positive or negative feelings the words suggest. Read the pairs in the second box. For each pair, write one word under "Positive" and one under "Negative."

bookworm	scholar	arrogant	confident	inquisitive	nosy

Positive

7. _____
8. _____
9. _____

Negative

10. _____
11. _____
12. _____

Review

Lesson 13: Vowels in Final Syllables
Lesson 14: Vowels in Unstressed Syllables
Lesson 15: Greek Word Parts
Lesson 16: Words with -ice, -ise, -ize
Lesson 17: Compound Words

REVIEW WORD LIST

1. abandon
2. ancestor
3. companion
4. comparison
5. hospital
6. identical
7. interior
8. logical
9. metropolitan
10. multiple
11. sponsor
12. vertical
13. cemetery
14. competition
15. episode
16. finally
17. ingredients
18. invitation
19. medicine
20. opinion
21. popular
22. probably
23. Saturday
24. substitute
25. treasure
26. asteroid
27. astronomer
28. astronomy
29. disaster
30. geology
31. microbe
32. microscope
33. mythology
34. apprentice
35. improvise
36. notice
37. organize
38. paradise
39. sacrifice
40. supervise
41. sympathize
42. everyone
43. field trip
44. homemade
45. roommate
46. runner-up
47. someone
48. sometimes
49. stomachache
50. twenty-one

PROOFREADING

Find the spelling errors in each passage and write the words correctly. All passages have seven errors except the last one, which has eight.

1. _____
2. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD A JOURNAL ENTRY

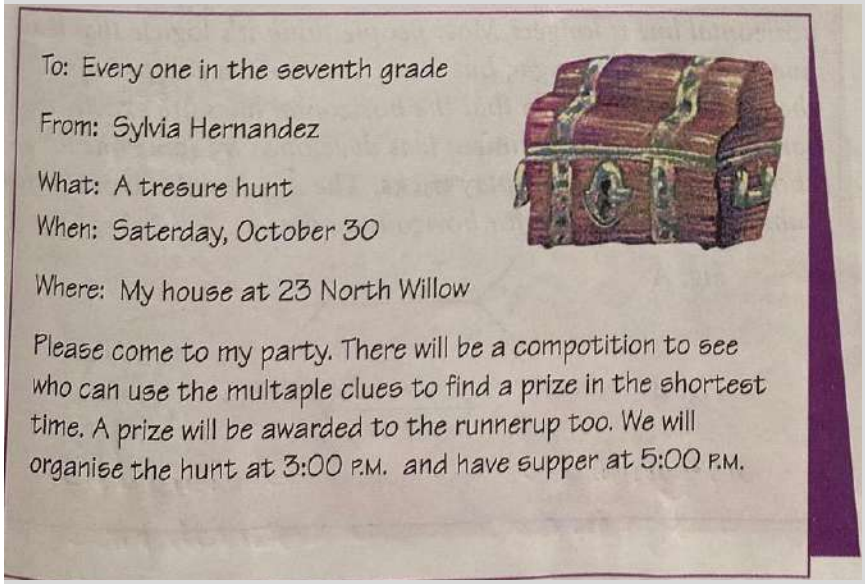
Today we went on a feildtrip to the planetarium. We heard an astomoner give a talk on astromony. When the enterier of the planetarium was dark, we saw a chart of the sky. We saw the Big Dipper and the constellation of Orion. (Orion was a giant hunter in Greek mitholigey.) We also learned the difference between a meteor and an astaroid. Then we got to see a moon rock and hear about the geologee of the moon.

PROOFREAD A SCIENCE REPORT

Anton van Leeuwenhoek (lā′ven hůk), who lived from 1632–1723 in the Netherlands, looked at a drop of water through his microscop one day and saw not one microb but hundreds of these tiny creatures. Eventually he found microscopic organisms in practically everything he looked at. The populaur opinon of the time was that such findings were impossible. Until he was near death, however, Leeuwenhoek sent regular reports to the Royal Society in London about everything he discovered and measured through his home made lens. The Royal Society encouraged this amateur scientist, who had left school at sixteen to become an apprentence in a dry-goods store. Nobody, including Leeuwenhoek, knew that some of these organisms could cause disease, for medicen had not advanced that far.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD AN INVITATION



To: Every one in the seventh grade

From: Sylvia Hernandez

What: A tresure hunt

When: Saterday, October 30

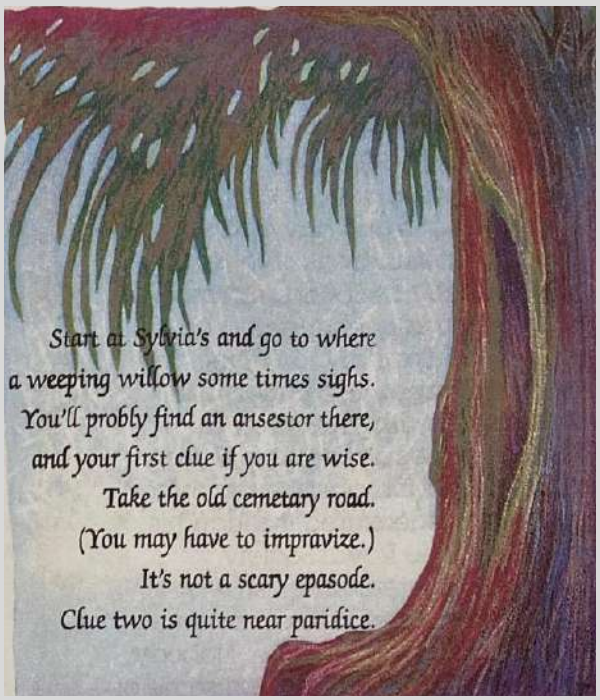
Where: My house at 23 North Willow

Please come to my party. There will be a compotition to see who can use the multaple clues to find a prize in the shortest time. A prize will be awarded to the runnerup too. We will organise the hunt at 3:00 P.M. and have supper at 5:00 P.M.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD CLUES FOR A TREASURE HUNT


Start at Sylvia's and go to where
a weeping willow some times sighs.
You'll probly find an ansestor there,
and your first clue if you are wise.
Take the old cemetary road.
(You may have to impravize.)
It's not a scary epasode.
Clue two is quite near paridice.

PROOFREAD AN EXPLANATORY PARAGRAPH

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

Look below and notess the two nearly idenacul figures. Which horizontal line is longer? Most people think it's logicle that the line in Figure A is longer, but when you make a compairson of the two figures, you see that the horizontal lines are exactly the same length. This experiment was developed by some one to show how our eyes can play tricks. The illusion also works if yo subsitute vertacle lines for horizontal ones.

Fig. A

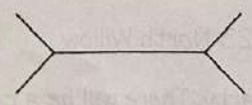
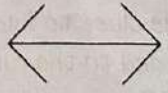


Fig. B



PROOFREAD A NOTICE

The metropoletan park district is looking for responsible students to help supervize at twenty one day-care centers after school. The park district will sponser ice-skating classes for preschoolers. If you can be a companiun to a small child and can sacrafice two hours after school, this is your invatation to join us. Call 555-1345 or stop by the office to pick up an application.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____

PROOFREAD A THANK-YOU NOTE

November 9, 20__

Dear Amy,

Thanks for sending me a card while I was in the hospitle. I had a bad stomach ache, but everything turned out OK. The doctor said it could have been caused by one of the ingrediants in some food I ate, so it wasn't a desaster. My rommate turned out to be someone I knew from camp, and we could sympathise with each other! I finly had to abanden plans to go to the ice show. Maybe I'll make it next year.

Sincerely,

Sara

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____

Suffixes -ary, -ery, -ory

SPELLING FOCUS

When adding the suffixes **-ary**, **-ery**, and **-ory**, there are often no sound clues to help you decide whether to use an **a**, an **e**, or an **o**. Sometimes these two clues might help.

- Use the base word as a clue: **brave, bravery.**
- Use a related word as a clue: **imagination, imaginary.**

STUDY Look at each word. Then read the sentence.

1.	**bravery**	The soldier showed great **bravery.**
2.	**scenery**	I looked at the **scenery** along the way.
3.	**surgery**	The patient must have heart **surgery.**
4.	**imaginary**	Fairy tales have **imaginary** characters.
5.	**vocabulary**	Reading will improve your **vocabulary.**
6.	**ordinary**	The day was **ordinary,** not special.
7.	**temporary**	He hired a **temporary** worker for a day.
8.	**satisfactory**	Kay said my work was **satisfactory.**
9.	**advisory**	The boaters read the **advisory** bulletin.
10.	**directory**	We found the number in a **directory.**
11.	**bribery**	He was sent to prison for **bribery.**
12.	**nursery**	The babies slept in a **nursery.**
13.	**machinery**	This **machinery** makes plastic parts.
14.	**secondary**	Off the main road is a **secondary** road.
15.	**solitary**	She enjoyed a **solitary** walk.
16.	**anniversary**	Their **anniversary** is in June.
17.	**explanatory**	I wrote my friend an **explanatory** note.
18.	**migratory**	We saw **migratory** birds heading south
19.	**exploratory**	The miners made an **exploratory** dig.
20.	**mandatory**	Wearing seat belts is **mandatory.**

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

CHALLENGE!

complimentary
itinerary
confectionery
discriminatory
inflammatory

PRACTICE Sort the list words by writing seven words with the suffix **-ary**, then six words with the suffix **-ery**, and, finally, seven words with the suffix **-ory.**

WRITE Choose three sentences to include in a paragraph

ANTONYMS Write the list word that means the opposite of the underlined word in each sentence.

1. The hero of this novel is real.
2. Those stationary animals travel south each winter.
3. You'll fail the class if you don't do the optional assignments.
4. This job is permanent, so we'll be here only six months.
5. It was a routine, extraordinary day.
6. She showed great cowardice in confronting that bully.

MAKING INFERENCES Write the list word that is missing from each person's statement.

7. Nurse: "Plan to spend a few days resting after your ___."
8. Student: "I learn a new word every day to add to my ___."
9. Lawyer: "She is charged with ___ of a police officer."
10. Mayor: "I agree with the advice of my ___ committee."
11. Hermit: "I enjoy my ___ life."
12. Factory worker: "This improved ___ speeds up the job."
13. Teacher: "The ___ paragraph will tell you what to do first."
14. Adventurer: "I made an ___ trip to Antarctica."
15. Train passenger: "I like to sit back and watch the ___."
16. Married couple: "Our children sent us cards on our ___."
17. Builder: "This carpenter's work is ___, so I'll hire her again."
18. Firefighter: "Saving a building is ___ to the primary task of saving lives."
19. Shopper: "I'll find where coats are by reading the store ___."
20. Grandparent: "We visited our infant grandson in the ___."

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Use meaning helpers to help you spell. Write *machinery* and *bravery*. Write a meaning helper below each one. Mark the matching letters.

21. _____ 22. _____

_____ _____

Did You Know?

Bravery is not limited to adults. Young people have also courageously saved others from injury and death. The U.S. Department of Justice has honored many of these heroic youngsters by awarding them the Young American Medal for Bravery.

PROOFREADING AND WRITIJNG

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
^	Add something.
ℓ	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR USAGE Make sure that your subjects and verbs are either both singular or both plural, even when other words separate them. For example:

The scenery in the mountains ~~were~~ was beautiful.

Check Subjects and Verbs Correct five verbs in this passage that don't agree with their subjects.

By early June, the drought have become a battle. At first, the temporary freedom from classes energize you, and the scorching winds of June feels overwhelming. You're out all day in the steamy woods and the shallow river. In July, temperatures over a hundred forces you inside. Two months of heat has exhausted you.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

PROOFREAD A DESCRIPTION Correct five misspelled words in this description. Some may be words you learned before. Fix three verbs that don't agree with their subjects.

When lightning and thunder bursts outside, my ordenary classroom become an imaginery zone. To me, it is the dim workshop of a solatary inventor who create futuristic mashinery, or its the drenched deck of a ship in a wild storm. The scenery is great, but only for me.

Word List

satisfactory	directory
bribery	vocabulary
advisory	surgery
explanatory	ordinary
bravery	nursery
migratory	imaginary
secondary	machinery
solitary	temporary
exploratory	scenery
anniversary	mandatory

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

WRITE A DESCRIPTION Describe a real or imaginary scene that involves weather or some aspect of nature. Use three list words and a personal word.

Review

DEFINITIONS Write the word from the box that matches each clue.

bravery	ordinary
scenery	temporary
surgery	satisfactory
imaginary	advisory
vocabulary	directory

1. acceptable, good enough
2. usual, normal
3. the stock of words used by a person or group
4. natural features of a landscape
5. a list of names with their addresses or locations
6. make-believe, not real
7. fearlessness, courage
8. operation
9. having the power to recommend
10. lasting for a short time only

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Word Study

WORDS OF TIME Words like *anniversary* and *temporary* refer to time. Use the meanings of the word parts below to help you answer the riddles with words of time. Use the Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

Root	Meaning	Root	Meaning	Root	Meaning
anni, enni	year	*dur*	long-lasting	*simul*	at the same time
temp	time	*chron*	time	*bi*	two
cent	hundred	*pre*	before	*semi*	half

1. Is a sleeping bag a durable bed or a temporary one?
2. Would you rather have an annual or semiannual vacation?
3. Would a yearling or a centenarian live in a senior-citizen residence?
4. Are calendar dates in alphabetical or chronological order?
5. In 1876 did the United States celebrate its centennial or bicentennial?
6. Does your birthday occur annually or bimonthly?
7. When you are listening to the same program on TV and on radio, is it a preview or a simulcast?
8. Is a stopwatch a chronograph or a tempest?
9. If you saw the end of a movie, did you leave after the duration or the preview?

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____

Latin Roots 1

SPELLING FOCUS

Many words are made up of the Latin roots **ject,** meaning "to throw"; **rupt,** meaning "to break"; **pend,** meaning "to hang"; and **duct,** meaning "to lead": **projector, disruptive, suspended, conductor.**

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

STUDY Say each word. Then read the sentence.

1.	**projector**	I showed the slides with a **projector.**
2.	**objective**	The **objective** is to score a goal.
3.	**injection**	The medicine was given by **injection.**
4.	**disruptive**	A **disruptive** child upset the class.
5.	**eruption**	The volcano has an annual **eruption.**
6.	**bankrupt**	Because of his debts, he was **bankrupt.**
7.	**suspended**	The piñata was **suspended** by a string.
8.	**appendix**	The doctor removed Ann's **appendix.**
9.	**conductor**	The **conductor** led the musicians.
10.	**productivity**	The hard worker had high **productivity.**
11.	**conjecture**	We made a **conjecture** about the cause.
12.	**dejected**	The team felt **dejected** after the loss.
13.	**rupture**	The explosion made the tank **rupture.**
14.	**corruption**	The federal agents fought **corruption.**
15.	**pendant**	The dancer wore a ruby **pendant.**
16.	**pendulum**	The clock's **pendulum** swung slowly.
17.	**impending**	He worried about the **impending** trial.
18.	**deductive**	We used **deductive** reasoning in math.
19.	**induction**	My conclusion is based on **induction.**
20.	**abduction**	Kidnapping, or **abduction,** is a crime.

CHALLENGE!

trajectory
interjection
perpendicular
expenditure
aqueduct

PRACTICE Sort the words by writing

- five words with **duct**
- five words with **rupt**
- five words with **ject**
- five words with **pend**

WRITE Choose ten words to write in sentences.

WORD ASSOCIATION Write the list word suggested by each pair of words. Check the answers in the Spelling Dictionary.

1. guess, opinion
2. break, tear
3. in debt, penniless
4. sad, discouraged
5. disorderly, destructive
6. leader, director
7. aim, goal
8. dishonesty, wickedness
9. hanging, locket
10. outburst, explosion
11. coming, threatening

MAKING CONNECTIONS Write the list word that answers each question. Use the Spelling Dictionary to check your answers.

12. What is one device you can use to show a film?
13. If you deduce a conclusion, what kind of reasoning do you use?
14. What swings back and forth in a pattern?
15. What would a kidnapper be accused of?
16. What is one quality of a successful factory or farm?
17. What might you get when you visit the doctor?
18. If you induce a conclusion, what kind of reasoning do you use?
19. What is something that surgeons often remove?
20. What is the condition of a lamp that is hung from a ceiling?

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

product
productive
producer

21. Write the list word that is related in spelling and meaning to the words in the box.

Then use the words to complete the paragraph.

The B. Warm Company is a (22) of sportswear. Recently this company's sweat suits have become a very popular (23). To meet the demand, the company will have to be more (24).

21. _____ 23. _____

22. _____ 24. _____

Did You Know?

Append means "to add to a larger thing." The human appendix certainly seems like an add-on. It was added to the large intestine, but it has no known function!

PROOFREADIN AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
ℓ	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR CARELESS ERRORS One-syllable words should not be divided at the end of a line.

By using deduction, detectives could ~~pro-~~ ~~ve~~ prove that Lonnie committed the crime.

Check for Incorrectly Divided Words Write four words that are divided incorrectly.

Induction allows you to make general statements based on examples. For instance, if you see a fire truck racing down the street nearly every night, but not at other times, you might say most fires where you live occur at night. Deduction goes from the general to the particular: *All fires are destructive. The hospital caught fire. The hospital suffered some destruction.*

PROOFREAD A PROBLEM AND SOLUTION Find the four misspelled words in the passage. Some may be words you learned before. Fix three words that are divided incorrectly.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____

My mom was dejeted because she had lo-
st her pendent,an anniversary gift. She
said it had to be in her room. Thin I
was sure it was by the sofa. She had go-
ne to sleep there last night! Wasn´t that a
brilliant deduction?

Word List

objective	disruptive
deductive	abduction
appendix	projector
conjecture	induction
dejected	conductor
rupture	injection
pendant	pendulum
impending	eruption
corruption	bankrupt
suspended	productivity

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

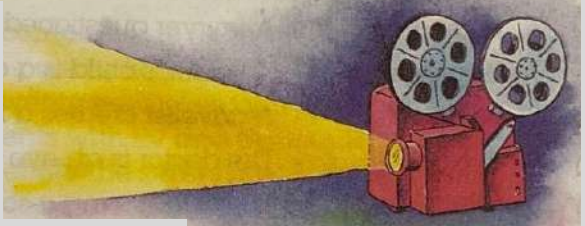
WRITE A PROBLEM AND SOLUTION Imagine that the pendant was not found by the sofa. Write a paragraph giving another solution. Create statements that support your solution.

Review

DRAWING CONCLUSIONS Write the word from the box that goes best with each clue.

projector	bankrupt
objective	suspended
injection	appendix
disruptive	conductor
eruption	productivity

1. This happens when a volcano "blows its top." _____
2. This is why some people don't like to visit the nurse. _____
3. You hope this never happens to your bank! _____
4. This person stands up and leads an orchestra. _____
5. This is said of people in the audience who stand up, move around, and talk during an orchestra concert. _____
6. You would be amazed if a magician actually did this to the assistant. _____
7. At a factory, if the absentee rate is low, this is probably high. _____
8. This is what the goal line is for a football team. _____
9. Every movie theater has at least one of these. _____
10. If your stomachache isn't because of your stomach, it may be because of this. _____



Using a Dictionary

MULTIPLE MEANINGS The word *appendix* means "an addition at the end of a book." It also means "a slender tube attached to the large intestine." You probably wouldn't confuse those meanings—but you might need to study other words with more than one meaning.

suspend (sə spend') *v.t.* **1** hang down by attaching to something above: *The lamp was suspended from the ceiling.* **2** hold in place as if by hanging: *We saw the smoke suspended in the still air.* **3** stop for a while: *suspend work.* **4** remove or exclude for a while from some privilege or job: *suspend a student for infraction of rules.*

Notice that each meaning of **suspend** is numbered in the dictionary entry. Write the number of the definition that fits each sentence below.

1. Class was **suspended** because of a fire drill. _____
2. The sailor **suspended** the anchor from a line of rope. _____
3. He wasn't **suspended,** but he had to serve some detentions. _____
4. The dancer looked as if she were **suspended** in air. _____
5. The people saw a hot-air balloon **suspended** above them. _____
6. I **suspended** activity on the project until the weather cooled. _____

People Suffixes

SPELLING FOCUS

Words with the suffixes **-ian, -ant, -ent,** and **-ist** often refer to people.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

STUDY Look at each word and read the sentence. Notice that each word ends in **-ian, -ant, -ent,** or **-ist.**

1. **comedian**	The **comedian** told some funny jokes.
2. **musician**	That **musician** plays the guitar.
3. **custodian**	A **custodian** cleaned the office.
4. **physician**	A **physician** diagnosed her illness.
5. **accountant**	An **accountant** prepared the tax return.
6. **defendant**	A lawyer questioned the **defendant.**
7. **dependent**	A person's child is a **dependent.**
8. **novelist**	A **novelist** creates a fictional story.
9. **specialist**	The doctor is an eye **specialist.**
10. **soloist**	The **soloist** sang a song about love.

11. **pedestrian**	A **pedestrian** crossed the intersection.
12. **technician**	A **technician** repaired the TV cable.
13. **politician**	The **politician** ran for office twice.
14. **attendant**	Drivers pay the parking lot **attendant.**
15. **participant**	Ted was a marathon **participant.**
16. **superintendent**	They hired a new **superintendent.**
17. **incumbent**	The **incumbent** mayor ran again.
18. **pharmacist**	A **pharmacist** filled my prescription.
19. **motorist**	The **motorist** stopped for gasoline.
20. **chemist**	A **chemist** tested the greasy substance.

CHALLENGE!

pediatrician
descendant
adherent
medalist
accompanist

PRACTICE Sort the words by writing

- seven words with the suffix **-ian**
- four words with the suffix **-ant**
- three words with the suffix **-ent**
- six words with the suffix **-ist**

WRITE Choose three sentences to write in a paragraph.

WORDS IN CONTEXT Complete the sentence with a list word that makes sense. The suffix in parentheses is a clue.

1. (-ist) A famous ___ sang with the chorus.
2. (-ant) He asked the flight ___ for a glass of juice.
3. (-ent) A son is usually a ___ of his parents until adulthood.
4. (-ist) The stranded ___ waited for the police to come.
5. (-ian) The skilled ___ played three instruments.
6. (-ant) My new ___ asked for my financial records.
7. (-ist) My favorite ___ is a science-fiction writer.
8. (-ent) The candidate set up a debate with the ___ mayor.
9. (-ist) The professor is a ___ in the history of the Civil War.
10. (-ant) The jury found the ___ not guilty of theft.

SEEING RELATIONSHIPS Write the list word that names the person who might make each statement.

11. "I go to different companies to fix their computers."
12. "Doctors send me prescriptions to fill for their sick patients."
13. "I need to write twenty new jokes for a performance."
14. "I've treated patients with flu and measles today."
15. "I'll run tests to identify the substances in this powder."
16. "I am head of all the schools in the city."
17. "Elect me and I will spend a lot of time in the state capital."
18. "I want to take part in the variety show."
19. "I always obey the Walk and Don't Walk signals."
20. "My crew and I will clean up after the school's open house."

1. _____
2. _____
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4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
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10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

accountable
account
on any account

21. Write the list word that is related in spelling and meaning to the words in the box.

_____

Then complete each phrase with a word or phrase from the box

22. wouldn´t quit _____

23. held _____ for the mistake

24. gave an _____ of their

Take a Hint
Remember this when you need to spell attendant and defendant: In an ant colony, workers attend and defend the queen ant.

PROOFREADING AND WRITING

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
⌒	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR PUNCTUATION
Apostrophes are used with possessive nouns and contractions.
For example:

Brenda coaches womens basketball at a college. She says that it isnt just a job to her. It's a profession.

Check Possessives and Contractions Find five mistakes with possessive nouns or contractions. Write the words correctly.

1. The announcer reports whats happening in a game.
2. A companys accountant suggests ways to save money.
3. Tom enjoys chemistry, and hed like to be a pharmacist.
4. Many novelists first books may not sell many copies.
5. Wendy's job as a journalist isnt dull.

PROOFREAD A CAREER DESCRIPTION Correct five misspelled words in the career description. Also fix three errors with possessive nouns or contractions.

Jason wants to be a computer musican.

He works with a partner who is a speshialist.

Theyve created software to control a computers activity. Jasons hope is that everbody will use thier software to become a participent in making music.

Word List

superintendent	defendant
novelist	musician
comedian	specialist
pharmacist	participant
attendant	motorist
technician	custodian
accountant	soloist
pedestrian	incumbent
dependent	chemist
politician	physician

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

WRITE A CAREER DESCRIPTION Write a description of a career you would like. Tell why it fits with your interests and talents. Try to use two list words and a personal word.

Review

WHO ARE THEY? Write the person word from the box that fits each clue.

1. a person who sings or plays a musical instrument
2. a medical doctor
3. a writer of fictional books
4. the person being accused or sued in a court of law
5. a person who performs without a partner
6. a person who makes a study of one particular branch of business, law, medicine, or the like
7. someone who relies on another for help and support
8. someone who tells jokes and makes people laugh
9. a person who works with and interprets business records and financial affairs
10. a person whose job is to clean up after people

comedian	defendant
musician	dependent
custodian	novelist
physician	specialist
accountant	soloist

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Multicultural Connection

LANGUAGES All of your list words, such as *musician* and *motorist*, describe people and who they are or the things that they do. The words in the box, which also describe people, have come into English from Asian languages.

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
samurai	warrior in feudal Japan	**tycoon**	wealthy, powerful businessperson
thug	criminal	**nabob**	a rich or important person
pundit	expert		

Read the descriptions for these characters from a play. Write the missing words using the best word from the box.

LENORA HUMFY, *owner of an international chain of newspapers and soft-drink companies, and a ruthless (1) who stops at nothing*

RIP JONES, *Humfy's bodyguard, a petty thief and (2)*

MILTON SMITH, *a (3) on Japanese culture who is writing an encyclopedia article on the powerful Japanese (4) of the 1300s*

I. M. WELLTY, *a fun-loving (5) who inherited billions*

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

Easily Confused Words

SPELLING FOCUS

Some words are easily confused because they have similar pronunciations and spellings: **advice, advise.**

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
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6. _____
7. _____
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17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

STUDY Say each pair of words carefully. Notice the difference in the way each word sounds. Then read the sentence.

1.	**advice**	I gave her **advice** about her problem.
2.	**advise**	He did **advise** me to learn Spanish.
3.	**proceed**	The cars should **proceed** with caution.
4.	**precede**	An introduction will **precede** my talk.
5.	**affect**	The test score will **affect** your grade.
6.	**effect**	Sunlight has an **effect** on plants.
7.	**continual**	The turning of the earth is **continual.**
8.	**continuous**	Use **continuous** strokes as you swim.
9.	**adapt**	We must **adapt** to the winter weather.
10.	**adopt**	The class will **adopt** a new routine.
11.	**respectively**	The boys are two and six **respectively.**
12.	**respectfully**	Workers greeted the boss **respectfully.**
13.	**formerly**	He was **formerly** a professional actor.
14.	**formally**	We dressed **formally** for the dance.
15.	**moral**	The story had an important **moral.**
16.	**morale**	A party improved the workers' **morale.**
17.	**disinterested**	A **disinterested** person should decide.
18.	**uninterested**	Mom is **uninterested** in music videos.
19.	**descent**	The elevator made a quick **descent.**
20.	**dissent**	The decision made one judge **dissent.**

PRACTICE Some word pairs are more confusing than others. Write the word pairs that you know how to spell and use correctly. Then write the pairs that you need to check.

WRITE Choose four sentences to rewrite as questions.

CHALLENGE!

preposition	proposition
persecution	prosecution
adverse	averse

SIMILAR MEANINGS Write the list word that has nearly the same meaning as each word below.

1. adjust
2. advance
3. unbroken
4. previously
5. impartial
6. politely
7. result
8. disagreement
9. lesson
10. recommendation

WORD CHOICE Write the correct list word to complete each sentence.

11. The (continual, continuous) heat made us thirsty.
12. I (advice, advise) you to plan your project before you start.
13. We saw the climbers' (descent, dissent) from the mountain.
14. Exercise can (affect, effect) your muscle tone and weight.
15. Judy and Bill are my sister and cousin (respectively, respectfully).
16. He seems (disinterested, uninterested) in the TV program.
17. To improve the soldier's (moral, morale), send him a letter.
18. We plan to (adapt, adopt) a child from another country.
19. The flag bearers will (precede, proceed) the band.
20. The ambassador (formally, formerly) introduced the officers by stating their full names and ranks.

1. _____
2. _____
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16. _____
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18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Add the suffix to the base word to make a new word. If the base word ends with a **consonant-vowel,** drop the vowel before adding the suffix. Use the Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

Base Word	Suffix	New Word
21. precede	-ence	_____
22. advise	-able	_____
23. adapt	-able	_____
24. adopt	-ive	_____

Take a Hint

Remember that you can't add endings to **advice.** It's a noun, like **ice. Advise** is a verb, so you can add endings like -s or -ed to it: The lawyer **advises** you.

PROOFREADING AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
^	Add something.
⌒	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR CAPITALIZATION Capitalize proper nouns and the pronoun *I*. Look for them when you proofread.

After the game, i heard the warren warriors shout a victory cheer.

Check Proper Nouns and *I* Write correctly the words that should be capitalized. If a sentence is correct, write "Correct."

1. The Smith children watched their cousin play quarterback.
2. We picked up aunt linda, who always is late.
3. The owner of barry's Hobby Shop never misses a game.
4. Dr. osgood treats injured players at Pritchard Hospital.
5. I'm always nervous that i'll let the Warriors down.

PROOFREAD A CHARACTER SKETCH Correct five misspelled words in this character sketch. Some may be words you learned before. Also fix three capitalization errors.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

When I met B j. Huff, I thought she was unintrested in sports. The easy going texan had formerly lived in Austin; that's were she learned to play her guitar. Later i saw her talent as a runner. She had a continuse flow of energy, and her humor had a good effect on team moral.

Word List

precede	moral
proceed	morale
advice	disinterested
advise	uninterested
adapt	descent
adopt	dissent
affect	continual
effect	continuous
formally	respectively
formerly	respectfully

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

WRITE A CHARACTER SKETCH Write a character sketch someone you know. Describe how the person looks, acts, or reacts. Try to use two list words and a personal word.

Review

MEANING MATCH Write the word from the box that means about the same as the underlined word or words.

1. Frequently repeated practice will make you a good pianist.
2. You are to follow in the footsteps of those who go before you.
3. I urge you to follow this course of action.
4. Cloudy skies influence some people by making them feel sad.
5. Some workers will have to change themselves slightly to the new boss's ways.
6. The line for tickets for the popular concert was unbroken.
7. Many employees take on the style of a new boss to try to make a good impression.
8. Studies show smoking can have a deadly result on your health.
9. Only a fool would ignore wise and beneficial suggestions.
10. You must fulfill these requirements before you can continue.

advice	effect
advise	continual
proceed	continuous
precede	adapt
affect	adopt

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Word Study

SYNONYMS **Synonyms** are words that have similar, but not necessarily identical, meanings. When you write, choose the best synonym for the situation. For numbers 1 through 9, write these six synonyms where they best fit in the chart below: *fanciful, caution, everyday, usual, warn, fantastic*. Then add three synonyms of your own.

imaginary	ordinary	advise
1. _____	4. _____	7. _____
2. _____	5. _____	8. _____
3. _____	6. _____	9. _____

Now replace each numbered word in the following paragraph with a synonym from the chart. Choose the word that you think best fits the sentence.

I daydream when I do **(10) ordinary** chores. Once when I was raking leaves, I could almost see this **(11) imaginary** creature. It had golden eyes and a tall, shimmery, silver body. The being was more **(12) imaginary** than characters in science-fiction books. It said, "I **(13) advise** you to stay away from Green Hill tonight." That hill was where I take my dog for its **(14) ordinary** evening walk. Then the image vanished. I rushed to **(15) advise** everyone to avoid Green Hill, but I didn't take that advice.

10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____

INTRODUCTION

Including All the Letters

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
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6. _____
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8. _____
9. _____
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11. _____
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15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

SPELLING FOCUS

Some words have more letters than you might expect: **laboratory, candidate.** Sometimes these "extra" letters are silent, but often they are not. To spell these words, it may help to pronounce each syllable carefully.

STUDY Say each word and concentrate on how many letters it has. Then read the sentence.

1.	**laboratory**	The chemist worked in a **laboratory.**
2.	**candidate**	The **candidate** spoke to the voters.
3.	**accidentally**	He **accidentally** dropped the pizza.
4.	**practically**	She **practically** fainted when she won.
5.	**Christmas** ✻	The class has a party at **Christmas.**
6.	**specific**	The poet used many **specific** details.
7.	**extremely**	Phoenix has **extremely** hot summers.
8.	**sincerely**	She **sincerely** regretted the mistake.
9.	**eighth**	He is president of the **eighth** grade.
10.	**frightened**	We were **frightened** by the scary movie.
11.	**quantity**	The dogs ate a large **quantity** of food.
12.	**boundary**	That road marks the farm's **boundary.**
13.	**funeral**	The **funeral** was a sad occasion.
14.	**identity**	Few knew the **identity** of the winner.
15.	**definitely**	We will **definitely** return next year.
16.	**Easter** ✻	They had an egg hunt on **Easter.**
17.	**errands**	We ran **errands** in town.
18.	**threatening**	The thunderclouds looked **threatening.**
19.	**supposedly**	He was **supposedly** my friend.
20.	**headache**	The noise gave me a **headache.**

CHALLENGE!

incidentally
correlation
indictment
meringue
rapport

PRACTICE Choose ten words that you are most likely to misspell in writing. Write them first. Then write the remaining ten words.

WRITE Choose two sentences to write in a rhyme, riddle, or dialogue.

✻ **WATCH OUT FOR FREQUENTLY MISSPELLED WORDS!**

ANALOGIES Write the list word that completes each analogy.

1. Stomach is to stomachache as head is to ___.
2. Independence Day is to July as ___ is to December.
3. Large is to small as general is to ___.
4. Fourth is to fifth as seventh is to ___.
5. "How good" is to quality as "how much" is to ___.
6. "By chance" is to "on purpose" as ___ is to intentionally.
7. Athlete is to gymnasium as scientist is to ___.
8. Normally is to unusually as moderately is to ___.
9. Pleased is to smile as ___ is to scream.
10. Thursday is to Thanksgiving as Sunday is to ___.
11. Happily is to gladly as ___ is to honestly.

DEFINITIONS Write the list word that answers each question.

12. What word refers to short trips you do for someone else?
13. What word means "certainly"?
14. What word means "nearly"?
15. What word refers to a person's name?
16. What means "a ceremony that may include a burial"?
17. What word means "a line between two states or countries"?
18. What word means "possibly" or "probably"?
19. What word names a person who is running for office?
20. What word is a synonym for "menacing"?

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Use meaning helpers to help you spell. Write *threatening, practically, supposedly,* and *eighth.* Write a meaning helper below each one. Underline the matching letters.

21. _____

_____

22. _____

_____

23. _____

_____

24. _____

_____

FREQUENTLY MISSPELLED WORDS
Hint
Christmas and Easter are frequently misspelled because students often forget to capitalize them. Spell those special days in a special way. Capitalize them!

PROFFREADIN AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
^	Add something.
ℓ	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

PROOFREAD FOR CAPITALIZATION When you're proofreading, be sure that names of cities, states, countries, and titles are capitalized. For example:

Charles Lindbergh flew the *Spirit of St. Louis*. I read about him in the *Daily Herald*, a newspaper, and *Into the Unknown*, a book.

Check Proper Names Read each sentence. Write the words correctly that should be capitalized.

1. William Herschel first identified the planet uranus in 1781.
2. In 1930, Amy Johnson flew alone from england to Australia.
3. Huge crowds cheered her during a parade in london.
4. In world war II, women were pilots of passenger airplanes.
5. We saw a shuttle at the Kennedy Space Center in florida.

PROOFREAD AN INTERVIEW Find the five misspelled words in this interview and write them correctly. Some may be words you learned before. Also fix three capitalization mistakes.

Reporter: I'm with the Daily star, in utica.

Do you like your job as a mission speicalist on the jupiter / Space Shuttle?

Dr. Cerk: I sincerly do. I repair machianry, and in a laboratory on board I perform scientific experiments wich are extremly interesting.

Word List

Christmas	errands
Easter	extremely
sincerely	threatening
quantity	definitely
boundary	practically
laboratory	supposedly
accidentally	identity
specific	eighth
candidate	frightened
funeral	headache

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

WRITE AN INTERVIEW Imagine that you are a reporter interviewing a student about his or her plans for the future. Write the interview. Use two list words and a personal word.

Review

CONTEXT Use the context to complete each sentence with a word from the box.

laboratory	specific
candidate	extremely
accidentally	sincerely
practically	eighth
Christmas	frightened

1. Though he didn't mean to, he ___ scraped his car on the wall.
2. Children can hardly wait for ___ to arrive.
3. A person who wants to be believed will speak very ___.
4. August is the ___ month of the year.
5. You need to fill in this blank with a ___ word.
6. The continents of Africa and Antarctica are ___ different from each other.
7. Many scientific discoveries have been made in the ___.
8. A ___ for political office will sometimes make wild promises.
9. Small children can be ___ by the sights and sounds of Halloween.
10. Those two are only slightly different—they are ___ the same.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Word Study

JARGON Technical language, or **jargon,** uses words that are specific to a certain profession, sport, or other subject. For instance, the word *interface* is part of the jargon used by people who work with computers and in business. It means "connect two things so they will interact." As you read these sentences, notice that jargon can be confusing in ordinary speech.

Jargon at work: "This computer interfaces with the new printer."

Jargon in ordinary speech: "We'll interface at the game today."

The school principal uses a lot of jargon in the message below. Make the message easier to understand by substituting words from the box for the numbered jargon words.

writing	use
secretary	gather
send	ideas
responses	mistake

Dear Students:

We need your **(1) input** about this year's activities. Please **(2) utilize** the attached form for **(3) recording** your **(4) feedback.** After we **(5) compile** your choices, we will **(6) transmit** them to each class. Students can vote for their favorite activities. If you notice a **(7) bug** in this document, please tell the **(8) processor** in the front office. Have a good year!

Mr. Otto Mation
Principal

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____

Review

Lesson 19: Suffixes -ary, -ery, -ory
Lesson 20: Latin Roots 1
Lesson 21: People Suffixes
Lesson 22: Easily Confused Words
Lesson 23: Including All the Letters

REVIEW WORD LIST

1. anniversary
2. bribery
3. directory
4. ordinary
5. satisfactory
6. scenery
7. surgery
8. temporary
9. vocabulary
10. appendix
11. bankrupt
12. conductor
13. conjecture
14. corruption
15. pendant
16. suspended
17. accountant
18. attendant
19. chemist
20. comedian
21. custodian
22. dependent
23. incumbent
24. motorist
25. musician
26. novelist
27. pedestrian
28. pharmacist
29. physician
30. soloist
31. technician
32. advice
33. advise
34. affect
35. formerly
36. proceed
37. respectfully
38. uninterested
39. accidentally
40. candidate
41. Christmas
42. definitely
43. eighth
44. extremely
45. identity
46. practically
47. quantity
48. sincerely
49. specific
50. supposedly

PROOFREADING

Find the spelling errors in each passage and write the words correctly. All passages have seven errors except the last one, which has eight.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD A LOST-AND-FOUND NOTICE

Found on chrismas Eve, an extremly old pendent sespended from a gold chain. Contact Jim, custodien at Briar School. Owner must give spesific description of lost item and prove idenity. Phone 555-1079 days.

112

PROOFREAD A FEATURE STORY

New Exhibit

Are you planning a trip abroad one day? There's an exhibit of foreign money in the school library that may be useful. If you're bankrup in Kenya, for example, you'll need some shillings. If you have an accountent in Brazil, you'll probably have to spend a cruzeiro or two. If you're traveling in India, take our advise and carry a few rupees. In the Netherlands, you'll be dependant on the guilder. In Japan you'll need a large quanity of yen, and in France you'll definitly need francs. Money from practicaly every major country in the world will be on display.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

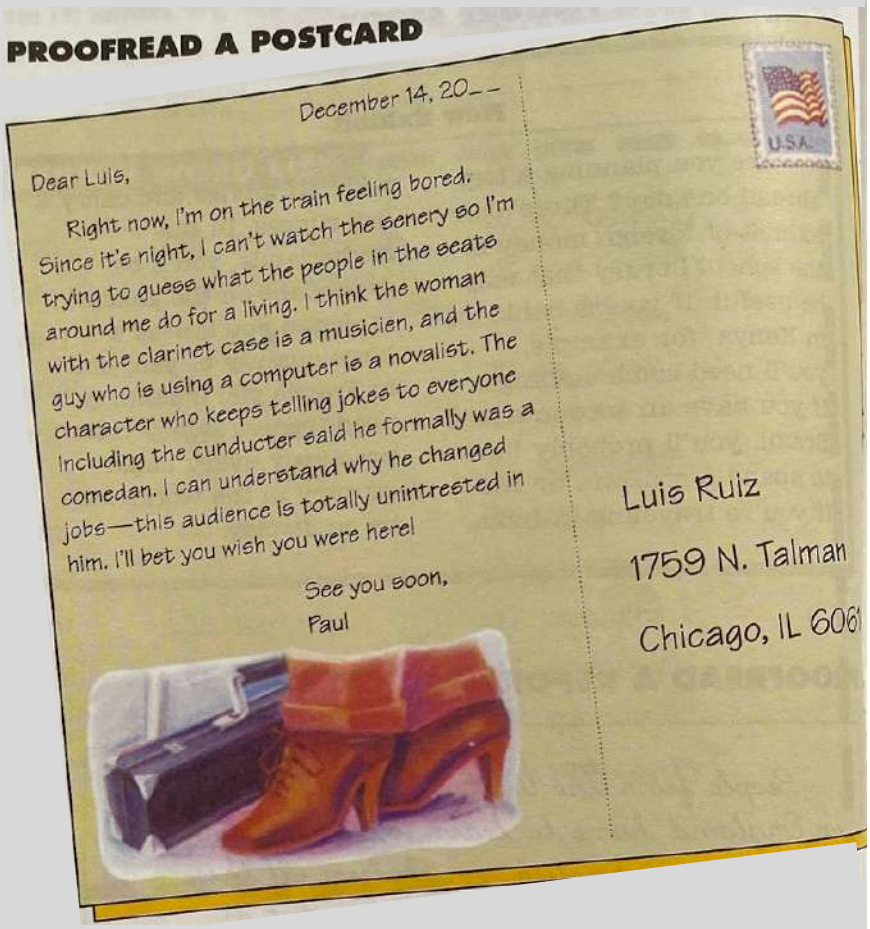
PROOFREAD A REPORT

People from the United States who travel in England have to learn new meanings for ordanary English vocabalery. If they need to go to the office of a dentist or phisician, they have to find a surgury. If they need a pharmecis, they must look for the chemest. When taking a road trip, U.S. travelers find that a British moterist fills up the car with petrol instead of gas. Of course, the car runs just as well since both words mean the same thing in England.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD A POSTCARD



December 14, 20__

Dear Luis,

Right now, I'm on the train feeling bored. Since it's night, I can't watch the senery so I'm trying to guese what the people in the seats around me do for a living. I think the woman with the clarinet case is a musicien, and the guy who is using a computer is a novalist. The character who keeps telling jokes to everyone including the cunducter said he formally was a comedan. I can understand why he changed jobs—this audience is totally unintrested in him. I'll bet you wish you were here!

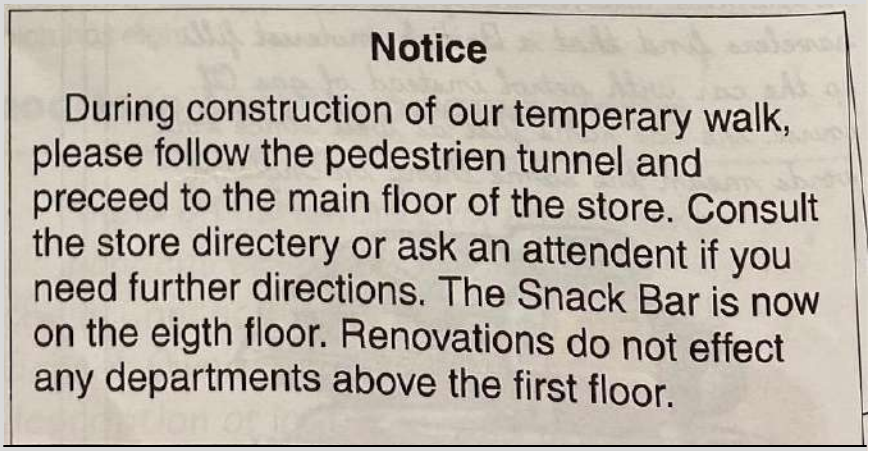
See you soon,
Paul

U.S.A.

Luis Ruiz
1759 N. Talman
Chicago, IL 606

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD A SIGN



Notice

During construction of our temperary walk, please follow the pedestrien tunnel and preceed to the main floor of the store. Consult the store directery or ask an attendent if you need further directions. The Snack Bar is now on the eigth floor. Renovations do not effect any departments above the first floor.

PROOFREAD A TELEPHONE MESSAGE

Mom,

You got three calls. Mrs. Henderson phoned to say that the soloest for the aniversery party just had her appendex removed. She wants you to substitute. Also, the TV technition called. He would avise us to buy a new TV and pick up the old one. Mr. Nagy's message was that he accidently sideswiped your car. It's not too bad, suposedly. What's for dinner?

Marty

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD AN INTERVIEW

Reporter: As a canidate for mayor, you have made several charges about coruption in city hall. Can you support those charges?

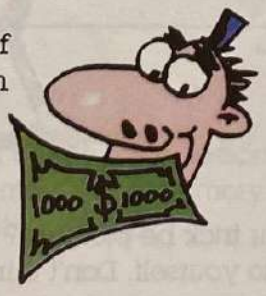
J.T.: Of course! Read this report! Now the public will know that bribary in our government is not a matter of conjecshure, but the sad truth.

Reporter: The incumbant mayor has denied these charges.

J.T.: Then I respecfuly submit that the mayor is not aware of what is right under his nose.

Reporter: Do you sincerly believe that you can win this election?

J.T.: Absolutely! The results of my polls have been more than satisfactery—they've been very encouraging.



1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____

1. _____
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13. _____
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15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Words from Many Cultures

SPELLING FOCUS

Many words in English come from other languages and may have unexpected spellings: **chimpanzee.**

STUDY Say each word and pay attention to any unusual spellings. Then read the sentence.

1.	**chimpanzee**	We saw a **chimpanzee** at the zoo.
2.	**bagel**	I ate a toasted **bagel** with butter.
3.	**coffee**	The adults drank **coffee** after dinner.
4.	**tornado**	A **tornado** destroyed the building.
5.	**mosquito**	I got **mosquito** bites near the lake.
6.	**iceberg**	A huge **iceberg** stuck out of the ocean.
7.	**hurricane**	A **hurricane** struck the Florida coast.
8.	**cocoa**	We drank hot **cocoa** on the snowy day.
9.	**volcano**	Lava poured from the **volcano.**
10.	**lagoon**	Alligators live in the swampy **lagoon.**
11.	**pretzel**	She ate a big **pretzel** after school.
12.	**caribou**	Herds of **caribou** go south in winter.
13.	**bayou**	Many waterfowl live in the **bayou.**
14.	**yogurt**	He ate fruit and **yogurt** for breakfast.
15.	**opossum**	The **opossum** in the tree is motionless.
16.	**reservoir**	The town keeps water in a **reservoir.**
17.	**monsoon**	It rains constantly in **monsoon** season.
18.	**jaguar**	The **jaguar** belongs to the cat family.
19.	**tundra**	Reindeer live in the arctic **tundra.**
20.	**typhoon**	The ship was battered by a **typhoon.**

PRACTICE Sort the words by writing
- five words that name things we eat or drink
- five words that name animals
- four words that describe types of weather
- six words that name landforms or structures

WRITE Choose two sentences to write in an advertisement, slogan, or saying.

CHALLENGE!

gazelle
orangutan
terrapin
ptarmigan
wildebeest

RIDDLES Write the list word that answers each riddle. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

1. From a Bantu word, I am a kind of ape.
2. I am from a Dutch word meaning "ice mountain."
3. I am a wild cat named by the Tupi of South America.
4. I am a dark brown drink whose Italian name is *caffè*.
5. I take my name from *mosca*, the Spanish word for "fly."
6. I am from a Russian word meaning "frozen, treeless plain."
7. From an Algonquian word, I can fake being dead.
8. I am a Turkish word for a thick liquid food made from milk.
9. I am a large reindeer with an Algonquian name.
10. From the Yiddish *beigel*, I am a hard roll shaped like a ring.

DEFINITIONS Write the list word that fits each definition. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

11. a rainy season, from the Arabic word *mausim*
12. a hard, salty biscuit, from the German word *brezel*
13. a tropical storm, called a *hurakán* by the Taino people
14. a water-storage place, from the French word *réservoir*
15. an opening in the earth's crust, from an Italian word based on the ancient Roman god Vulcan
16. a destructive whirlwind, from the Spanish word *tronada*
17. a sluggish body of water, from the Choctaw word *bayuk*
18. a powder made from beans called *cacao* by the Spanish
19. a tropical storm, from the Chinese words *tai fung*
20. a pond or small lake connected with a larger body of water, from the Italian word *laguna*

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Use memory tricks to help you spell. Create memory tricks for two list words that are hard for you. Underline the matching letters in the list words and helpers.

21. _____

_____

22. _____

Take a Hint

A **mosquito** is hard to avoid. Remember: you'd like the mosquito to **quit** biting you!

PROOFREADING AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
⌒	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR CAPITALIZATION Capitalize the first word in every sentence and all proper nouns. For example:

When Hurricane andrew hit florida, it caused extensive damage.

Check for Capital Letters Read each sentence. Write correctly the five words that need capitalization.

However, that doesn't mean we're canceling our trip to whitman park. once there you can take a quiet ride on a blue lagoon. also, take a ride on the bayou on the Crocodile coaster.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

PROOFREAD A TRAVEL BROCHURE Find the six misspelled words and write them correctly. Some may be words you learned before. Also fix three capitalization errors.

We also offer trips to visit Mt. St. helen's, a volcano in washington. May be you'll canoe on the nearby resivore or lagune. a walk in the forest might bring you face to face with a caribo or opossum to. Finally, from your cabin you can watch the sun set while sipping a cup of hot coffee or coco.

Word List

hurricane	bagel
chimpanzee	mosquito
typhoon	cocoa
jaguar	pretzel
volcano	bayou
iceberg	tornado
monsoon	opossum
reservoir	lagoon
caribou	yogurt
tundra	coffee

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

WRITE A TRAVEL BROCHURE Write a travel brochure telling about a fantasy vacation place you want to visit. Use three list words and a personal word.

Review

WHO AM I? Use the clues and the words in the box to decide who is speaking.

1. All I am is a big ice cube floating in the ocean.
2. I don't care if I look like one—I am *not* a doughnut!
3. People who like chocolate love me.
4. I am a huge circular storm that was born in the Atlantic Ocean, and you don't want me to grow up and reach land!
5. Many people think of me as a "wake-up call" in the morning.
6. I am a pain in the neck—or arm, or face, or leg, or . . . .
7. I may look somewhat like a gorilla, but I think I'm *much* cuter.
8. I may be just a little body of water, but I have connections.
9. Everyone thinks of me as a terrifying cloud.
10. I may look like a mountain, but don't get near me when I let off steam!

chimpanzee	iceberg
bagel	hurricane
coffee	cocoa
tornado	volcano
mosquito	lagoon

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Word Study

SIMILES When you compare two unlike things using the word *like* or *as,* you are creating a **simile** (sim′ ə lē). For instance, if your little sister were bothering you while you're trying to read, you could say:

My sister is as pesky as a mosquito.

Similes are useful tools you can use in your writing to help create images in your readers' minds. Can't you just see your little sister as a mosquito, buzzing around your head?

You might also use the words in the box to create similes. Complete each simile with one of those words.

1. "Come in and sit by the fire," Grandma said. "You look as cold as an ___."
2. The runner looks like a ___ as she gracefully leaps over the hurdles.
3. While stretching in yoga class, we each looked like a ___.
4. His eyes were as blue as the water in a ___.
5. The cave was as black as a cup of ___.
6. He smiled like a ___ eating a bunch of bananas.
7. The four-year-old stormed into the room like a ___.

hurricane
lagoon
chimpanzee
jaguar
iceberg
pretzel
coffee

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

Related Words 2

SPELLING FOCUS

Related words often have parts that are spelled the same but pronounced differently: **elastic, elasticity; detect, detection.**

STUDY Say each pair of related words and notice how the pronunciation changes. Then read each sentence.

1.	**elastic**	The **elastic** in the waistband was loose.
2.	**elasticity**	This stretchy fabric has **elasticity.**
3.	**detect**	Doctors didn't **detect** her illness.
4.	**detection**	Computers aid in crime **detection.**
5.	**alternate**	The **alternate** route is farther south.
6.	**alternative**	His **alternative** was to stay home.
7.	**economy**	People prosper in a strong **economy.**
8.	**economics**	She taught **economics** at a university.
9.	**normal**	The heat is **normal** for the season.
10.	**normality**	I like **normality** in daily life.
11.	**concentrate**	We must **concentrate** during the test.
12.	**concentration**	Music improves my **concentration.**
13.	**initiate**	The club will **initiate** new members.
14.	**initiative**	My boss liked the worker's **initiative.**
15.	**restore**	The sheriff did **restore** order in town.
16.	**restoration**	He completed **restoration** of the house.
17.	**evaluate**	The class will **evaluate** your speech.
18.	**evaluation**	Her teacher gave her an **evaluation.**
19.	**office**	The real estate **office** is downtown.
20.	**official**	The final score is **official.**

PRACTICE Which pairs of related words do you already know how to spell? Write these words first. Then write the word pairs that you don't know as well.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

WRITE Choose four sentences to rewrite as questions.

CHALLENGE!

distinct	distinction
confiscate	confiscation
contaminate	contamination

SENTENCE COMPLETION Complete each unfinished sentence in this diary entry with a pair of related words.

Dear Diary,

Today was the first day at my new school, and it really got off to a bad start. As I walked through the school door, I somehow tore the (1) in the waistband of my pants, and without (2), my pants were Droop City! I had no (3) but to pin them, since I don't exactly keep an (4) set of clothes in my backpack. I tried to put on an air of (5), as if it was perfectly (6) to walk around with my pants pinned together. I couldn't (7) in class and missed an easy answer, which caused one boy to say I must have left my (8) at home. So during lunch, I went to the principal's (9), where a lady who looked very (10) let me call home to ask Dad to bring me another pair of pants. What a relief that was!

WORD RELATIONSHIPS Write the list word that matches each definition. Then write the list word that is related to it.

11–12. to bring back
13–14. to find the value or amount of
15–16. a country's system of making and distributing goods
17–18. to discover
19–20. to begin

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

normalize abnormal normalcy

21. Write the list Word that is part of each word in the box _____

Then write the word in the box that fits each definition.

22. opposite of *normal* _____

23. condition of being normal _____

24. make normal _____

Did You Know?

Both **ecology** and **economy** are based on the same Greek word meaning "house." **Ecology** is the study of our "house," which is Earth. **Economics** is the study of how we manage the finances in our house.

PROFFREADING AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
⌒	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR CARELESS ERRORS Sometimes we write too quickly or we write carelessly and drop or add letters to words.

A worsening ~~econnomy~~ economy indicates that ~~alernate~~ alternate health care coverage is needed, a White House press release stated.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

Check for Added or Dropped Letters Read each sentence. Correct the seven words that are misspelled because of added or dropped letters.

The Presiden will initiate steps to pass a health bil. Meanwhile, many senator opose the idea. "Who will pay for all the exspencses?" Sen. Kole demaded. "Are the taxpayers once again going to get stuck restoing our economy?"

PROOFREAD A NEWS STORY Correct six misspelled words. Four misspellings are careless errors. Some may be words you learned before.

In the Oval Office, the President promised the restoration of health benefits or at least a return to normallity. "We must consintrate on an evalation of health care that will help everbody," the President said. Later, a White House offical said, "That's the President's first initative on this issue."

Word List

concentrate	economy
concentration	economics
elastic	normal
elasticity	normality
initiate	evaluate
initiative	evaluation
alternate	office
alternative	official
restore	detect
restoration	detection

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

WRITE A NEWS STORY Write a brief news story about an event in your neighborhood. Present details from most to least important. Use three list words and a personal word.

Review

DEFINITIONS Write the word from the box that means the same as the underlined word or phrase in each sentence.

~~elastic~~	~~alternative~~
elasticity	~~economy~~
~~detect~~	economics
~~detection~~	~~normal~~
~~alternate~~	normality

1. There was an appearance of usualness about the busy house. 1. _____
2. Her degree in the science of goods and services allowed her to work for the government. 2. _____
3. The rubberized tape in my jacket's waistband no longer holds it comfortably tight. 3. _____
4. The road sign said we would have to use the different road for six months. 4. _____
5. The police officer received an award for his abilities at the discovery of the habits of criminals. 5. _____
6. That rubber band is too old to have much flexibility. 6. _____
7. When the tire went flat, we felt we had no other choice than to walk. 7. _____
8. This is not the regular way I like to do things. 8. _____
9. The system of goods and services management of the United States was in serious trouble in the 1930s. 9. _____
10. By putting blue coloring into the water, the plumber could find the leak. 10. _____

Word Study

CONTEXT: SYNONYMS Imagine that you read this in an article in your reading book: "Maria took the lead and started a neighborhood baby-sitting service. Her *initiative* is beginning to pay off for her." If *initiative* were an unfamiliar word, you could still get its meaning from the **context,** or words around it. Here, the word *lead* is a **synonym** for *initiative* and provides a clue to its meaning.

Write the synonym or synonym phrase in each sentence below that gives you a clue to the underlined word's meaning.

1. Her entrepreneurialism is rare these days. It takes courage to show such risky effort. 1. _____
2. State licensing at first was difficult, but once she received that permission, Maria was off and running. 2. _____
3. Services of a pediatrician were needed, but few children's doctors would offer their services. 3. _____
4. Their expertise was needed in case a child became suddenly ill and their knowledge could help save a life. 4. _____
5. Food purveyors were hired as suppliers of milk and snacks. 5. _____
6. Maria's dogged determination won recognition from the mayor, who said, "Being stubborn can be good." 6. _____

Number Prefixes

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

SPELLING FOCUS

Some prefixes show an amount or number. The prefix **bi-** means "two" or "twice," **tri-** means "having three" or "three," **semi-** means "half" or "partly," and **uni-** means "one."

STUDY Read each word and sentence. Notice that each word begins with **bi-**, **tri-**, **semi-**, or **uni-**.

1.	**biweekly**	The magazine is issued **biweekly.**
2.	**bicycle**	He traveled 3,000 miles on a **bicycle.**
3.	**triangle**	I drew three lines to make a **triangle.**
4.	**triple**	This raise will **triple** her income.
5.	**triplets**	She gave three gifts to the **triplets.**
6.	**semicircle**	We sat in a **semicircle** around a fire.
7.	**semisweet**	This recipe uses **semisweet** chocolate.
8.	**semifinals**	The team reached the **semifinals.**
9.	**unison**	The guests said "Surprise!" in **unison.**
10.	**universal**	The feelings of joy were **universal.**
11.	**bifocals**	Dad wears **bifocals** for reading.
12.	**bicentennial**	The **bicentennial** was in 1976.
13.	**biceps**	Lifting weights can strengthen **biceps.**
14.	**tripod**	The camera is resting on a **tripod.**
15.	**trillion**	A **trillion** is more than a billion.
16.	**semiprivate**	Each worker had a **semiprivate** office.
17.	**semicolon**	Put a **semicolon** between the sentences.
18.	**unicycle**	A clown rode a **unicycle.**
19.	**unify**	Pep rallies help **unify** the school.
20.	**unique**	The inventor had a **unique** idea.

CHALLENGE!

bicultural
trigonometry
semiprofessional
semiprecious
uniformity

PRACTICE Sort the words by writing

- five words with **uni-**
- five words with **bi-**
- five words with **semi-**
- five words with **tri-**

WRITE Choose three sentences to include in a paragraph.

DEFINITIONS Write the list word that means the same as the underlined word or phrase in each sentence.

1. Food and shelter are needs that are common to all.
2. Ever since they had three children born at the same time, our neighbors are very busy.
3. When she arrives, shout "Surprise!" in perfect agreement.
4. She developed her large frontal upper-arm muscles.
5. For his three-part-scoop cone, he ordered chocolate, strawberry, and vanilla ice cream.
6. It's difficult to keep upright on a vehicle with one wheel.
7. My father has eyeglasses with two lenses for each eye.
8. The new leader wants to unite the regions into one country.
9. It's so clear out, you can see a thousand billion stars.
10. I'm hoping to get a two-wheeled vehicle for my birthday.
11. That scarf is unusual, but it's not one of a kind.

WORD FORMS Write the list word that contains each base word.

12. private
13. angle
14. sweet
15. weekly
16. finals
17. centennial
18. colon
19. pod
20. circle

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Add the prefix **semi-** to each base word to make a new word. Remember that adding a prefix does not change the spelling of the base word.

21. conscious _____

22. monthly _____

23. official _____

24. skilled _____

25. soft _____

Take a Hint
Unique means "one of a kind." That's why calling something "most unique," "very unique," or "quite unique" is redundant. If something is one of a kind, it can't be very one of a kind!

PROOFREADING AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
ℓ	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____

PROOFREAD FOR USAGE Some pronouns can be singular or plural, depending on how they are used.

> Most of the bicycle training was hard, and most of the athletes were young.

Notice that in the first half of the sentence, **most** has a singular meaning, and so the singular verb **was** is used. In the second half of the sentence, **most** has a plural meaning, and so the plural verb **were** is used. Other pronouns that can be singular or plural include *all*, *any*, *none*, and *some*.

Check for Subject-Verb Agreement Read each sentence. Correct the four errors in agreement by writing the correct verb.

1. All of the bikers is riding a unicycle.
2. Is any of the events open for amateurs?
3. Some of the participants possesses well-developed biceps.
4. Most of the money raised are going to charity.

PROOFREAD A SPORTSCAST Correct six misspelled words. Also fix two errors in subject-verb agreement.

Welcome to the bi-weekly Lincoln Park bycycle race. All of the spectators hopes the semi-finals will be exciting. Riders will ride a uncycle in a semecircle. Most of the judging are being done by former riders themselves. Lets cheer them on!

Word List

triple	universal
biweekly	triplets
semicircle	semifinals
unicycle	unique
semisweet	tripod
bifocals	bicentennial
trillion	unify
unison	bicycle
biceps	triangle
semicolon	semiprivate

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

WRITE A SPORTSCAST Write a brief sportscast of an event you have seen or one you make up. Use three list words and a personal word.

Review

WORDS IN CONTEXT Write the word from the box that completes each sentence.

biweekly	semicircle
bicycle	semisweet
triangle	semifinals
triple	unison
triplets	universal

1. I thought the girls were twins and was surprised to learn they have a sister—they are ___!
2. While some people like bitter chocolate, many like it ___.
3. My little sister has been riding a four-wheeled scooter, but now she wants to ride a ___.
4. A square has four sides, while a ___ has three.
5. The choir sang the first verse in four parts and the second verse in ___.
6. He traced around the coin far enough to make a ___.
7. I can't afford piano lessons every week, so I take them ___.
8. Henry slid safely into third base after hitting a ___.
9. A love for kittens is not ___; some people can't stand them.
10. She qualified during the ___ and is now in the final race.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Word Study

GREEK AND LATIN ROOTS: BODY WORDS You know that **bi-** means "two," but what are **ceps** anyway? Words with **ceps** or **cap** in them are related, coming from a Latin word meaning "head." **Biceps** are muscles (in your arm) with two heads or sources. A **capital** is the head of a region. Other "body" word parts are shown in the chart at the right.

Word Parts		
emia, hem	=	blood
ceps, cap	=	head
cor	=	heart
corp	=	body

hemorrhage **cordial** **captain** **cape** **corporation**
hemophilia **concord** **discord**

Write the word from the box above that best fits each clue below. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

1. a heavy discharge of blood from a blood vessel
2. the leader of a ship
3. a garment usually fastened around the neck
4. group of people with authority to act as a single body
5. disharmony or a pulling apart of hearts
6. harmony or a bringing of hearts together in agreement
7. a blood disorder in which clotting isn't normal
8. heartfelt, warm, and friendly

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____

Latin Roots 2

SPELLING FOCUS

Many words have the Latin roots **vis,** meaning "see"; **dict,** meaning "say" or "speak"; **spect,** meaning "look"; and **aud,** meaning "hear": **vision, prediction, suspect, auditorium.**

STUDY Say each word. Then read the sentence.

1.	**vision**	An eye doctor said I have good **vision.**
2.	**supervision**	My job is the **supervision** of children.
3.	**revise**	All writers must **revise** their work.
4.	**prediction**	The forecaster's **prediction** was right.
5.	**contradict**	A witness may **contradict** that story.
6.	**suspect**	The police arrested a **suspect.**
7.	**spectator**	A **spectator** caught the foul ball.
8.	**auditorium**	A program was held in the **auditorium.**
9.	**audio-visual**	I did an **audio-visual** project on ants.
10.	**audit**	The accountant will **audit** the records.
11.	visible	The mountain isn't **visible** in the fog.
12.	provision	The agreement had an added **provision.**
13.	dictation	We took notes from a **dictation** tape.
14.	verdict	The jury finally reached a **verdict.**
15.	dictator	A cruel **dictator** rules that nation.
16.	spectacle	The parade was a wonderful **spectacle.**
17.	inspector	A customs **inspector** checked my bag.
18.	spectacular	The tightrope act was **spectacular.**
19.	audible	A few giggles were **audible.**
20.	audition	Many actors went to the film **audition.**

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

PRACTICE Sort the words by writing

- one word containing both **aud** and **vis**
- four other words containing **aud**
- five other words containing **vis**
- five words with **dict**
- five words with **spect**

WRITE Choose ten words to write in sentences.

CHALLENGE!

visibility
valedictorian
introspection
prospective
inaudible

PATTERNS Write the list words that end with **-sion** and **-tion**.

-sion	-tion
1. _____	4. _____
2. _____	5. _____
3. _____	6. _____

MAKING INFERENCES Write the list word that completes each sentence.

7. He doesn't actually play any sports; he prefers being a ___.
8. Only the tops of the mountains were ___ through the fog.
9. We are all gathering in the ___ for lessons on first aid.
10. The band put on a ___ performance at half time.
11. After seizing control of the government, he ruled as a ___.
12. He is the chief ___ in the robbery of the gas station.
13. Now that I have everyone's comments, I will ___ my plan.
14. Although she spoke softly, her comment was still ___.
15. Her lawyer is sure that the ___ will be "Not guilty."
16. A safety ___ is coming to examine the new elevator.
17. The company hired a professional to ___ its accounts.
18. The ___ presentation was ruined by a faulty projector.
19. A royal wedding is always quite a ___.
20. Please don't ___ me; I know more about it than you do.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Add the suffix to each base word to make a new word. Remember: when an ending that begins with a vowel is added to a word that ends with a consonant and **e**, the **e** is dropped.

Add –ary	Add –ory
21. provision	23. supervise
_____	_____
22. vision	24. contradict
_____	_____

Did You Know?

The word *dictator* literally means "I have spoken." In the ancient Roman republic, a dictator was an official appointed by the senate to deal with a national emergency. Just about everything the dictator said had to be obeyed.

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
ℯ	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR PUNCTUATION
Always use an apostrophe correctly in contractions. For example:

Don't miss this spectacle or you'll regret it!

Check Contractions Correct the five errors in using contractions.

All students who cant attend tomorrow's game should'nt be disappointed. Come to tonight's spectacular pep rally. Youre bound to be wowed by the sounds of our band. Theyre going to stir up your team spirit. Theres' nothing more exciting than a big pep rally!

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

PROOFREAD A PUBLIC ADDRESS ANNOUNCEMENT
Find the six misspelled words and write them correctly. Some may be words you learned before. Also fix two contractions.

Attention, please I do´nt want to sound like a dictater, but many of you missed the audatorium because of the rain. The combined vizion of our band and cheerleaders blended into an event you shouldnt have missed! Though the Tigers whent scoreless and lost 73-0, every spekator had a great time.

Word List

inspector	contradict
audible	auditorium
spectacle	spectator
dictation	audition
revise	audio-visual
verdict	suspect
prediction	provision
visible	supervision
dictator	spectacular
audit	vision

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

WRITE A PUBLIC ADDRESS ANNOUNCEMENT Write a public address announcement you might give to your school. As you write, think of ways to keep your message brief. Use three list words and a personal word.

Review

CLASSIFYING Write the word from the box that best belongs in each group.

1. gymnasium, cafeteria, ___
2. forecast, prophecy, ___
3. plan, write, ___
4. deny, disagree, ___
5. judge, police officer, ___
6. management, control, ___
7. review, examine, ___
8. taste, hearing, ___
9. football player, cheerleader, ___
10. ears and eyes, multi-sensory, ___

vision	suspect
supervision	spectator
revise	auditorium
prediction	audio-visual
contradict	audit

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Word Study

USING EXACT WORDS Any kind of **inspector** must use exact words in a report. A fire inspector must be precise in pointing out fire code violations. Police inspectors must say exactly what they mean when investigating a crime. Otherwise, an innocent person might be arrested and a guilty person allowed to be free. Notice how the beginning of this report can be improved:

blaze three-level apartment
The ~~fire~~ in the house started in the basement and spread to the occupied
~~other~~ floors.

Improve the rest of the report by asking yourself questions such as "How many? How much? Where? What kind?" Make improvements at each numbered place. You may add or change words as you like. Choose words from the box if you wish.

(1) Some occupants got out through the **(2) door,** while **(3) other** occupants got out through a **(4) window.** There was **(5) a lot of** damage. One **(6) young** victim suffered a burn, while an **(7) older** victim suffered from breathing smoke. **(8) Some** firefighters fought the **(9) fire.** The source of the fire seems to have been **(10) stuff** in the basement.

three	~~smoke~~
bedroom	second
front	three-year-old
extensive	sixty-seven-year-old
twenty-two	paint and rags
blaze	

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Using Just Enough Letters

SPELLING FOCUS

Pronouncing a word correctly and picturing how it looks can help you avoid writing too many letters.

1. _____
2. _____
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16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

STUDY Read each word and its sentence. Notice how each word looks and sounds and how many letters it has.

1.	**algebra**	I had to solve three **algebra** problems.
2.	**especially** ✻	He is **especially** fond of action films.
3.	**drowning**	Julie was in danger of **drowning.**
4.	**truly**	She **truly** loves her three cats.
5.	**escape**	He made an **escape** over the fence.
6.	**tragedy**	It wasn't a comedy, but a **tragedy.**
7.	**explode**	The bomb will **explode** underwater.
8.	**appreciate**	Your mother will **appreciate** this gift.
9.	**Washington**	I saw the White House in **Washington.**
10.	**fulfill**	Many volunteers gladly **fulfill** a need.

11.	**privilege**	It was a **privilege** to meet the mayor.
12.	**lantern**	A pretty **lantern** lit up the garden.
13.	**icicles**	Sparkling **icicles** hung from the trees.
14.	**souvenir**	She bought a **souvenir** in London.
15.	**nuclear**	Many states have **nuclear** power plants.
16.	**escort**	He will **escort** his wife to the dance.
17.	**arthritis**	Her hands ache due to **arthritis.**
18.	**sherbet**	We had pineapple **sherbet** for dessert.
19.	**remnants**	The quilt was made of fabric **remnants.**
20.	**bachelor**	He is a **bachelor** who lives alone.

CHALLENGE!

judgmental
argumentative
excursion
pavilion
consumable

PRACTICE First write the words that are easiest for you to spell correctly. Then write the words that are more difficult for you to spell correctly.

WRITE Choose two sentences to write in a rhyme, riddle, or dialogue.

✻ **WATCH OUT FOR FREQUENTLY MISSPELLED WORDS!**

SYNONYMS Write the list word that means the same as each pair of synonyms. Use a dictionary if you need help.

1. fragments, leftovers
2. burst, erupt
3. particularly, chiefly
4. value, cherish
5. accompany, attend
6. satisfy, accomplish
7. keepsake, remembrance
8. flight, evasion

ANALOGIES Write the list word that completes each analogy.

9. Fake is to genuine as falsely is to ___.
10. Starving is to food as ___ is to air.
11. Laughing is to crying as comedy is to ___.
12. Husband is to married as ___ is to single.
13. Cell is to cellular as nucleus is to ___.
14. Pneumonia is to the lungs as ___ is to the joints.
15. Light bulb is to lamp as candle is to ___.
16. Biology is to science as ___ is to mathematics.
17. London is to United Kingdom as ___ is to United States.
18. Snow is to snowballs as ice is to ___.
19. Milk is to beverage as ___ is to dessert.
20. Duty is to obligation as honor is to ___.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
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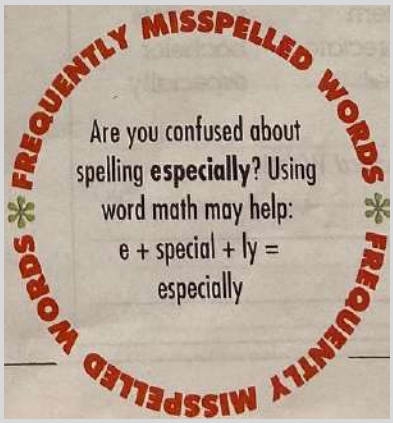
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

We sometimes spell words wrong because we say them wrong. Write *especially*, *algebra*, *nuclear*, *escape*, *drowning*, *Washington*, *arthritis*, and *sherbet*. Now say each word carefully. Be sure to pronounce the sounds of the underlined letters.

21. _____
22. _____
23. _____
24. _____
25. _____
26. _____
27. _____
28. _____


FREQUENTLY MISSPELLED WORDS
Are you confused about spelling **especially**? Using word math may help:
e + special + ly =
especially

PROOFREADING AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
ℓ	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR PUNCTUATION Use a colon after the greeting in a business letter, between the hours and minutes when you write time, and when introducing a list.

Dear Sir or Madam:
Your trip to Washington is scheduled to depart at 4:30 P.M. Be sure to bring the following: passport, tickets, and a snack.

Check for Colons Read part of another letter. Correct the five errors by writing the word and the colon that should follow it or by correctly writing the time of day.

Dear Ms. Berentstein
We at Cutesy Computers are especially happy that you've asked about our TST-9000 computer. These features might truly appeal to you 5K memory, color graphics, and sound board. We have computers in these price ranges $700, $800, and $900. Stop by our booth. We're open from 830 to 430.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

PROOFREAD A BUSINESS LETTER Correct six misspelled words in the body of this letter. Some may be words you learned before. Also fix three errors in using colons.

To Whom It May Concern

It's a tradgedy that in Washinton one can't walk anywhere without souvenior stands! By 1000 A.M. the stands are up and remnants of sellers are there intill 630. Do some thing! Shorten their hours and escort them away if they dont obey!

Word List

algebra	souvenir
nuclear	drowning
truly	escort
privilege	Washington
escape	arthritis
tragedy	sherbet
explode	fulfill
lantern	remnants
appreciate	bachelor
icicles	especially

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

WRITE A BUSINESS LETTER Write a business letter complaining about something. Don't forget to use correct business letter form. Use three list words and a personal word. See page 245 for correct business letter form.

Review

CONTEXT Write the boxed word that completes each sentence.

algebra	tragedy
especially	explode
drowning	appreciate
truly	Washington
escape	fulfill

1. People ___ a smile and a compliment.
2. The loss of lives and property because of a hurricane is a ___.
3. If you work hard and keep your goals in sight, you can ___ your dreams.
4. Whales and dolphins must reach the ocean's surface and breathe to keep from ___.
5. I am ___ glad that my grandparents came to my party.
6. No one knew how the octopus could ___ from the jar.
7. After the teacher gave the assignment, the room seemed to ___ into activity.
8. Our senators and representatives go to ___ in January.
9. With relief, she wrote "Yours ___" and signed the note.
10. Although he studied the mathematics hard, he just couldn't understand ___.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Using a *Thesaurus*

VIVID WRITING Skilled writers make their writing interesting by using vivid synonyms in place of less interesting words. Which of these sentences is more vivid?

I was very happy that the cruel criminal had been caught.
I was especially glad that the vicious hoodlum had been captured.

Looking up a word in a thesaurus will show you its synonyms. Some of them may have slightly different meanings, but some may have meanings similar to but more vivid than the word you are using. In each sentence, choose the best one of the three words or phrases in parentheses. For help, use the entry words *escape, especially,* and *explode* in your Writer's Thesaurus.

1. Because of his experience, the detective was able to **(escape/fly the coop from/elude)** the crooks chasing him.
2. In the book *Mrs. Frisby and the Rats of NIMH,* intelligent rats **(break out of/get out of/elude)** their cages in a laboratory.
3. The fire spread so quickly that the building seemed to **(go off/explode/burst)** into flames.
4. Firefighters were concerned that the fire **(particularly/specifically/very much)** would reach the dynamite.
5. If the dynamite had detonated, the entire tiny town could have **(blown up/burst/blasted).**

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

Review

Lesson 25: Words from Many Cultures
Lesson 26: Related Words 2
Lesson 27: Number Prefixes
Lesson 28: Latin Roots 2
Lesson 29: Using Just Enough Letters

REVIEW WORD LIST

1. bagel
2. caribou
3. chimpanzee
4. cocoa
5. coffee
6. jaguar
7. lagoon
8. opossum
9. tornado
10. tundra
11. typhoon
12. alternative
13. concentrate
14. economics
15. economy
16. evaluate
17. evaluation
18. initiate
19. normal
20. official
21. restoration
22. restore
23. bicentennial
24. bicycle
25. bifocals
26. trillion
27. triple
28. triplets
29. unicycle
30. unique
31. audio-visual
32. auditorium
33. prediction
34. provision
35. spectacular
36. spectator
37. suspect
38. visible
39. vision
40. algebra
41. appreciate
42. escape
43. especially
44. icicles
45. lantern
46. remnants
47. souvenir
48. tragedy
49. truly
50. Washington

PROOFREADING

Find the spelling errors in each passage and write the words correctly. All passages have seven errors except the last one, which has eight.

PROOFREAD A DESCRIPTIVE PARAGRAPH

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

Now is the season when icecicles hang from every balcony and railing, when remanants of old leaves are frozen in ice, and the park looks like frozen tundre. Now the perdiction for tomorrow is for a tripple threat of wind, snow, and cold. Now the only vizion I want to see before my eyes is a cup of steaming coca. Now is definitely winter.

PROOFREAD A FRIENDLY LETTER

December 15, 20__

Dear Cathy,

When you come to visit for the holidays, you will get to meet the exchange student staying with us. He's studying ecomnics at the university, and sometimes he helps Paul with his algerbra. He is really a unige individual. I'm sure you will appriceate his stories of being in a tifoon in India. We have introduced him to our favorite bread, the begal, and he is an enthusiastic spectater at the college football games. See you soon!

Love,
Carolyn

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD A "HOW-TO" PARAGRAPH

Researching Your Family Tree

When researching your family tree, first consintrate on what you can find out from your family. After that you might get some offical records from your county courthouse. As an alternitive, you might ask your local librarian how to get information, expecially if your library has local histories. If you saspect that an ancestor may have fought in the Civil War, you may get his military record from the National Archives in Washinton. You can also write for a free booklet on how to inishiate a search.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

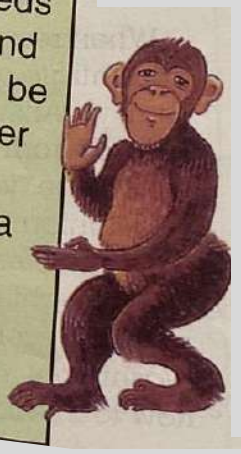
PROOFREAD A NOTICE

The restoreation of our school auditarium is complete, and the results are spectacleuar! All new audio-visal equipment has been installed, there is provison for many kinds of dramatic presentations, and the stage is now visibel from every seat. Come to our free opening concert Saturday, November 5, at 8 o'clock and make your own evaluatian of this magnificent place!

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD A BROCHURE

You can give the Lakeside Zoo a boost by adopting one of its residents. We have a lively chimpanzy who wants a friend, a stately camel who could use a helping hand, a cariboo who needs you, and a jagaur, some lions, and a lonely opposum just waiting to be adopted. P.S. Our flamingos over by the laggoon are truely lonesome and would consider it a privilege to be your "adoptees." Why not drop by and help *our* ecomony for a change?



PROOFREAD A THANK-YOU NOTE

May 7, 20__

Dear Friends,

We want to thank you for the help you gave us after the tornnado, which almost destroyed our home. You have helped us return to normel by contributing time and money to help restor our house. Although we did not completely ecsape tradgedy, we are well and safe. A trillon thank-yous from

Dave, Marie, and the triplits

(Sam, Sue, and Sara)

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD A JOURNAL ENTRY

Today our class took a trip to the historical society. They have exhibits of a lot of things that once belonged to people in our town. There was a bycicle with a huge front wheel and a little back wheel, a pair of old bifocils that once belonged to the woman who founded our town, an old landtern, a unicicle, a souveneer coffe cup from our town's bicentenial celebration, and some old bones! I'm not sure whose they were! We heard a talk about how the curators evalaute items they receive for display.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____

INTRODUCTION

Multisyllabic Words

SPELLING FOCUS

Long words are often easier to spell if you study them syllable by syllable: **con•sid•er•a•tion.**

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
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6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

STUDY Read each word, carefully pronouncing each syllable. Then read the sentence.

1. **consideration**	She shows **consideration** to others.
2. **communication**	He received my **communication.**
3. **punctuation**	The sentence has correct **punctuation.**
4. **unbelievable**	The story of her life is **unbelievable.**
5. **misunderstanding**	The friends had a **misunderstanding.**
6. **competitive**	Both teams are very **competitive.**
7. **encyclopedia**	Check the fact in an **encyclopedia.**
8. **emergency**	Police are ready for an **emergency.**
9. **reusable**	The container is **reusable.**
10. **calculator**	I use a **calculator** to check answers.

11. **untrustworthy**	The worker was **untrustworthy.**
12. **unpleasantness**	A fight created **unpleasantness.**
13. **condominium**	She lives in a **condominium.**
14. **untidiness**	He didn't mind the room's **untidiness.**
15. **ravioli**	My favorite Italian meal is **ravioli.**
16. **disagreeable**	A grumpy child acts **disagreeable.**
17. **exaggeration**	The story was a great **exaggeration.**
18. **uncontrollable**	He had an **uncontrollable** urge to cry.
19. **decaffeinated**	Ms. Clark drinks **decaffeinated** tea.
20. **instantaneously**	The fire started **instantaneously.**

CHALLENGE!

inappropriately
nonnegotiable
nondiscriminatory
unintimidated
mispronunciation

PRACTICE First write the words you think are easy to spell. Then write the ones you think are difficult.

WRITE Choose two sentences to write in an advertisement, slogan, or saying.

MAKING CONNECTIONS Write the list word that is missing from each person's statement.

1. Shopper: "I buy things in ___ containers to reduce waste."
2. Teacher: "You seem confused about the correct ___ to use at the end of a sentence."
3. Real estate agent: "I just sold a ___ in that new building."
4. Librarian: "Try looking in the ___ for that information."
5. Bank supervisor: "Because our employees handle so much money, we can't risk hiring ___ people."
6. Restaurant customer: "I'll have a cup of ___ coffee."
7. Nurse: "Please show ___ for our patients by talking softly."
8. Coach: "We need a more ___ attitude in order to win."
9. Citizen: "I got batteries for my ___ so I can do my taxes."
10. Parent: "Please clean your room; I don't like such ___."
11. First-aid instructor: "In this kind of ___, don't try to move the victim by yourself."
12. Waiter: "Our special tonight is ___ with tomato sauce."

PRONUNCIATIONS Write the list word for each pronunciation given.

13. kə myü′nə kā′shən
14. in′stən tā′nē əs lē
15. un′kən trō lə bəl
16. dis′ə grē′ə bəl
17. un′bi lē′və bəl
18. un′plez′nt nis
19. eg zaj′ə rā′shən
20. mis′un′dər stan′ding

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
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16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

STRATEGIC SPELLING

Choosing the Best Strategy

Write two list words that you find hard to spell. Which strategy could help you spell each word? Name the strategy and tell why you chose it. Then compare choices with a partner. For a list of strategies, see pages 142–143.

21. _____

_____

22. _____

_____

Did You Know?

Before the devices we know as calculators were invented, *calculator* referred only to a person who was good at arithmetic.

PROFFREADING AND WRITING

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
ℓ	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR PUNCTUATION
Use commas to separate three or more words or phrases in a series. For example:

> Your pet will need a comb, brush, collar, and leash.

Check Commas Read this advertisement. Write the five words that should be followed by a comma; write the commas after them.

> Dog-walker: I am available for dog-walking every day from 3:00 to 5:00 P.M. I can pick up your pet right at your townhouse apartment condominium, or house. I have experience with dogs of all sizes: poodles spaniels retrievers dachshunds, and Great Danes. My rates are low.

PROOFREAD AN ADVERTISEMENT Correct five misspelled words in this advertisement. Some may be words you learned before. Also add three missing commas.

> Avoid the unpleasentness of an uncontrolable, disagreable pet. Don't wait untill it's too late. Bring your dog to Pooch Pet School. Your dog will learn to heel sit lie down, and stay. Teach your pet to obey your commands instantaneously. It's no exageration to say that your dog will learn to be a well-behaved reliable, and trustworthy companion.

Word List

consideration	ravioli
communication	disagreeable
punctuation	encyclopedia
unbelievable	calculator
misunderstanding	emergency
untrustworthy	reusable
competitive	uncontrollable
unpleasantness	decaffeinated
condominium	exaggeration
untidiness	instantaneously

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

WRITE AN ADVERTISEMENT Write an ad for a business you may run someday. Use three list words and a personal word.

Review

DEFINITIONS Write the boxed word that matches each clue.

1. thought given to a decision; thoughtfulness for others
2. a sudden need for immediate action
3. an incorrect meaning; the failure to figure out a correct meaning
4. a book or set of books giving information on all areas of knowledge
5. the marks that make written meaning clear; the use of such marks
6. a machine that solves number problems using various mathematical processes
7. that which can be used again
8. the giving or exchanging of information or news
9. having a desire to get what others are also trying to get
10. that which cannot be accepted as true

consideration
communication
punctuation
unbelievable
misunderstanding
competitive
encyclopedia
emergency
reusable
calculator

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Multicultural Connection

ENVIRONMENT All over the world, people choose dwellings that will protect them and make good use of the environment. For example, the Millers bought a condominium in the city. Being close to the bus, train, school, and work is important to them. The condominium owners all try to keep the building in good condition.

Think about the three types of homes below. Then write two reasons that a person would choose to live in each. Tell what would be important to the person and what protection he or she might need. Use some of the words in the box and add your own.

quiet	water
rivers	climate
religion	wind
school	safety
space	forests
buses	flooding

1. an apartment in a high-rise building _____

_____

2. a home for one family on a large piece of land _____

_____

3.an underground house _____

_____

Related Words 3

SPELLING FOCUS

Sometimes a letter is dropped or changed in words that are related in meaning: **permit, permission; explain, explanation.**

STUDY Say each pair of related words and notice how the spelling changes. Then read each sentence.

1.	**permit**	The teacher won't **permit** tardiness.
2.	**permission**	He had **permission** to stay up late.
3.	**extend**	They will **extend** the deadline one day.
4.	**extension**	I need an **extension** cord for my radio.
5.	**explain**	She will **explain** how to write a play.
6.	**explanation**	He had an **explanation** for being late.
7.	**pronounce**	She can **pronounce** words clearly.
8.	**pronunciation**	Find the **pronunciation** in a glossary.
9.	**curious**	He was **curious** so he asked questions.
10.	**curiosity**	The answer satisfied her **curiosity.**

11.	**collide**	Bicycles often **collide** in that race.
12.	**collision**	A train **collision** injured two people.
13.	**expand**	The museum will **expand** its collection.
14.	**expansion**	Classrooms will undergo an **expansion.**
15.	**repeat**	The teacher will **repeat** the question.
16.	**repetition**	I learned the poem through **repetition.**
17.	**maintain**	He will **maintain** good study habits.
18.	**maintenance**	Road **maintenance** means fixing roads.
19.	**generous**	My class made a **generous** contribution.
20.	**generosity**	Her **generosity** helps many people.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

PRACTICE Sort the words by writing
- four word pairs in which a consonant is changed
- six word pairs in which a vowel letter is changed or dropped

Underline the letters that are changed or dropped.

WRITE Choose four sentences to rewrite as questions.

CHALLENGE!

erode	erosion
acclaim	acclamation
emphasis	emphatic

RHYMES Write the list word that rhymes with the underlined word and makes sense in the sentence.

1. Try to retain what I'm about to ___.
2. With its new ___, the house is a mansion.
3. The rules don't ___ that type of wit.
4. If he asks, don't be furious; he can't help being ___.
5. She won't fail to ___ a hand to a friend.
6. Let me ___: please move your feet.
7. The French would denounce the way I ___.
8. Each year, it's a ___; their team wins the competition.
9. Due to popular demand, the store's hours will ___.
10. He blamed the cars' ___ on problems with his vision.
11. Monique struggled to ___ control of the airplane.
12. The principal added an ___ to the student's detention.

DEFINITIONS Write the list word that means the same as the underlined words.

13. My brother's responsible for the upkeep of his car.
14. They could give no reason for the cake's disappearance.
15. I've got Mom's consent to stay past ten o'clock.
16. All the volunteers were unselfish with their time.
17. Eva learns a lot because of her eager desire to know.
18. We were impressed with his willingness to share with others.
19. When players run into each other, they're often injured.
20. Lashon rehearsed his speech using clear sounds for each word.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

STRATEGIC SPELLING

Seeing Meaning Connections

repetitive
repeater

21–22. Write the two list words that are related in spelling and meaning to the words in the box. Then write the word in the box that fits each definition.

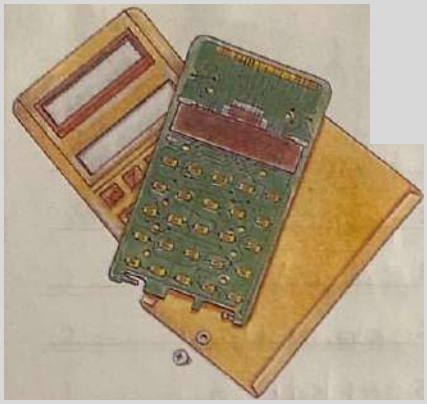
23. characterized by repetition
24. any person or thing that repeats

21. _____ 23. _____

22. _____ 24. _____

Did You Know?
Collide comes from a Latin prefix that means "together" and a root that means "strike."

PROOFREADING AND WRITING



≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
⌒	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR CARELESS ERRORS

Do you see the mistake in this sentence?

To have a a friend, you must be one.

The word *a* has been repeated. Correct careless mistakes like this when you proofread.

Check for Repeated Words In each sentence, write the word if it was repeated by mistake. If a sentence is correct, write "Correct."

1. We have a terrific math teacher at at Ridge Junior High.
2. I'm in her pre-algebra class this year.
3. She always gives us us a good explanation of the lesson.
4. She's generous in providing extra help to any any student.
5. In her class, we don't waste time with boring repetition.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

PROOFREAD A DESCRIPTION Find six misspelled words in this description and write them correctly. Some may be words you learned before. Also correct three careless errors.

Shaundra and I have been been best freinds ever since kindergarten. She is is thoughtful, generus, and curios. Her curiosity has gotten us both into trouble. Once we took my mom's calculator apart to see how it worked. I can't repete what what Mom said about that! It's fun being aroud Shaundra. I hope we maintane our friendship forever.

Word List

permit	pronounce
permission	pronunciation
generous	extend
generosity	extension
repeat	curious
repetition	curiosity
collide	expand
collision	expansion
maintain	explain
maintenance	explanation

Personal Words

1. _____

2. _____

WRITE A DESCRIPTION Write a description of someone you've known for a long time. Use two or three list words and a personal word.

Review

THEY SAID IT Write which boxed word each person said.

permit	explanation
permission	pronounce
extend	pronunciation
extension	curious
explain	curiosity

1. Child psychologist: Babies are naturally ___ about their world. 1. _____
2. Math teacher: Be prepared to ___ how to solve the problem. 2. _____
3. Judge: Your ___ leaves too many questions to be believed. 3. _____
4. Science teacher: A good scientist has a strong sense of ___. 4. _____
5. English teacher: I will ___ your paper's deadline for one week. 5. _____
6. Language teacher: Here is the way to ___ that word. 6. _____
7. Driving examiner: This card will ___ you to practice driving. 7. _____
8. Electrician: It is better to rewire a room than to use a lot of ___ cords. 8. _____
9. Principal: You have my ___ to put up the display. 9. _____
10. Detective: Your choice of words and ___ prove you aren't from this part of the country. 10. _____

Word Study

LATIN ROOT: *ten* The list words *extend* and *extension* and the words in the box have the root **ten** (also spelled **tend, tens,** and **tent**), which comes from the Latin word *tendere*, "to stretch."

Complete the word web with the words in the box. Use the Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

tendon	
pretentious	
intensify	
contend	

Complete each sentence with a word from the box.

5. Pollution in the area may ___ if another factory is built there. 5. _____
6. Farmers had to ___ with rising water in their fields during last summer's flood. 6. _____
7. I was embarrassed by my friend's ___ behavior. 7. _____
8. A ___ in Ray's hand was almost severed in the accident. 8. _____

Latin Roots 3

SPELLING FOCUS

Many words are made up of the Latin roots **mov, mot,** and **mob,** meaning "move"; **mit** and **miss,** meaning "send"; and **ced** and **cess,** meaning "go," "move," or "yield": **immovable, submit, procedure.**

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

STUDY Say each word. Then read the sentence.

1.	**immovable**	The huge crate was **immovable.**
2.	**emotion**	She expressed a deep **emotion** of joy.
3.	**locomotion**	Crawling is a baby's first **locomotion.**
4.	**mobile**	She lives in a cozy **mobile** home.
5.	**submit**	You may **submit** stories to the contest.
6.	**missile**	They prepared for the **missile** launch.
7.	**dismissal**	Class **dismissal** is early each Friday.
8.	**procedure**	We learned the fire drill **procedure.**
9.	**intercede**	The coach will **intercede** in a fight.
10.	**concession**	He made every **concession** he could.
11.	**motivate**	A reward will often **motivate** a dog.
12.	**motive**	The **motive** for the attack was unknown.
13.	**commotion**	We heard a **commotion** in the backyard.
14.	**immobilize**	A doctor will **immobilize** the patient.
15.	**transmitted**	The TV program was **transmitted** live.
16.	**remit**	He will **remit** a payment for the bill.
17.	**intermittent**	My pain is **intermittent,** not constant.
18.	**receding**	The **receding** water left behind mud.
19.	**procession**	A **procession** of soldiers marched by.
20.	**predecessor**	The executive's **predecessor** retired.

CHALLENGE!

promotional
missionary
commissary
antecedent
accessible

PRACTICE Sort the words by writing

- eight words with **mov, mot,** or **mob**
- six words with **mit** or **miss**
- six words with **ced** or **cess**

WRITE Choose three sentences to include in a paragraph.

WORD ASSOCIATION Write the list word suggested by each group of words. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

1. method, steps
2. line of people, orderly march
3. feeling, happiness, anger
4. act of movement, walking, flying
5. admission, acknowledgment
6. send money, make payment
7. moving easily, changing easily
8. off-and-on, not continuous
9. bustle, confusion
10. fix firmly, make motionless
11. going backward, withdrawing
12. give in, yield, surrender

SYLLABLES Write the list words whose last syllables are given below.

13. __ ▪ sile
14. __ ▪ __ ▪ cede
15. __ ▪ __ ▪ vate
16. __ ▪ __ ▪ __ ▪ ble
17. __ ▪ __ ▪ __ ▪ sor
18. __ ▪ tive
19. __ ▪ __ ▪ ted
20. __ ▪ __ ▪ al

STRATEGIC SPELLING

Seeing Meaning Connections

motivational
motivate
unmotivated

Write the list word that is related in spelling and meaning to the words in the box.

21. _____

Then use the words in the box to complete the paragraph.

After last year's losing record, the Western Wildcats were an (22) group of soccer players. For weeks, the new coach tried to find a way to (23) them. In desperation, the coach finally decided to hire a professional speaker to give the team a (24) talk.

22. _____ 24. _____

23. _____

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

Take a Hint

Don't **miss** when you spell **dismissal** or **missile**.

PROOFREADING AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
⌒	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____

PROOFREAD FOR PUNCTUATION
Use commas correctly in the heading, greeting, and closing of a letter. For example:

611 Birch Lane
Hopkins, MN 55345
June 4, 20__

Dear Jeff,

Check for Commas Read these parts of a heading, greeting, and closing. Write each part correctly.

1. Amarillo TX 79107
2. May 31 20__
3. Dear Uncle John
4. Your nephew

PROOFREAD A LETTER Correct four misspelled words in this body of a letter. Also add two missing commas.

153 Grace Street
Ithaca, NY 14851
June 5, 20__

Dear Band Member

Once again band members will run the consesion stand at are football games. The proceedure will be explained prior to this week's game. Please submitt your name to me if you can help.

Sincerely

Mr. James Bestman

Word List

procedure	concession
procession	missile
remit	commotion
dismissal	motive
immovable	intercede
motivate	transmitted
mobile	immobilize
receding	intermittent
emotion	predecessor
submit	locomotion

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

WRITE A LETTER Write a friendly letter to your classmates. Try to use two list words and a personal word.

Review

immovable	missile
emotion	dismissal
locomotion	procedure
mobile	intercede
submit	concession

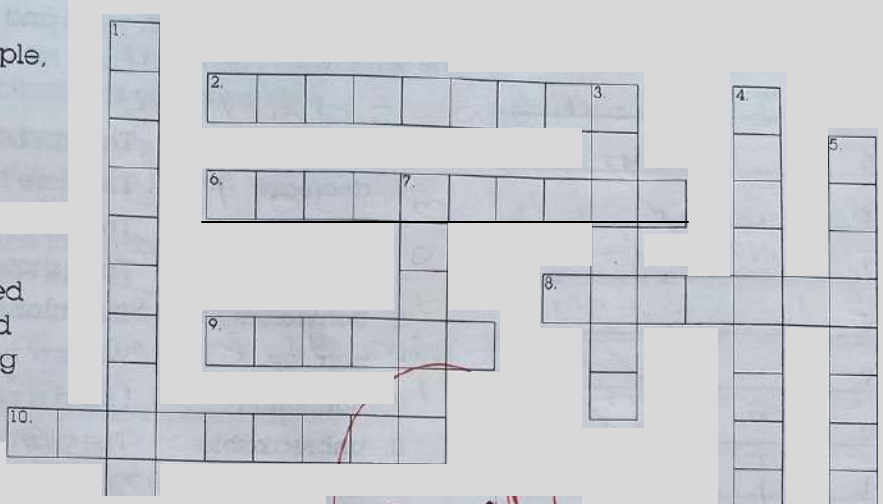
CROSSWORD PUZZLE Use the clues to help you fill in the puzzle with words from the box.

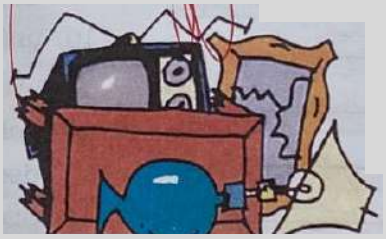
Across

2. cannot have location changed
6. the act or power of going from place to place
8. an object or weapon that is thrown or shot (for example, a self-propelled rocket)
9. to yield to the power or authority of someone else
10. a way of doing things

Down

1. anything granted or yielded
3. a strong feeling of any kind
4. the condition or act of being sent away or removed
5. to plead or ask a favor for someone else
7. easy to move





Using a *Dictionary*

SYNONYM STUDIES To be sure you are using synonyms correctly, look for **synonym studies** in dictionary entries. If you look up the word *motive*, for example, it will refer you to a synonym study under the entry for *reason*.

Write the synonyms that best complete the questions. Use the synonym study to help you decide.

1. What is the ___ that all this furniture is smashed?
2. What was the criminal's ___ for stealing the jewelry?
3. Is there a particular ___ you left your house unlocked?
4. Is lack of security a ___ of the thief's break-in?
5. Do you think keeping would-be thieves away is a good ___ for having a dog?

Syn. *n.* **1 Reason, cause, motive** mean that which makes something happen. **Reason** applies to a ground or occasion that explains why something has happened: *The reason they went to Arizona was the climate.* **Cause** applies to a person, thing, incident, or condition that directly brings about an action or happening: *The cause of his new diet was his doctor's warning about the dangers of being overweight.* **Motive** applies to the feeling or desire that makes a person do what he or she does: *His motive was to regain his health.*

1. _____ 3. _____ 5. _____

2. _____ 4. _____

Prefixes de-, dis-, non-, un-

SPELLING FOCUS

The prefixes **de-, dis-, non-,** and **un-** mean "not" or "the opposite of." They give the base word a negative meaning: **un + breakable = not breakable.**

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

STUDY Read each word and notice its prefix. Then read the sentence.

1.	**deodorant**	They put on **deodorant** after gym.
2.	**decrease**	The store had a **decrease** in business.
3.	**discontinue**	The plant may **discontinue** that model.
4.	**disrespect**	They showed **disrespect** by arguing.
5.	**nonviolent**	The minister led **nonviolent** protests.
6.	**nonstop**	We flew **nonstop** from Paris to Rome.
7.	**nonfiction**	I read a **nonfiction** book on baseball.
8.	**unbreakable**	The plastic dishes are **unbreakable.**
9.	**undefeated**	The team was **undefeated** last season.
10.	**unfortunately**	I **unfortunately** missed the phone call.
11.	**dehydrate**	Vigorous exercise may **dehydrate** you.
12.	**decline**	She had to **decline** the invitation.
13.	**disability**	He cannot work due to a **disability.**
14.	**disgraceful**	Their rudeness was **disgraceful.**
15.	**discourage**	The loss did not **discourage** the team.
16.	**nonexistent**	Forests are **nonexistent** in this desert.
17.	**nonprofit**	The **nonprofit** firm helps the homeless.
18.	**nonpoisonous**	That green snake is **nonpoisonous.**
19.	**unemployment**	The workers feared **unemployment.**
20.	**unconscious**	He lay **unconscious** after being hit.

CHALLENGE!

dehumidifier
disenchanted
nonessential
unpredictable
unbusinesslike

PRACTICE Sort the words by writing

- five words with **un-**
- five words with **dis-**
- six words with **non-**
- four words with **de-**

WRITE Choose ten words to write in sentences.

HIDDEN WORDS Each word below is the base of a list word. Write the list word.

1. fortunate
2. poison
3. break
4. grace
5. employ
6. odor
7. defeat
8. exist

CONTEXT CLUES Write the list word that completes each sentence. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

9. Most charities are ___ organizations.
10. Each apartment is designed so that a person with a physical ___ can live there independently.
11. Gerard had to politely ___ the invitation because he was ill.
12. You can buy packets of dried food or ___ your own food.
13. Rescuers pulled the ___ driver from his badly damaged car.
14. To cut costs, the company will ___ the practice of giving each employee a turkey at Thanksgiving.
15. The ___ in the number of daylight hours each fall means fewer outdoor activities.
16. She wrote a ___ book about her life as a reporter.
17. Don't let one failure ___ you from trying to reach your goal.
18. Read a thick book if you're flying ___ from coast to coast.
19. The students organized a ___ demonstration for peace.
20. She showed ___ by disobeying the family rules.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

STRATEGIC SPELLING

Building New Words

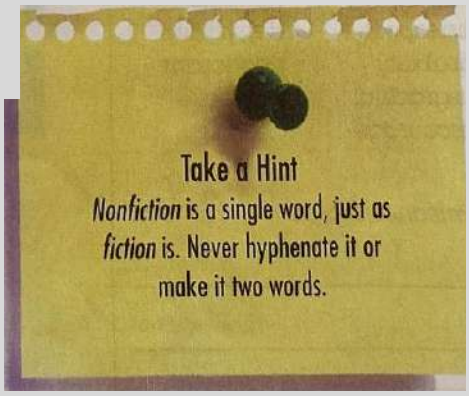
Make new words by adding the prefixes to these base words: *arm, breakable, color, toxic, advantage, fattening, comfort, smoker.*

Add dis-

21. _____
22. _____
23. _____
24. _____

Add non-

25. _____
26. _____
27. _____
28. _____



PROOFREADING AND WRITING

≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
⌒	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR USAGE Avoid sentence **fragments.** Make sure each sentence has a subject and verb and makes sense.

I was talking to the sales clerk about video games. Because my sister wants a new one for her birthday.

Check for Sentence Fragments Read each item below. If it is a fragment, write "F." If it is a complete sentence, write "Correct."

1. Because most video games are quite expensive.
2. Players can try out the latest game before they buy it.
3. Parents prefer to buy nonviolent video games.
4. With less money to spend in times of high unemployment.
5. Whenever games don't sell well.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

PROOFREAD A NEWS ARTICLE Correct five misspelled words in the news article. Also fix three sentence fragments.

Top Secret Toy Invented

Behind a veil of secrecy, Researchers in the toy industry announced the invention of the perfect toy. It promises to be everthing a child could hope for. It's guaranteed to be unbreakeable, it runs none stop without batteries. Unfortunatly, the new product will cost alot more than ordinary toys. As production increases. Its cost is expected to decline.

Word List

unbreakable	nonviolent
unemployment	nonstop
undefeated	nonexistent
unfortunately	nonprofit
unconscious	nonfiction
discontinue	nonpoisonous
disrespect	dehydrate
disability	deodorant
disgraceful	decrease
discourage	decline

Personal Words

1. _____

2. _____

WRITE A NEWS ARTICLE What do you think the perfect toy could be? Write a news article that identifies it. Use three list words and a personal word.

Review

ANALOGIES Write the word from the box that completes each analogy.

deodorant	nonstop
decrease	nonfiction
discontinue	unbreakable
disrespect	undefeated
nonviolent	unfortunately

1. Fairy tale book is to fantasy as science book is to ___. 1. _____
2. Pane of glass is to fragile as sheet of steel is to ___. 2. _____
3. Mouthwash is to bad breath as ___ is to sweat. 3. _____
4. City street is to stop and go as interstate highway is to ___. 4. _____
5. Cancel is to credit card as ___ is to magazine subscription. 5. _____
6. "I won the prize" is to luckily as "I missed the bus" is to ___. 6. _____
7. War is to destructive as compromise is to ___. 7. _____
8. Applauding the speaker is to honor as interrupting the speaker is to ___. 8. _____
9. Hose is to fill up as drain is to ___. 9. _____
10. A record of 0 and 10 is to winless as a record of 10 and 0 is to ___. 10. _____

Word Study

FIGURATIVE LANGUAGE: HYPERBOLE

One way to add emphasis or humor to speech and writing is by using **hyperbole** (hī pėr′bə lē), or exaggeration. Read the first sentence; then notice how the underlined hyperboles improve the second version.

Lydia was so happy that she almost felt unconscious. She even kissed her dog!

Lydia was so happy that her head floated past Mars. She gave her dog a million kisses!

Replace the underlined words below with your own hyperboles.

A man came into the yard. He was so tall that (1) he must have been over six and a half feet. "I saw your sign," he said. "I want to buy that one." He pointed down at Muggy, the last of Big Dog's new puppies. It was so ugly (2) no one else wanted it. Dad began to talk (3) fast. "This dog isn't much to look at but his nature is (4) as sweet as can be," he said. At this, Muggy looked (5) very scared and moved closer to Big Dog. "Will he be a good watchdog?" asked the man. Dad said, "This little fellow is so fierce that (6) your home will be very safe." With that, the man paid Dad, took Muggy, and turned to leave. Big Dog said good-by with a howl that (7) was very loud.

1. _____ _____
2. _____ _____
3. _____ _____
4. _____ _____
5. _____ _____
6. _____ _____
7. _____ _____

Unusual Spellings

SPELLING FOCUS

Some words have letter combinations that are unusual in English: **rhyme, crescent, foreign, raspberry, asthma.**

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

STUDY Say each word and notice its spelling. Then read the sentence.

1.	**rhyme**	*Blue* and *too* are words that **rhyme.**
2.	**rhythm**	The song has an unusual **rhythm.**
3.	**crescent**	The rolls had a **crescent** shape.
4.	**adolescent**	The **adolescent** years are from 12 to 20.
5.	**conscious**	She was **conscious** of a noise outside.
6.	**foreign**	Many students take **foreign** languages.
7.	**cologne**	The **cologne** smells like roses.
8.	**raspberry**	Mom made a tart **raspberry** pie.
9.	**asthma**	My wheezing is caused by **asthma.**
10.	**vehicle**	His **vehicle** is a red pick-up truck.
11.	**rhinoceros**	The **rhinoceros** is a huge animal.
12.	**rhinestone**	It is a **rhinestone**, not a real diamond.
13.	**fluorescent**	The office has **fluorescent** lighting.
14.	**reign**	The queen had a long, peaceful **reign.**
15.	**afghan**	I covered myself with a warm **afghan.**
16.	**psychology**	He studied the **psychology** of children.
17.	**psychiatrist**	The **psychiatrist** helped him recover.
18.	**pneumonia**	The patient contracted **pneumonia.**
19.	**heirloom**	That is a valuable **heirloom** rug.
20.	**shepherd**	A dog helps the **shepherd** find sheep.

PRACTICE Sort the words by first writing those that you know how to spell. Then write the words you need to study.

WRITE Choose three sentences to write in a rhyme, riddle, or dialogue.

CHALLENGE!

rhapsody
acquiesce
arraignment
pseudonym
graham cracker

CLASSIFYING Write the list word that belongs in each group.

1. adult, infant, ___
2. elephant, hippopotamus, ___
3. apple, cherry, ___
4. blanket, shawl, ___
5. ultraviolet, infrared, ___
6. geology, biology, ___
7. pediatrician, biologist, ___

MAKING INFERENCES Write the list word that fits each clue.

8. The moon's phases include full, new, quarter, and this shape.
9. This describes a country other than your own.
10. This person spends the day surrounded by animals.
11. You ride in or on this to go faster than you can walk.
12. A person with this disease may need to carry medicine for an unexpected attack.
13. In a poem, some lines may do this.
14. This describes a monarch's rule.
15. A person might buy this on a piece of jewelry.
16. A grandparent or parent may pass this down to you.
17. If perfume is too strong for you, you might prefer this.
18. The Greek word *pneumōn,* meaning "lung," is the root word for the name of this disease.
19. This is what you are when you are awake.
20. A drummer needs to have a good sense of this.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____
16. _____
17. _____
18. _____
19. _____
20. _____

STRATEGIC SPELLING

Choosing the Best Strategy

Write two list words that you find hard to spell. Which strategy could help you spell each word? Name the strategy and tell why you chose it. Then compare choices with a partner. For a list of strategies, see pages 142–143.

21. _____

_____

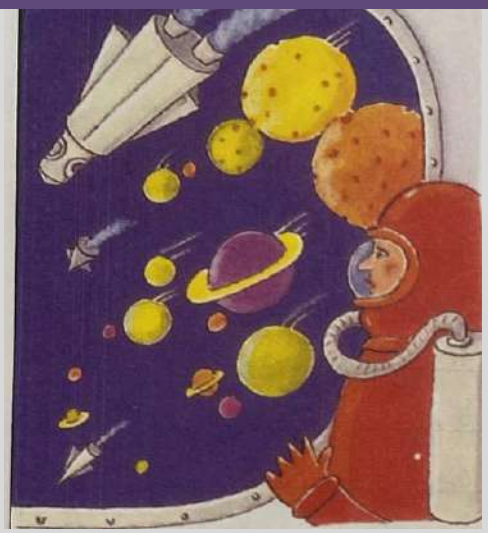
22. _____

_____

Did You Know?

The word *rhinestone* originally referred to gemstones made of quartz from the Rhine River in Europe. Most rhinestones today are made of glass.

PROOFREADING AND WRITING



≡	Make a capital.
/	Make a small letter.
∧	Add something.
ℓ	Take out something.
⊙	Add a period.
¶	New paragraph

PROOFREAD FOR CARELESS ERRORS
Do you see the careless spelling mistake in this sentence?

> The reign of King Rykor brought paece to Galaxy 679.

In the word *peace*, the letters **e** and **a** were reversed. When you proofread, watch out for reversed letters.

Check for Reversed Letters Correct the five careless misspellings.

> Our voyage to Galaxy 679 had bene uneventful. Now we eagerly awatied our arrival. Our destination sparkled like a rhinestone befoer us. Three crescent moons hung in the nihgt sky. Then, a violent explosion rocked uor spaceship.

PROOFREAD A STORY Correct eight misspelled words in this part of a story. Three are careless errors with reversed letters.

> *We where forced to flee Galaxy 679 in our badly damaged space vehicle. Pursued by rebel forces, we sought a place to hide. The flouresent ligths in the cabin dimmed as we entered the atmosphere. In moments we wruld land upon its rock-strewn, foreighn landscape. I suddelny became concious of the dryness in my throat and the strong rythum of my heartbeat.*

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Word List

rhinoceros	shepherd
psychology	rhythm
crescent	reign
vehicle	raspberry
foreign	afghan
pneumonia	cologne
adolescent	rhinestone
rhyme	asthma
heirloom	psychiatrist
fluorescent	conscious

Personal Words

1. _____
2. _____

WRITE A STORY Write the beginning of a science-fiction story. Try to use two or three list words and a personal word.

Review

CONTEXT CLUES Use the context to help you write the best word from the box.

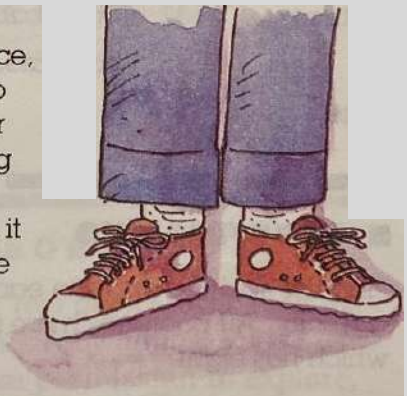
1. Put on this ___ to give you an appealing scent.
2. Some countries have a star and a ___ moon on their flags.
3. A sudden ___ of thumps may mean a problem with a car tire.
4. As some people wake up, they become ___ quite slowly!
5. The lunar rover, which allowed astronauts on the moon to travel several miles, was an odd-looking ___.
6. My sister gets ___ after running around in cool night air.
7. They always enjoy traveling to ___ countries.
8. Grape jam is all right, but I *really* enjoy ___ jam.
9. While childhood may be pleasant, the ___ years can be very stressful.
10. Poets have trouble finding words that ___ with "orange."

rhyme	foreign
rhythm	cologne
crescent	raspberry
adolescent	asthma
conscious	vehicle

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Word Study

IDIOMS "Put your best foot forward." When you hear this advice, you know someone is telling you to do your best, not where to put your feet. An expression whose meaning can't be understood from the ordinary meanings of the words in it is an **idiom.** You'll find idioms in the dictionary listed under the most important word. *Put your best foot forward* is under *foot.*



Many idioms use colors. Write the "color" idiom that completes each sentence. Use the Spelling Dictionary.

1. I had pneumonia last week, but now I'm ___.
2. If you practice football in extreme heat, you might ___.
3. The news that we were moving to Alaska came ___.
4. Mr. Wills will be so angry he'll ___ when I tell him about the window I broke.

Many idioms also use words that refer to parts of the body. Write the idiom with *head* that goes with each meaning below.

5. get overly excited
6. plan or plot with others
7. do something just right
8. make one conceited

black out
see red
out of the blue
in the pink

hit the nail on the head
go to one's head
lose one's head
put our heads together

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____

Review

Lesson 31: Multisyllabic Words
Lesson 32: Related Words 3
Lesson 33: Latin Roots 3
Lesson 34: Prefixes de-, dis-, non-, un
Lesson 35: Unusual Spellings

REVIEW WORD LIST

1. communication
2. competitive
3. condominium
4. disagreeable
5. exaggeration
6. ravioli
7. reusable
8. unbelievable
9. uncontrollable
10. unpleasantness
11. untrustworthy
12. collide
13. collision
14. curiosity
15. curious
16. explanation
17. extend
18. generous
19. maintain
20. permission
21. pronunciation
22. repetition
23. immovable
24. intermittent
25. missile
26. motivate
27. motive
28. procedure
29. procession
30. receding
31. disability
32. discourage
33. disrespect
34. nonfiction
35. nonprofit
36. nonstop
37. unbreakable
38. undefeated
39. unfortunately
40. afghan
41. cologne
42. conscious
43. crescent
44. foreign
45. heirloom
46. raspberry
47. rhinestone
48. rhythm
49. shepherd
50. vehicle

PROOFREADING

Find the spelling errors in each passage and write the words correctly. All passages have seven errors except the last one, which has eight.

PROOFREAD AN EXPOSITORY PARAGRAPH

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

Many science-fiction writers have written stories about robots, comunnication satellites, invasions from outer space (often by disagreeible aliens), the colision of planets, and time travel. Today some early science fiction seems like non fiction. In Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea, published in 1870, Jules Verne described an underwater vehickle many years before the development of nuclear-powered submarines, and many of the almost unbeleivable descriptions of space travel, reuseable satellites, and robots by later writers have become fact.

PROOFREAD A JOURNAL ENTRY

Tonight we boarded a non stop flight to the first foriegn country I have ever visited. As I watched the ground receeding, I was concsious of feeling homesick already. From my window seat, I could see a crecsent moon, and I felt as if I were on a missal hurtling through space. The rythm of the engines soon lulled me to sleep, however.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD A BOOK REVIEW

Review by Dan O'Brien

In The Secret of the Old Mine, two boys stumble on an abandoned gold mine in Arizona. They almost colide with an old prospector who gives them permissian to explore, but their curiosite leads to trouble. Once inside, they soon find the entrance blocked by imovable timbers. The genirous old prospector has apparently turned out to be untrusworthy. Suddenly, they begin to hear intermmitent tapping from deep within the mine, and the noise comes closer and closer until.... You will have to read the book to find out what happens.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD A MEMO

To: Production Staff
From: Miss Kelly

Below is a list of props and costumes needed for our production of "The Royal Wish." Please see me if you are unable to find the following articles. Do not bring valuable items! All items will be returned to their owners.

- unbreakible cup
- man's house slippers
- empty colone bottle
- old afgan
- velvet fabric in orange or rassberry color
- sandals that a sheperd would wear (size 9)
- old picture frame (supposed to look like an hairloom)
- costume jewelry, especially rinestone jewelry

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD A FRIENDLY LETTER

March 30, 20__

Dear Sylvia,

Have you ever eaten small pasta squares filled with cheese or meat? Then you know how good ravoili is. That is what Aunt Sophie fixed last night for dinner. I'm enclosing her recipe. The proceedure is rather complicated, but I don't want to descourage you. Maybe you will have an uncontrolable urge to cook! I was cureous to know why Aunt Sophie sold her restaurant, and her explanetion was that she seemed to be running a non profit business. Poor Aunt Sophie!

Your cousin,
Myra

PROOFREAD A NOTICE

To Whom It May Concern

I regret the unplaesentness which occurred outside the condonimium last evening. Although it is true that my four-year-old nephew was able to set off the fire alarm, it is an exagerration to claim, as some have, that he then said, "I woke up the mummies." His motef was in no way connected with the precession through the building lobby of people in their night clothes. Allowing for a child's pronounciation, I believe that he said, "I woke up Mommy." I am sure he meant no disrispect.

Apt. 21C

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

PROOFREAD A SPORTS STORY

Bees Sting Hornets

The Bees have gained a competetive edge this year despite the repitition of some of last year's faults, and they soundly beat the undifeated Hornets in Friday's game, 57-42. Apparently Coach Walker has been able to motevate the team, although unfortunatley, Chrissie Taylor was sidelined with a minor disibility. Steffi Baker scored twelve points for the Bees, and if she can manetain this strength, the Bees should exstend their winning streak when they play the Seals next week.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

Cross-Curricular Lessons

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topographic map
thematic map
political map
physical map
boundaries
cartographers
projection
distortion
elevations

_____

_____

SOCIAL STUDIES

Map Skills

How many types of maps do you think there are—five or ten, maybe? Actually, there are hundreds, each type useful in its own way. The list words relate to maps and map making. Add other words about maps to the list. Then do the activity. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need it.

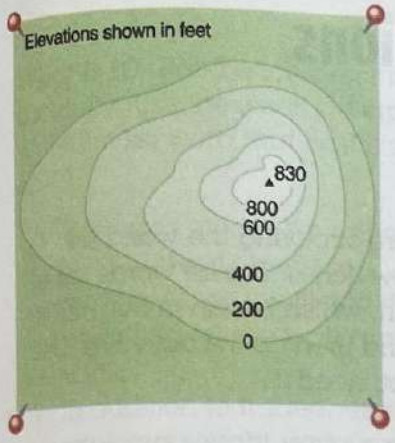
GETTING AT MEANING

Map Captions Mr. Grant's class is putting together a bulletin-board display on maps and map making. Look over the maps. Then use list words to complete the captions for the display.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Carta is a Latin word for "chart" or "map." *Graphein* is a Greek word meaning "to write." That explains why map makers are also called **(1)**. Map makers create different maps for different purposes. For example, a **(2)** like this one shows the locations of states or countries. It may also show capitals, and other large cities. It also shows the borders, or **(3)**, between states or countries.

A map that shows in some way the physical features of the earth's surface is called a **(4)**. One kind of map for this purpose is a **(5)**. It comes from the Greek words *topos*, meaning "place," and *graphein*. This map uses colors to show the **(6)** of land above sea level.

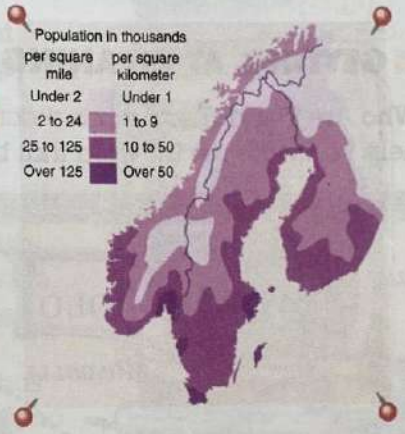


This **(7)** shows land height by means of lines that connect places with the same elevation. The distances between the contour lines indicate how steeply the land rises or falls.

PLAN A TRIP

Obtain a road map of your state. Use the map to plan a car trip to the state capital or to another city that's some distance away. Write up your travel plan, or itinerary, including what roads you'll take, what direction you'll go, how many miles you'll travel, what cities and towns you'll drive through, and what natural features (such as rivers) you'll drive past or over.

Some maps show special topics, subjects, or themes, such as population density, yearly rainfall, and natural resources. The general name for this kind of map is **(8)**.



One way to make a map is to use a transparent globe with a light inside it. The light projects the globe's lines of latitude and longitude onto a sheet of paper, where they can be traced. For this reason, any flat map that shows latitude and longitude lines is called a **(9)**. Because cartographers must "cut" or "stretch" the images from a globe to make a flat map, every map has some error, or **(10)**.

ivory
conquistadors
cinnamon
merchants
pepper
spices
Spaniards
circumnavigate
Portuguese
navigators

_____

_____

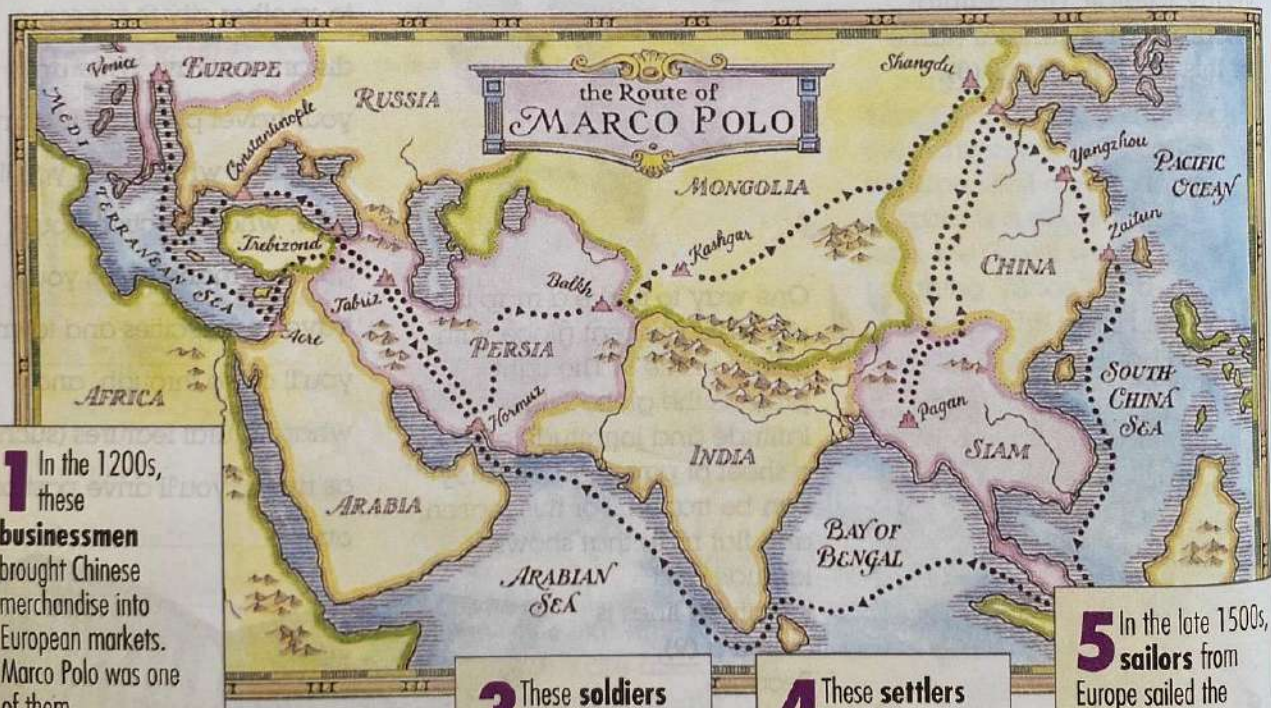
SOCIAL STUDIES

European Explorations

As early as the 1200s, Europeans were exploring the world for new trade routes, new lands, and new riches. The list words tell of the great age of European exploration, which began in the 1400s. Add other related words to the list, and then do the activities. Use your Spelling Dictionary for help if you need it.

GETTING AT MEANING

Who Are They? Read each description carefully. Use the clues to help you write the list word that best fits each one.



1 In the 1200s, these **businessmen** brought Chinese merchandise into European markets. Marco Polo was one of them.

2 These **settlers from Portugal** set up colonies in Brazil. Today their language is the official language of Brazil.

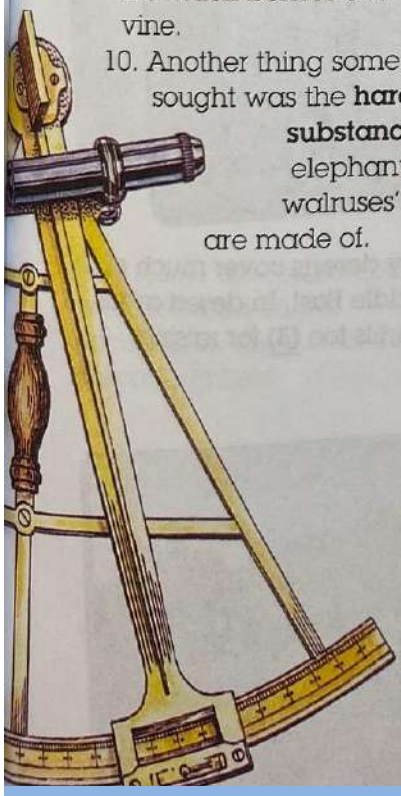
3 These **soldiers from Spain** came to the Americas to find gold and to conquer the people who lived there and claim their land for Spain.

4 These **settlers from Spain** settled in conquered lands in Mexico and Florida, bringing their language and many of their customs with them.

5 In the late 1500s, **sailors** from Europe sailed the oceans in search of new trade routes to Asia. Their maps and written descriptions helped guide other Europeans to lands they'd never seen before.

What Is It? Read each description carefully. Use the clues to help you write the list word that best fits each one.

6. This word means **"to sail around."** In 1522, Ferdinand Magellan's crew became the first to do this by sailing all the way around the earth.
7. In addition to trade routes, explorers sought various **plant substances** that would strongly flavor and scent food to make it taste better.
8. One of these substances was made from the dried bark of East Indian laurel trees. This **reddish-brown substance** is often used to flavor apples and other cooked fruits.
9. Another of these substances has a hot, spicy taste that comes from the **black berries** of a tropical vine.
10. Another thing some explorers sought was the **hard white substance** that elephants' and walruses' tusks are made of.



1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

SPICE IT UP!

European food was pretty bland until Asian spices such as cinnamon, nutmeg, clove, ginger, and pepper were introduced. Draw a map containing symbols that show where each spice came from. Which spices have you tasted?

6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10- _____

SOCIAL STUDIES

The Middle East

~~oasis~~
~~Turkish~~
~~caravans~~
~~Christianity~~
~~monotheistic~~
~~Judaism~~
~~nomadic~~
~~Islam~~
~~arid~~
~~Arabic~~

_____

_____

The list words tell about the Middle East, a large region that covers parts of northeastern Africa, southwestern Asia, and southeastern Europe. If you can, add related words to the list. Then do the activities. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

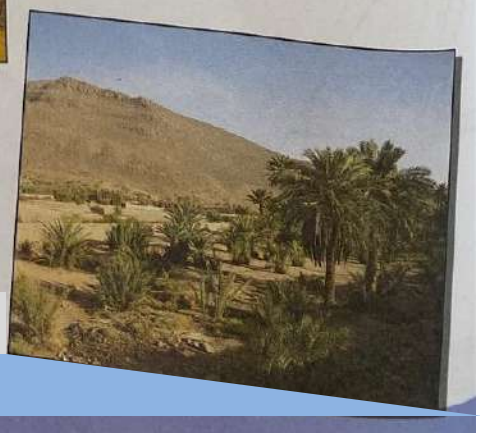
GETTING AT MEANING

A Travel Journal Use list words to complete the travel journal.

Much of the vast region we call the Middle East is part of the Arab world, where **(1)** _____ is the official language. However, most people in Iran speak Farsi, or Persian. Hebrew is the language of Israel. In Turkey and parts of Cyprus, **(2)** _____ is mostly spoken.

Hot, dry deserts cover much of the Middle East. In desert areas, the land is too **(3)** _____ for raising crops.

A fertile, green **(4)** _____ does occasionally appear, however. Here, date palms and other plants grow in soil moistened by springs.



At such a place, **(5)** people traveling in **(6)** with their camels pause for rest and refreshment before moving on.

The Middle East is the birthplace of three of the world's great religions: Christianity, Judaism, and Islam. All three religions are **(7)**, meaning their followers believe in only one God.

Christians follow **(8)**, the religion based on the teachings of Jesus Christ.

Jews follow the religion of **(9)**, which is based on the teachings of Moses and the Biblical prophets.

The religion of **(10)** is based on the teachings of Muhammad.

THE WORLD'S FIRST CIVILIZATION

In addition to being the birthplace of three great religions, the Middle East is the birthplace of the world's first civilization. The Sumerian civilization developed about 3500 B.C. Research Sumer and find out why historians and archaeologists classify it as a civilization. Present your findings in a series of illustrated panels.

efficient
bronze
extends
ancestors
flourishes
amasses
lucrative
terra cotta
prosperity
usurps

_____

_____

SOCIAL STUDIES

Famous African Kingdoms

Powerful trading kingdoms have been a large part of African history. The list words relate to those kingdoms. If you can, add other words to the list. Then do the activities. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

GETTING AT MEANING

Context Clues Use context clues in the paragraph to complete the caption and the labels with list words.

Artists of the West African kingdom of Benin fashioned splendid sculptures of their rulers. Some sculptors worked in **bronze,** a metal made from copper and tin. Others used **terra cotta,** a hard, waterproof clay. The artists probably were influenced by the neighboring Yoruba people. Today many African Americans count Yoruba artists among their **ancestors.**

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

These sculptures display the talent and influence of skilled artists, many of whom were **(1)** of today's African Americans.

Head made of the clay known as **(2)**

Head made of the metal known as **(3)**

ynonyms
Write the list word that has the same meaning as each underlined word or phrase.

A.D. 700–1200:
The Ghana Empire (4) accumulates wealth due to an (5) effective government and a well-trained army that keeps the trade route safe.

A.D. 1200–1500:
The Mali Empire conquers the Ghana Empire and (6) expands its borders westward. Tombouctou, Mali's capital, (7) develops vigorously and becomes a famous trading and cultural center.

A.D. 1350–1600:
The Songhai Empire gradually (8) seizes Mali's territory. By 1400, Songhai is the wealthiest West African kingdom. It controls the most (9) profitable Saharan trade routes across the Sahara.

A.D. 700–1800:
To the east, the Kanem Empire develops. Its (10) wealth depends on trade in copper, horses, salt, and ivory. The Kanem Empire becomes one of the longest-lasting empires in history.

4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

EXPRESS YOURSELF

Africans, like people of other cultures, have long expressed their feelings and beliefs through art. Imagine a work of art that expresses a belief, hope, dream, fear, or any other feeling that is important to you. Write a brief description of this work of art. If you can, go ahead and create it and share it with the class.

SOCIAL STUDIES

India

Buddhism
Calcutta
caste
Ganges River
Himalayas
Hinduism
New Delhi
reincarnation
sacred
soul

The list words tell about the geography and religions of India, a huge and diverse country in South Asia. Add other words about India to the list, and then do the activities. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

GETTING AT MEANING

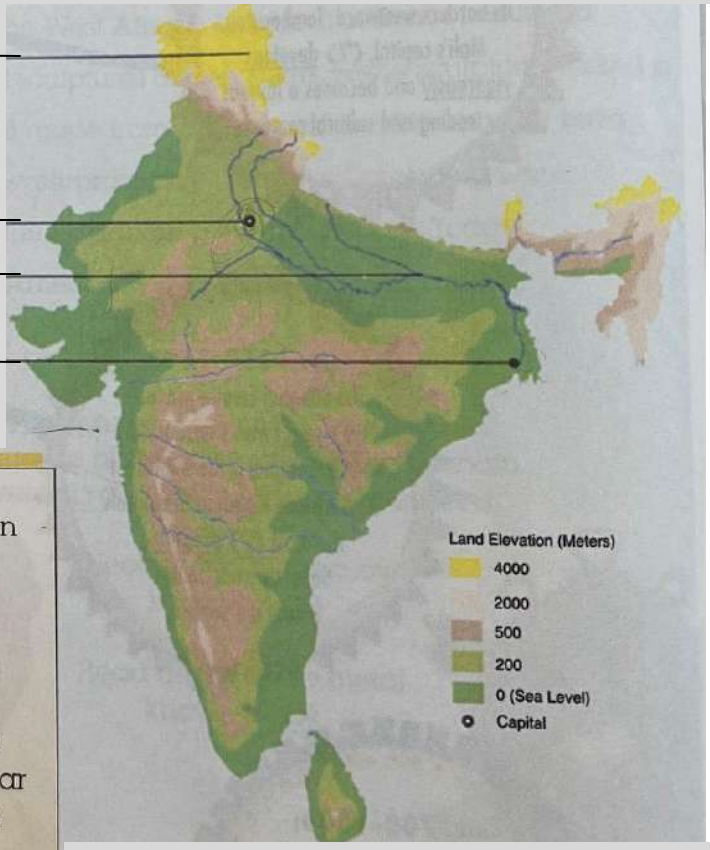
Map Labels Read the description of India. Then use list words to label the map.

1 _____

2 _____

3 _____

4 _____



Along India's northeastern border are the **Himalayas**, the world's highest mountain system. South of the Himalayas is the sacred **Ganges River**, where many Hindus go for healing and cleansing. Near the mouth of the Ganges is **Calcutta**, India's capital until 1912. The current capital, **New Delhi**, is west of the Ganges, in the center of northern India.

Related Words Read about India's religions. Then write the list word that fits with each group of words.

Hinduism, India's major religion, teaches that each person is born into a certain class, or **caste**, which has its own rules for behavior.

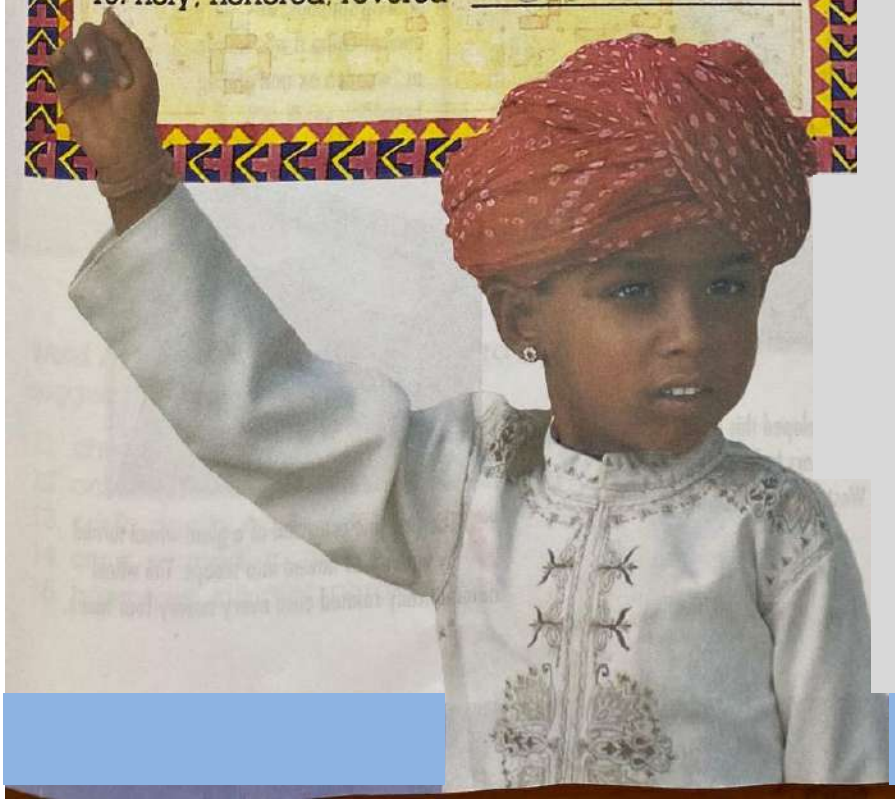
Hindus also believe in **reincarnation**, in which the **soul** is reborn in another life form after the body dies. This process is repeated until the soul reaches spiritual perfection.

The religion of **Buddhism** stresses nonviolence and compassion. These **sacred** ideals were handed down by Buddha, the "Enlightened One," about 2,500 years ago.

5. spirit, essence, everlasting _____
6. class, system, status _____
7. rebirth, immortal, renewal _____
8. nonviolence, compassion _____
9. reincarnation, caste system _____
10. holy, honored, revered _____

TANDOORI MURG, ANYONE?

India is known for its wide variety of tasty and often colorful foods. *Tandoori Murg*, for instance, is chicken marinated in a spicy yogurt sauce and roasted over coals. The spice mixture turns the meat a fiery red. Learn about other Indian foods, such as *naan*, *papadams*, *rayta*, *cachumbar*, and *uppuma*. Has anyone in your class done any Indian cooking? Perhaps he or she could bring in a sample for everyone to taste.



umbrellas
wheelbarrow
paper
suspension bridges
mechanical clock
magnetic compass
decimal system
gunpowder
fireworks
porcelain

_____

_____

SOCIAL STUDIES

Ancient Chinese Inventions

The list words name ancient Chinese inventions that have influenced life around the world for thousands of years. Add other words about ancient China to the list. Then do the activities. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need it.

GETTING AT MEANING

What Is It? Write the list word that each fact describes.

1 In the 1500s, European explorers used this to find their way to distant lands. It was invented in China four hundred years earlier.

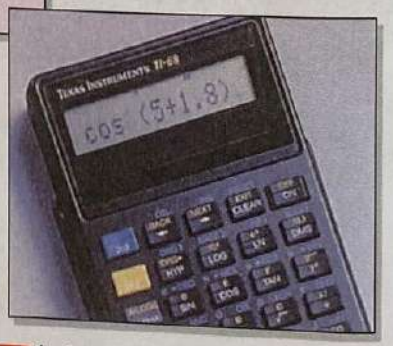
2 The first ones were made from silk or oiled paper to protect people from sun and rain.

3 Today, as in ancient times, fine bowls and vases are made from this.

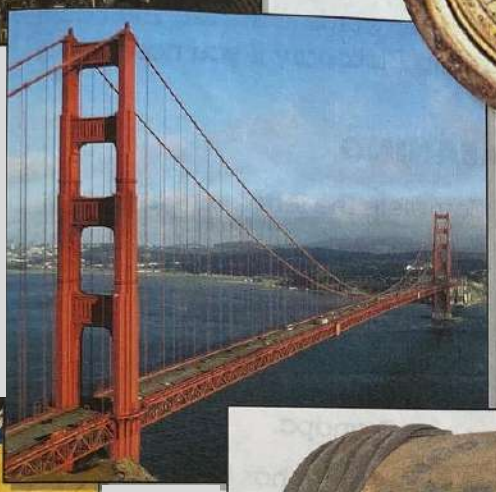
4 This invention was—and is—used for hauling supplies. In ancient China it was known as "wooden ox and gliding horse."

5 This was developed primarily from saltpeter, sulfur, and carbon. It led to the development of the cannon.

6 The Chinese developed this computation system 2,300 years before it finally was adopted in the West.



7 The first one consisted of a giant wheel turned by water that flowed into scoops. The wheel automatically rotated once every twenty-four hours.



8 The Chinese first made this from tree bark. Later, they found it was easier to write on when it was made from a pulp mixture of pounded rags, rope, and old fish nets.

9 These roadways, held up by cables, span valleys and rivers in countries all over the world.

10 The ancient Chinese first made these by throwing pieces of bamboo into fire and watching them explode.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

DID YOU KNOW?

The ancient Chinese recorded some of the earliest accurate astronomical observations in the world. One such recording was of the first exploding star, or supernova, in A.D. June 1054. The Chinese reported that the reddish-white flares of the star could be seen for twenty-three days and nights. The remains of that explosion can still be seen today and are called the Crab Nebula.

Word Association Write the list word that each group of words suggests to you.

11. cherry bombs, Roman candles, sparklers
12. ones, tens, hundreds, thousands
13. north, south, east, west
14. cups, saucers, plates, figurines
15. hourglass, sundial, chronometer

11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____

SOCIAL STUDIES

Japan

Hokkaido
isolated
samurai
Honshu
calligraphy
scrolls
Sapporo
tea ceremony
kimonos
Tokyo

Japan is a nation of contrasts: a modern industrial giant that maintains a strong respect for tradition. The list words tell about Japan. If you can, add other words to the list. Then do the activities. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need it.

GETTING AT MEANING

A Letter from Japan Complete the letter with list words. Use the map for help.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

1. _____
2. _____

July 12, 20_ –

Dear Grandma and Grandpa,

Greetings from Japan! Mom has been pretty busy with meetings, but Dad and I are seeing the sights and learning about the country.

Our plane flew into **(1),** the capital, which is the fourth largest city in the world. Did you know that almost 8,500,000 people live there? I didn't. I also didn't know that Japan is made up of four large islands and thousands of smaller islands! The largest of the four main islands is **(2),** which is where Tokyo is. The second largest island is **(3).** We're planning a short trip there to see the city of **(4),** which is famous for its botanical gardens.

I'm learning something about Japan's history too. In the past, being surrounded by water helped keep the Japanese separated from other people and places. To add to that, the government cut off all contact with other countries in the 1630s. Japan was completely **(5)** from the rest of the world for almost 225 years!

Dad says I have to stop now. We're going to the mountains today. I'll write again soon.

Love,
Jason

6. _____

7. _____

8. _____

9. _____

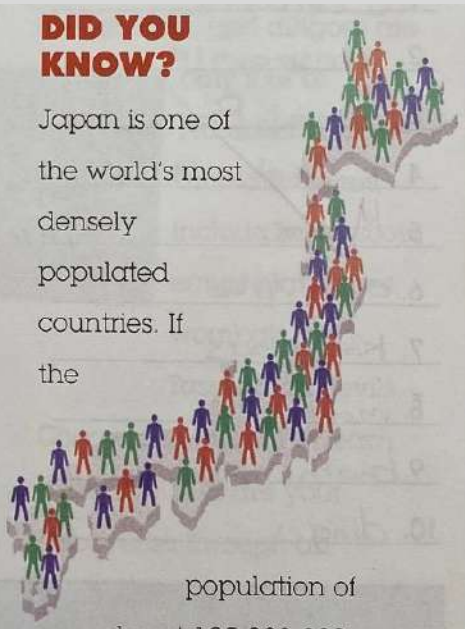
10. _____

Items of Japanese Culture Read the following passages about Japanese traditions. Then label each picture with the correct list word.

(6) were Japanese warriors who were also accomplished in Japanese arts. A samurai might produce elegant **(7)** , or decorative handwriting. He might also paint historical tales or legends on long paper **(8)** . Many samurai also knew how to conduct a perfect **(9)** , with its many stages and utensils.

Today, the arts practiced by the samurai honor Japanese traditions. They are as much symbols of Japan as are the beautiful **(10)** worn by both men and women for holidays and special ceremonies.

DID YOU KNOW?



Japan is one of the world's most densely populated countries. If the population of almost 125,000,000 people were evenly distributed, there would be about 850 people per square mile!

kangaroos
Tasmania
koalas
Great Barrier Reef
marsupials
dingo
boomerangs
eucalyptus
Canberra
kookaburra

_____

_____

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

SOCIAL STUDIES

Australia

The list words tell about Australia, the only populated continent that lies completely "down under," or south of the Equator. Add other words that you know about Australia, and then do the activity. Use your Spelling Dictionary for help if you need it.

GETTING AT MEANING

Picture Clues Use the map, pictures, and captions to help you fill in the blanks with list words.

1. The largest inland city in Australia, _____, is also the country's capital.
2. Off the southeastern coast of Australia lies the island of _____, home of the animal called the Tasmanian devil.
3. Spanning over 1,250 miles, the _____ is the largest coral reef in the world and one of Australia's most popular tourist attractions.

Kangaroos, like koalas and other marsupials, give birth to tiny babies who then develop inside the mother's pouch. Adult kangaroos use their powerful hind legs to hop high and fast.

Koalas spend nearly all their time in trees and eat mainly one thing: eucalyptus leaves.

4. The Australians have a popular song about the _____, a bird with a harsh, cackling voice.
5. Australian _____ sleep in trees during the day and come down only to move to other trees.
6. Koalas get most of their nourishment—both liquids and solids—from the leaves and young shoots of _____ trees.
7. Large _____ can hop up to forty miles per hour and can leap over obstacles six feet high.
8. Kangaroos, koalas, and most of the world's other pouch-bearing _____ live in Australia or on nearby islands.
9. If a wild _____ is caught as a puppy, it can be trained to be a good pet.
10. Although they were originally used as weapons in Australia, _____ are now thrown mostly for sport.

The large bird known as the kookaburra and the dog known as the dingo are just two of the animals that are found in the Australian wild.

DISCOVER AUSTRALIA'S UNIQUE ANIMALS

Kangaroos, koalas, kookaburras, and dingoes are only four of Australia's unique animals. Others include bandicoots, emus, platypuses, wombats, and Tasmanian devils.

Choose one animal to learn more about. Share your discoveries through an illustration or photograph and a list of the animal's characteristics.

The Aborigines—the first people to live in Australia—traditionally have used boomerangs for hunting and other tasks.

SOCIAL STUDIES

Southeast Asia

diversity
monsoons
volcanic
agrarian
festivals
animism
urbanized
batik
metropolis
silt deposits

_____

_____

The list words tell about the geography and ways of life of the mainland and island countries that form Southeast Asia. If you can, add related words to the list. Then do the activities. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

GETTING AT MEANING

Passage Completion Complete the following passages with words from the list.

The ten countries of Southeast Asia are known for the differences in their geography, languages, and customs. Despite this **(1)**, however, most of the region's people live in rural areas and share an agricultural, or **(2)** lifestyle, raising rice on small plots of land.

Each of the countries has at least one major metropolitan area, or **(3)**. However, Singapore is so highly **(4)** that everyone lives in cities!

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

Depending upon where they live, Southeast Asians hold different celebrations, or **(5)**. Country dwellers celebrate holidays corresponding to the farming seasons, while city folk celebrate a variety of religious and ethnic holidays.

Cause and Effect Use the following facts to complete the chart with list words.

FACT: Many of Southeast Asia's rural people offer small sacrifices and carry out other practices based on **animism,** the belief that all natural objects have a spirit, or soul.

FACT: In the island countries of Southeast Asia, **volcanic** ash from erupting volcanoes makes the soil very fertile.

FACT: **Monsoons,** seasonal winds that bring much rain, often cause flooding and damage. However, they also help farmers grow rice, which needs a great deal of water.

CAUSE	EFFECT
river systems carrying **(6)**	fertile soil on mainland
(7) ash from active volcanoes	fertile soil on islands
(8) believed in by rural people	offering of sacrifices to keep away natural disaster
(9) with high winds and rain	flooding, damage, moisture for rice crop
(10) method used on cloth	colored designs

FACT: Three great rivers—the Mekong, the Irrawaddy, and the Red—drain the mainland countries of Southeast Asia. They also carry **silt deposits** that enrich the soil.

FACT: The Southeast Asian country of Indonesia is world famous for **batik,** a method of forming colored designs on cloth using dye and wax.

IT'S NICE—IT'S RICE

More than half the world's people rely on rice as their major food. Look through cookbooks for rice-dish recipes. Try to find at least one recipe that comes from Asia. With a group of classmates, hold a "rice cook-off," in which each of you brings a different rice dish for tasting, and the group votes for its favorite.

6. _____

7. _____

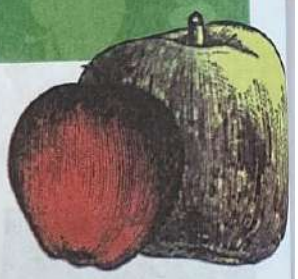
8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

HEALTH

Nutritional Needs



calories
anorexia nervosa
bulimia
pellagra
niacin
amino acids
acne
fatigue
proteins
leukemia

_____

_____

How vital is nutrition to good health? The activity below will help you answer this question. Think of two other words about nutrition or health and add them to the list. Then do the activity. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

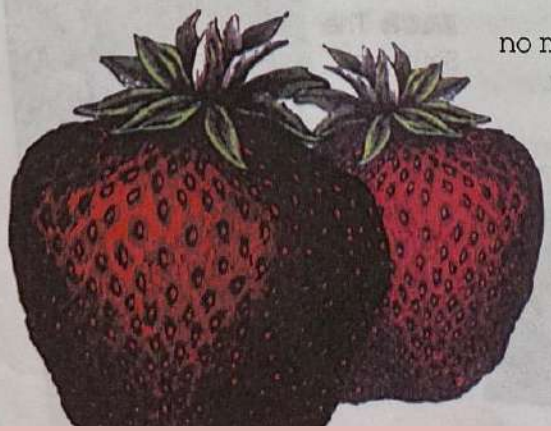
GETTING AT MEANING

Word Histories Use the italicized words to help you complete the paragraphs with list words.

The Latin word *calor* means "heat." We all need to obtain **(1)** from our food in order to provide our bodies with heat, or energy.

The Latin word *pellis* means "skin." A disease in which the skin becomes inflamed due to a lack of B complex vitamins is called **(2)**. It can be cured by taking **(3)**, whose name comes from the term *nicotinic acid*.

The need to eat constantly is called **(4)**, from the Greek *bous* and *limos*, meaning "ox hunger." The need to keep losing weight no matter how thin you get is called **(5)**, from the Latin *an* and *orexis*, meaning "without a desire for something."

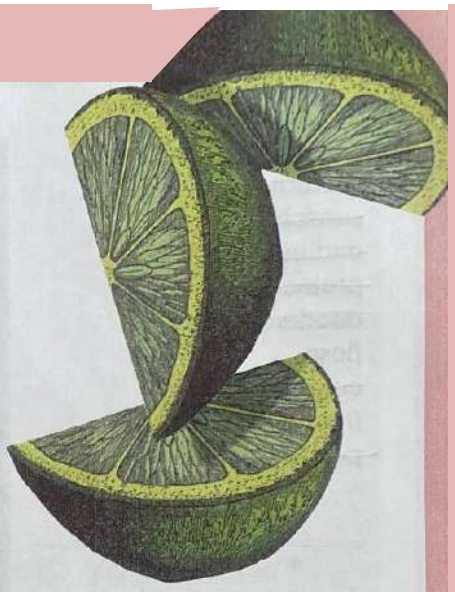


1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

The Greek word *protos* means "first." The all-important compounds our bodies need to function well are called **(6)**. They are made from chemicals called **(7)**. This term comes from the Latin *amine*.

The Greek *aknē* means the same as the English **(8)**: "eruption" or "point."

From the Latin *fatigare*, "to tire," comes the English **(9)**. Occasionally people are tired because their bodies produce too many white blood cells. They have a disease called **(10)**, from the Greek *leukos* and *haima*, meaning "white blood."



DID YOU KNOW?

British sailors are often called "limeys" because they used to drink lime juice to prevent scurvy, a disease caused by a lack of vitamin C.

HEALTH

Personal Health Concerns

consumer
dermatologist
sunscreen
evaluate
protection
deodorant
floss
conditioner
fluoride
persuade

_____

_____

Everywhere we turn, we see products meant to improve our health and appearance. Not all those products live up to their claims, however. Add two more health-related words to the list. Then do the activities. Use the Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

GETTING AT MEANING

An Editorial Use list words to complete the editorial.

THE HEALTH TIMES

BE A WISE HEALTH CONSUMER

When it comes to health, it's important to shop wisely. You, the consumer, must **(1)** health-care ads carefully, judging their claims. Separate useful information from words that are only meant to **(2)** you to buy. For example, it's helpful to know if a product offers real **(3)** from the sun's rays; but be wary of ads that promise beauty or popularity.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Would You Buy It? Complete each ad with a list word. As you do, evaluate it. Think about what useful information it gives you versus words meant only to flatter and persuade. Write a plus (+) next to your answers for ads that you think give useful information and a minus (–) next to the ones that don't.

As a smart (4), you want to buy only the best products. For effective protection from odor, use **NO SWEAT,** the best (5) money can buy.

Dr. Scott, the (6), wants you to take care of your skin. She recommends **BLOCKOUT,** the (7) that protects your skin from the sun's harmful rays.

Of course you want to have the softest, silkiest hair possible! Use **SILKY** (8) and people will notice.

Your teeth are already clean and strong because you use **CAVITY-AWAY** (9) toothpaste. Now clean between your teeth with **EASY-PULL** (10).

AND NOW, A WORD FROM OUR SPONSOR

Make up a health-care or grooming product that you would like to have—something that would do everything it was supposed to do. Then design an ad for your product.

DID YOU KNOW?

In Australia, near the ozone hole, the thinning ozone no longer screens the sun's rays as it once did, and skin cancer is on the rise. People are warned about the sun by the phrase "Slip, slap, slop." It means slip on a shirt, slap on a hat, and slop on some sunscreen.

splint
heatstroke
lifeguard
lightning
shock
life jacket
sprain
frostbite
hypothermia
fracture

_____

_____

HEALTH

Preventing Emergencies

The best way to prevent emergencies is to be prepared. What are some things you can do? Add two more words to the list, and then do the activities. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

GETTING AT MEANING

Safety First Complete these public safety announcements with list words.

Water Safety Tips Sun . . . sand . . . water! There's nothing like a day at the beach! The following tips should make your day *safe* as well as fun.

1. For your protection, always choose a beach with a _____ on duty.
2. If it starts to thunder and _____, get out of the water immediately.
3. If you decide to go for a boat ride, always wear a _____ for extra protection.
4. Know when it's time to go home! Too much heat, sun, or humidity can cause ____.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Safe Skiing Here are some snow-ski safety tips. First, dress warmly to ward off the icy bite of cold and wind, which can give your skin damaging **(5)**. If you get too cold, seek shelter. Exposure to cold and damp can cause **(6)**, a lowering ("hypo-") of the heat ("therm") of your body.

If someone stretches or tears tissues in an ankle but does not break it, wrap the **(7)** firmly with an elastic bandage. If someone cracks or breaks a bone, have a paramedic set the **(8)** in a sturdy **(9)**. If the injury is serious, try to keep the victim from going into **(10)** by keeping him or her warm and dry until help arrives.

EMERGENCY! EMERGENCY!

Interview a paramedic, emergency-room worker, or school nurse about what to do during different kinds of emergencies. Arrange your notes into a booklet that you can display in your class or school library.

Your Environment

particulates
pollution
acid rain
scrubber
ground water
decibel
carbon monoxide
smog
fuel
hazardous waste

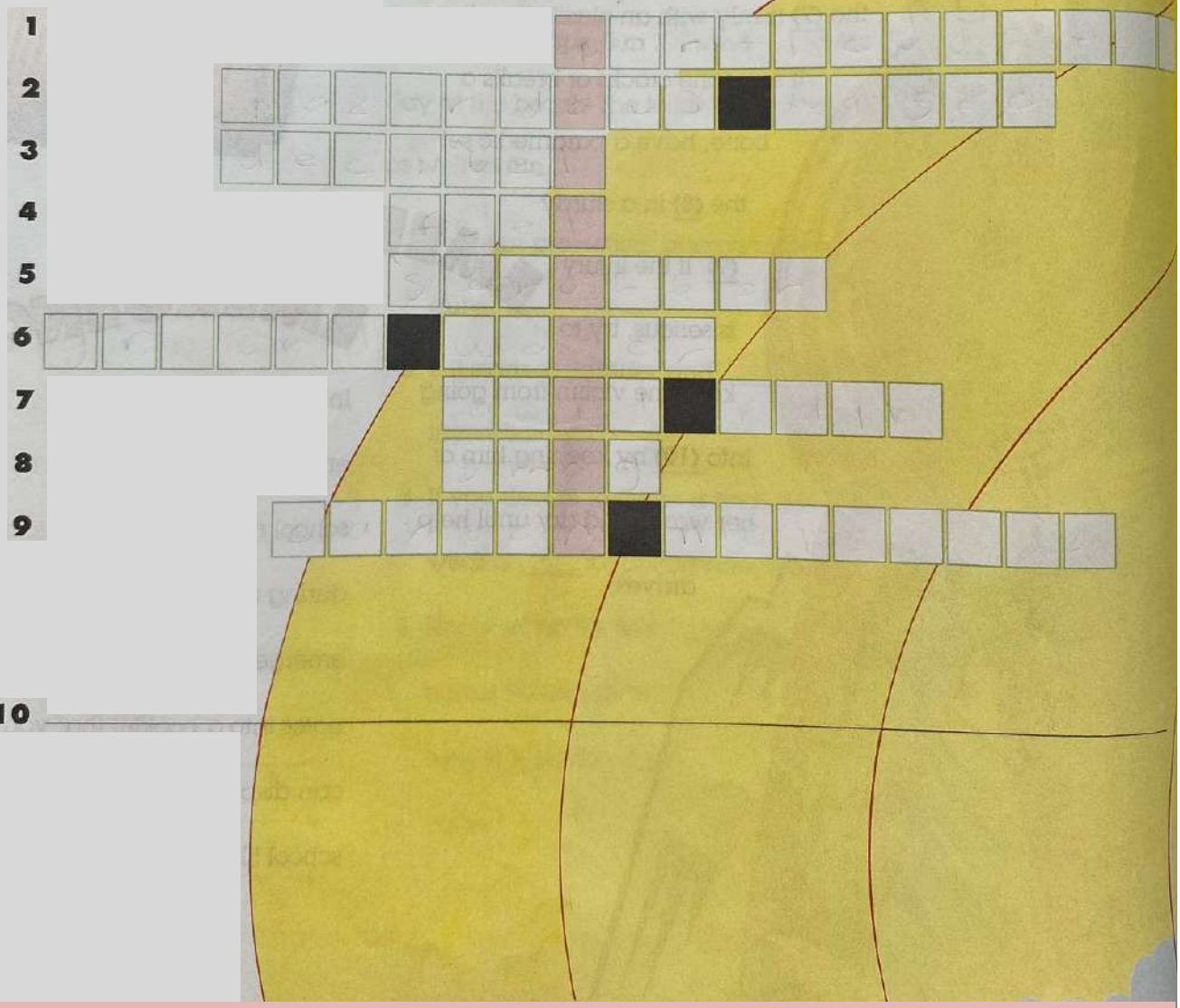
_____

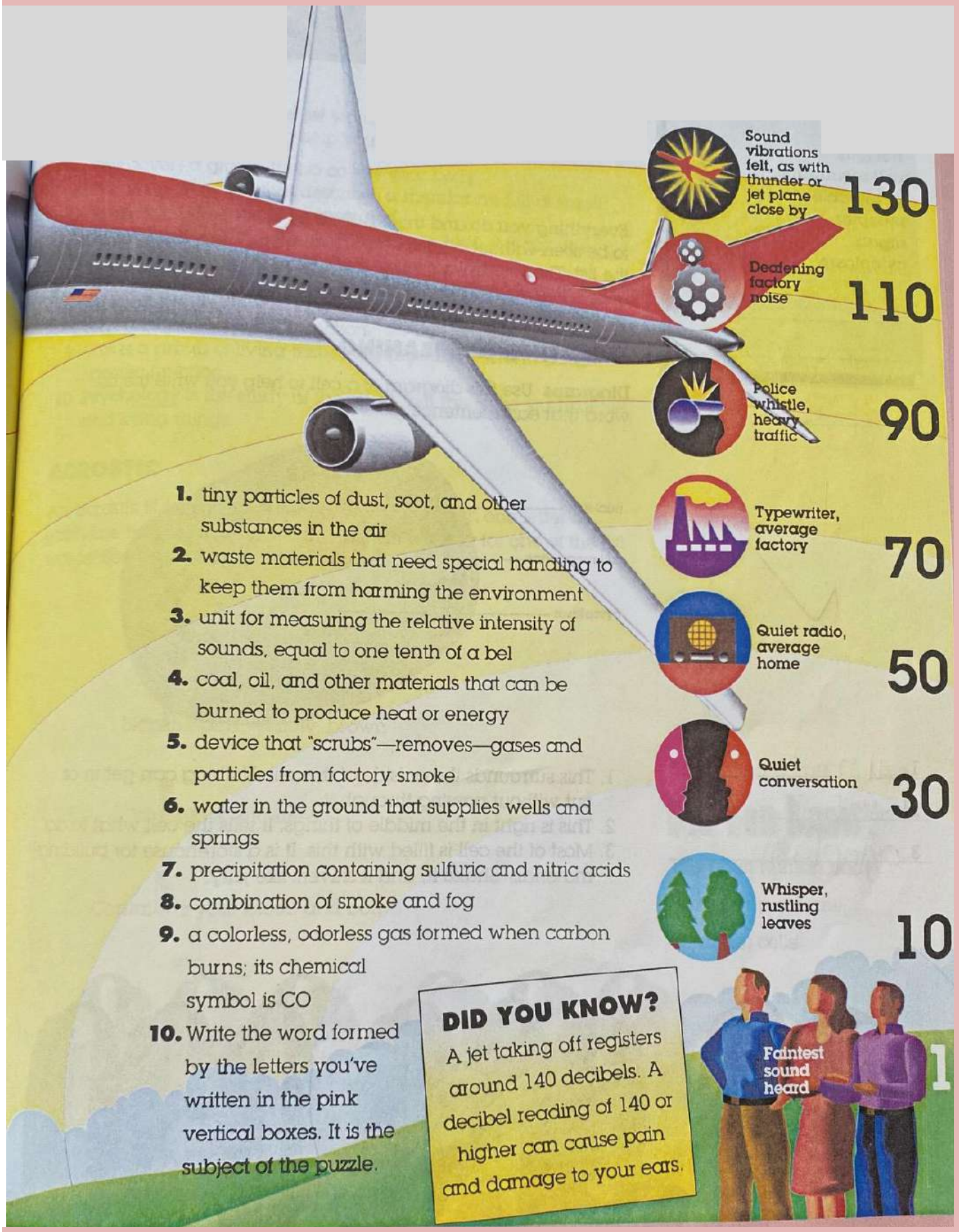
_____

Many factors cause environmental pollution, and many solutions are needed to reduce it. Add two words of your own to the list. Then do the activity. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

GETTING AT MEANING

It's a Puzzlement! Read the clues on page 195. Use them to complete the puzzle with list words.





1. tiny particles of dust, soot, and other substances in the air
2. waste materials that need special handling to keep them from harming the environment
3. unit for measuring the relative intensity of sounds, equal to one tenth of a bel
4. coal, oil, and other materials that can be burned to produce heat or energy
5. device that "scrubs"—removes—gases and particles from factory smoke
6. water in the ground that supplies wells and springs
7. precipitation containing sulfuric and nitric acids
8. combination of smoke and fog
9. a colorless, odorless gas formed when carbon burns; its chemical symbol is CO
10. Write the word formed by the letters you've written in the pink vertical boxes. It is the subject of the puzzle.

DID YOU KNOW?

A jet taking off registers around 140 decibels. A decibel reading of 140 or higher can cause pain and damage to your ears.

biology
tissue
skin
cell
nucleus
cell membrane
permeable
receptor
organ
cytoplasm

_____

_____

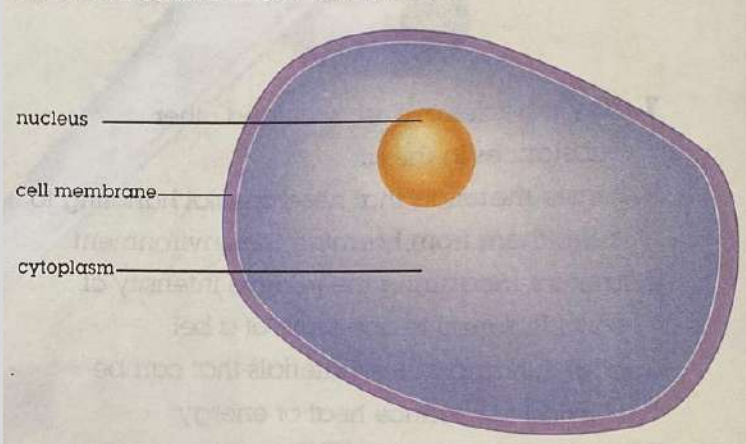
SCIENCE

The Cell

Everything you do and think is done by cells—structures too small to be seen without a microscope. Add more words about cells to the list. Then do the activities. Use the Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

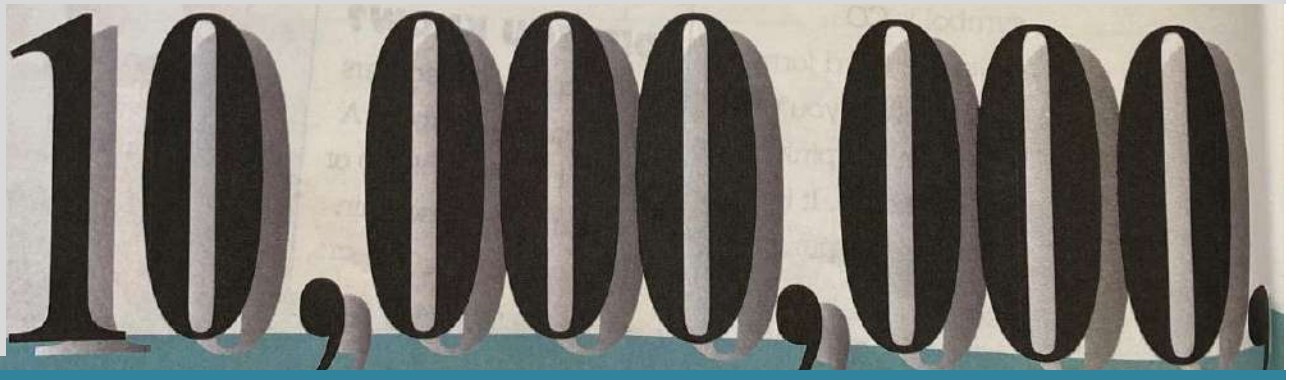
GETTING AT MEANING

Diagrams Use this diagram of a cell to help you write the list word that each sentence describes.



1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

1. This surrounds the outside of the cell. Nothing can get in or out without passing through it.
2. This is right in the middle of things. It tells the cell what to do.
3. Most of the cell is filled with this. It is a storehouse for building materials. Shake it, and it shivers like jelly.



Name That Word Write the list word that each item describes. Use the boldfaced words to help you.

4. This covers a grape. It also covers your body.
5. This is an adjective that describes a membrane full of small holes that can be easily **penetrated.**
6. This is a small room where prisoners are kept. It is also the basic structure of living things.
7. This is a type of cell that's especially **receptive** to stimuli.
8. You can use this to wrap presents. It is also a mass of cells that performs a specific function.
9. This is a group of living tissues **organized** to perform some specific function.
10. **Psychology** is the study of the mind, but this is the study of life and living things.

4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

ACROSTIC

An acrostic is an arrangement of words in which one letter of each line helps to spell a word. Write an acrostic for one of the list words. See the example for *skin* below.

Smooth and rough

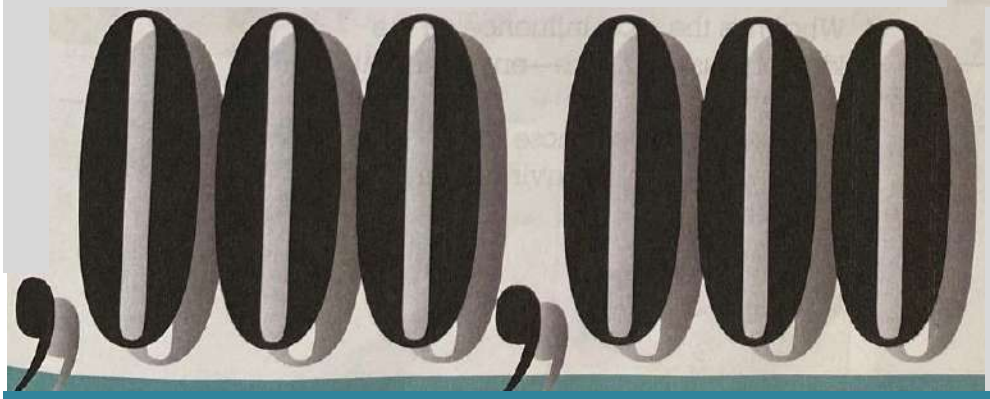
Blac**K**, pink, yellow, brown

Wr**I**nkles and lines

Contai**N**s your blood and bones

Did You Know?

The adult human body is made up of some 10 *trillion* cells!



genetic
heredity
environment
dominant
recessive
genes
mitosis
meiosis
DNA
traits

_____

_____

SCIENCE

Genetics

Genetics explains why family members often have similar characteristics. The list words all relate to genetics. Can you add two more words to the list? Use your Spelling Dictionary as you do the activities.

■ GETTING AT MEANING

Drawing Conclusions Read the paragraphs below. Then use list words to answer the questions.

Your opinions and interests are influenced by the world you live in—your **environment.** But features such as the color of your hair and eyes are a result of **heredity**—the passing of characteristics from your parents to you.

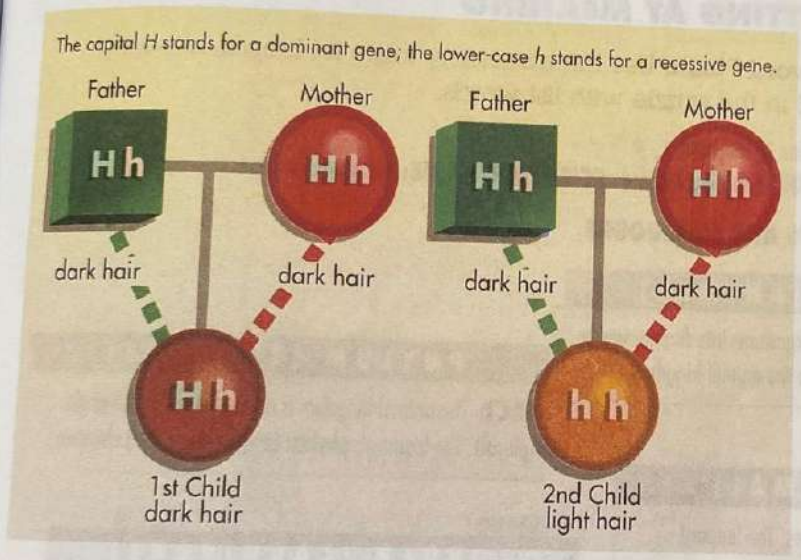
The key to heredity is **DNA,** a kind of blueprint for what's been transmitted to you through heredity. When most cells divide—**mitosis**—each of the two new cells has the same DNA as the original cell. But when cells divide to produce sperm or eggs—**meiosis**—each new cell contains only half of the DNA of the original cell. Later, when sperm and egg join, the offspring gets a full set of DNA, half from each parent.

1. What chemical in your cells carries the master plan for your body?
2. Are the physical differences and similarities between a parent and a child the result of mitosis or meiosis?
3. As you grow, your body cells multiply. Almost all those cells contain the same set of DNA. Is this a result of mitosis or meiosis?
4. What has the most influence on the kind of music you like—environment or heredity?
5. Is the shape of your nose most influenced by your environment or heredity?

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

Using Diagrams Use the paragraph and the diagrams to answer the questions with list words.

DNA contains **genes** that determine physical and mental **traits.** For any one **genetic** trait—for example, hair color—you receive at least one gene from your mother and one from your father. If the genes are different, the **dominant** genes determine your hair color, but the **recessive** genes are still present in your DNA, and you can pass them on to your own child. This simplified diagram shows the possible gene combinations for hair color that two dark-haired parents can pass on to their children.



6. Height, skin color, and the shape of your eyes are all examples of physical _____.
7. You can tell from the diagrams that the two _____ the second child inherited were both for blonde hair.
8. From the diagrams, you can infer that the gene for brown hair is _____.
9. From the diagrams, you can infer that the gene for blonde hair is _____.
10. A disease caused by a gene inherited from one or both parents is called a _____ disease.

JUST LOOK AT YOU NOW

Bring in a picture of yourself when you were little. Put it on a bulletin board display with pictures of the rest of the class. Write down who you think is in each picture. Which physical traits does each person have now that were or were not evident then?

6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

classification
kingdom
phylum
class
order
family
genus
species
scientific name
common name

_____

_____

SCIENCE

Taxonomy

Scientists classify living things into groups and subgroups, beginning with kingdoms and ending with species. This system of classification is called **taxonomy**. If you can, add two words to the list. Then do the activities. Use the Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

GETTING AT MEANING

Crossword Puzzle Use the taxonomy table for leopards to help you fill in the puzzle with list words.

TAXONOMY TABLE: Classification of Leopards

COMMON NAME: leopard **SCIENTIFIC NAME:** *Panthera pardus*

GROUPS AND SUBGROUPS

KINGDOM (ANIMAL)

FACT: Scientists classify living organisms into five groups or kingdoms. The leopard belongs to the animal kingdom.

PHYLUM (CHORDATE)

FACT: The animal kingdom is divided into several phyla (plural). The leopard's phylum (singular) is called chordate.

CLASS (MAMMAL)

FACT: Chordates are divided into classes. The leopard belongs to the mammal class.

ORDER (CARNIVORE)

FACT: Some mammals are carnivores—meat-eaters. The leopard belongs to this order.

FAMILY (FELIDAE)

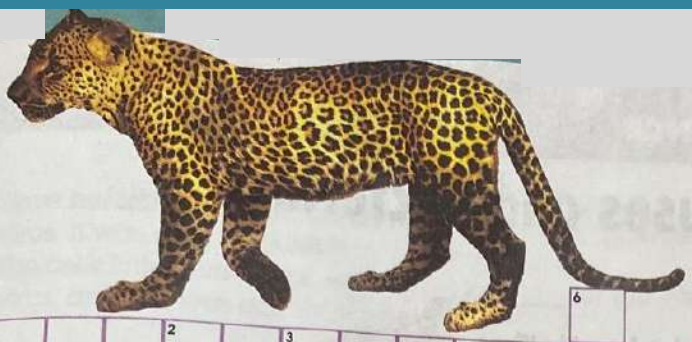
FACT: Each order is divided into families. The leopard's family, *Felidae*, contains catlike animals.

GENUS (PANTHERA)

FACT: Each family is further divided into genera (plural). The leopard's genus (singular) is *Panthera*. Lions and tigers belong to this same genus.

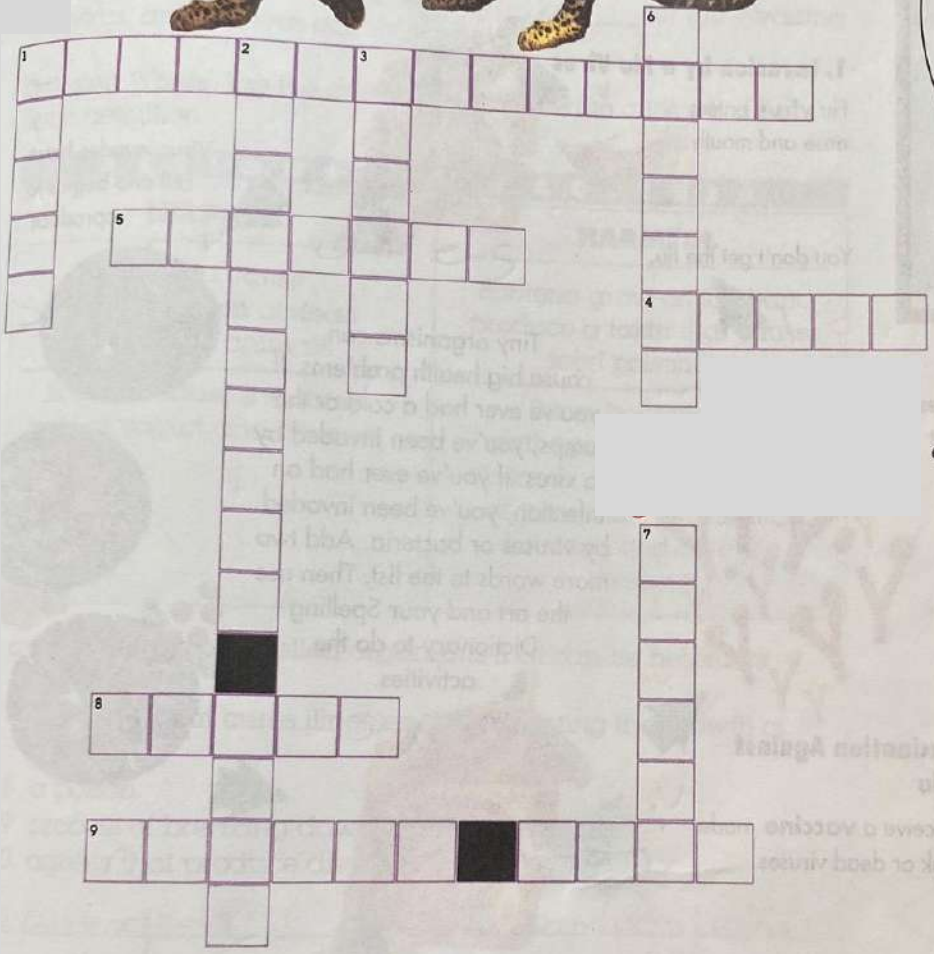
SPECIES (PANTHERA PARDUS)

FACT: Each genus is divided into several species. The leopard is the species *Panthera pardus*. Lions and tigers are different species.



DISCOVERING YOURSELF

Suppose you were a just-discovered organism. Write or draw a description of yourself. Give yourself a Latin genus and species name. (Consult an encyclopedia or your life-science book for help.)



Across

1 the process of putting living organisms into groups and subgroups
4 the subgroup into which classes are divided
5 leopards and lions are not the same one
8 *Panthera* is an example of this subgroup
9 the kind of name that people commonly give to plants and animals

Down

1 mammal is an example of this subgroup
2 the kind of name that life scientists give to living things
3 *Felidae* is an example of this subgroup
6 one of the five largest groups into which organisms are classified
7 the leopard's is known as chordate

SCIENCE

Viruses and Bacteria

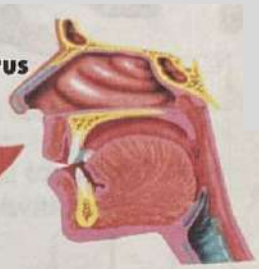
virus
bacteria
host
pathogens
toxin
vaccine
antibiotic
immune system
antibodies
decomposition

_____

_____

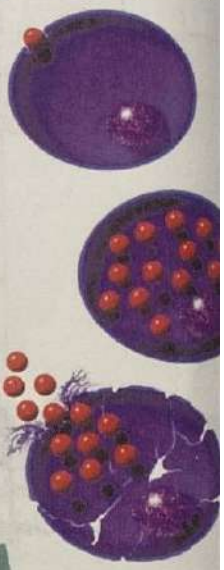
1. Invasion by a Flu Virus

Flu **virus** enters nose and mouth.



You don't get the flu.

Virus invades **host** cell and begins to reproduce.

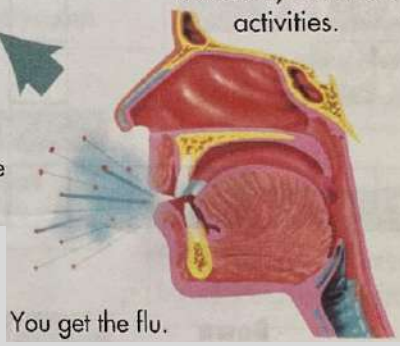


Your **immune system** produces **antibodies** that arm your body against the virus.

Tiny organisms can cause big health problems. If you've ever had a cold or the mumps, you've been invaded by a virus. If you've ever had an infection, you've been invaded by viruses or bacteria. Add two more words to the list. Then use the art and your Spelling Dictionary to do the activities.

2. Vaccination Against the Flu

You receive a **vaccine** made of weak or dead viruses.



You get the flu.

GETTING AT MEANING

Context Clues Use the art and the list words in it to help you complete the sentences.

1. Wendy had been skipping meals and not sleeping much. She felt tired and run-down. Her _____, or natural defense against disease, was weak.
2. Wendy went to a doctor to be inoculated with a _____ aga a kind of flu common that winter.
3. Unfortunately, later that winter she was exposed to a diffe kind of flu _____.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

4. Since her immune system had not developed ____ to this virus, it was able to multiply.
5. The cells lining her throat were a perfect ____ for the invading virus, and she was sick for a week.

4. _____

5. _____

Defining Words Use the chart to help you write a list word for each definition.

ACTIONS OF BACTERIA

HELPFUL	HARMFUL
Bacteria cause **decomposition** of dead plants and animals.	Bacteria grow on food and produce a **toxin** that causes food poisoning.
Bacteria cause the sharp taste of yogurt and cheeses.	Some bacteria are **pathogens,** which cause diseases. An **antibiotic** such as penicillin can kill such bacteria and cure the diseases.

6. microscopic one-celled organisms that can be helpful or harmful
7. chemical that cures illnesses by preventing the growth of bacteria
8. a poison
9. process of breaking down organic materials
10. agents that produce diseases

6. _____

7. _____

8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

A VIRUS MODEL

What does a virus look like? You can make a simple model of one type of virus. Trace one of the triangles on this page. Then cut twenty of them from lightweight cardboard. Tape the triangles together in the pattern shown. Fold and tape the pattern along each edge to form a solid figure with twenty sides. Poke a toothpick into each of the twelve vertices (where five triangles meet). Glue cotton to the tip of each toothpick. Then imagine it hundreds of thousands of times smaller!

SCIENCE

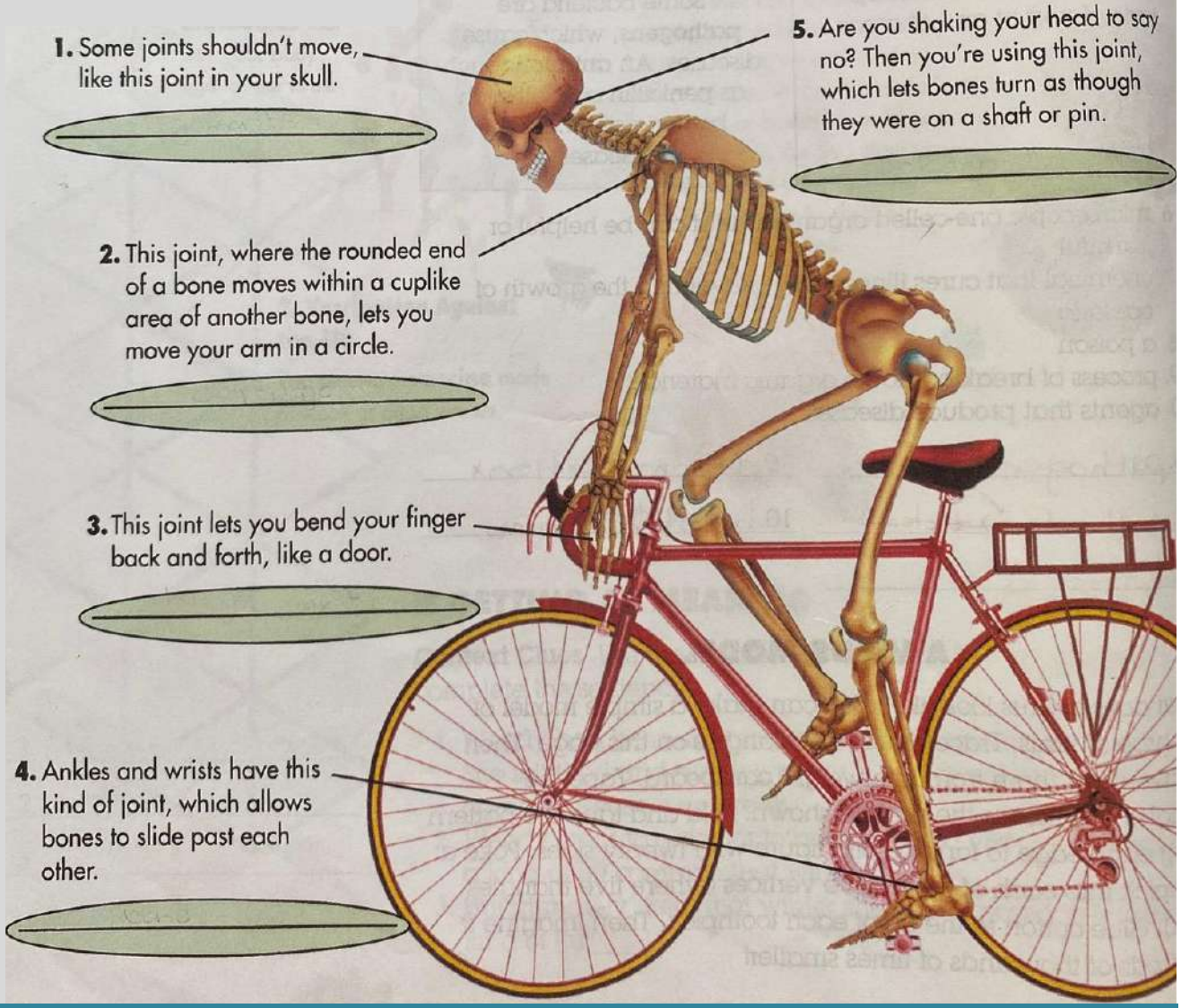
The Skeletal System

skeleton
bone
joints
fixed joint
gliding joint
hinge joint
pivot joint
ball-and-socket joint
cartilage
ligaments

Did you know that there are 206 bones in your body? Do you know any of their names? Add them to the list. Then do the activities. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

GETTING AT MEANING

Picture Clues Look at the pictures and use the clues to write the correct list words.



1. Some joints shouldn't move, like this joint in your skull. _____

2. This joint, where the rounded end of a bone moves within a cuplike area of another bone, lets you move your arm in a circle. _____

3. This joint lets you bend your finger back and forth, like a door. _____

4. Ankles and wrists have this kind of joint, which allows bones to slide past each other. _____

5. Are you shaking your head to say no? Then you're using this joint, which lets bones turn as though they were on a shaft or pin. _____

Paragraph Completion Complete the doctor's lecture with words from the list. Use the pictures and labels to help you.

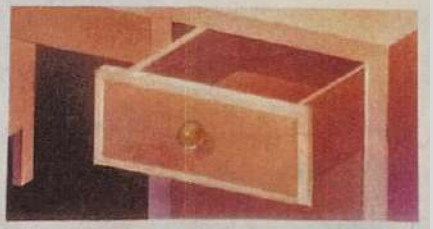
Today's lecture will begin our study of the human **(6)**, without which we would all be floppy piles of flesh. Think about it—without the femur, a **(7)** in your leg, you wouldn't be able to stand up! And because you have **(8)** where two bones meet, or join, you can throw a ball, bend to pick up a book, and grab a fork so you can eat! And what holds those bones together? Tough bands of tissue called **(9)** do. Also, your body has **(10)** at the ends of bones to keep them from rubbing together and grinding away.

6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

LABEL ART

Many of the movements performed by the joints in your body are duplicated in things all around you. Write which joint in the human body is duplicated by the common items pictured below.

a. _____



b. _____

c. _____

SCIENCE

Digestion

digestion
salivary glands
esophagus
stomach
gastric glands
liver
bile
gall bladder
pancreas
intestines

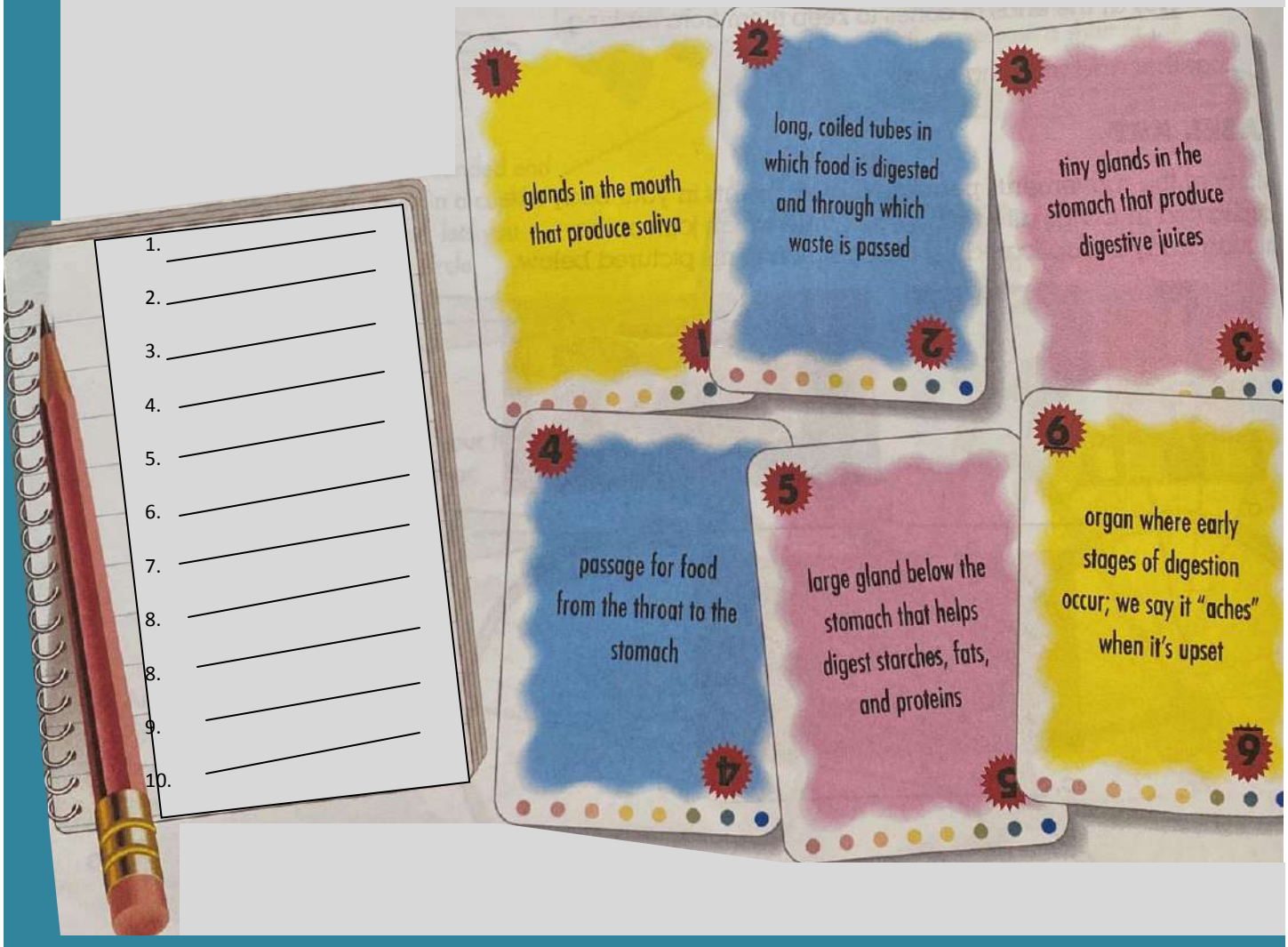
_____

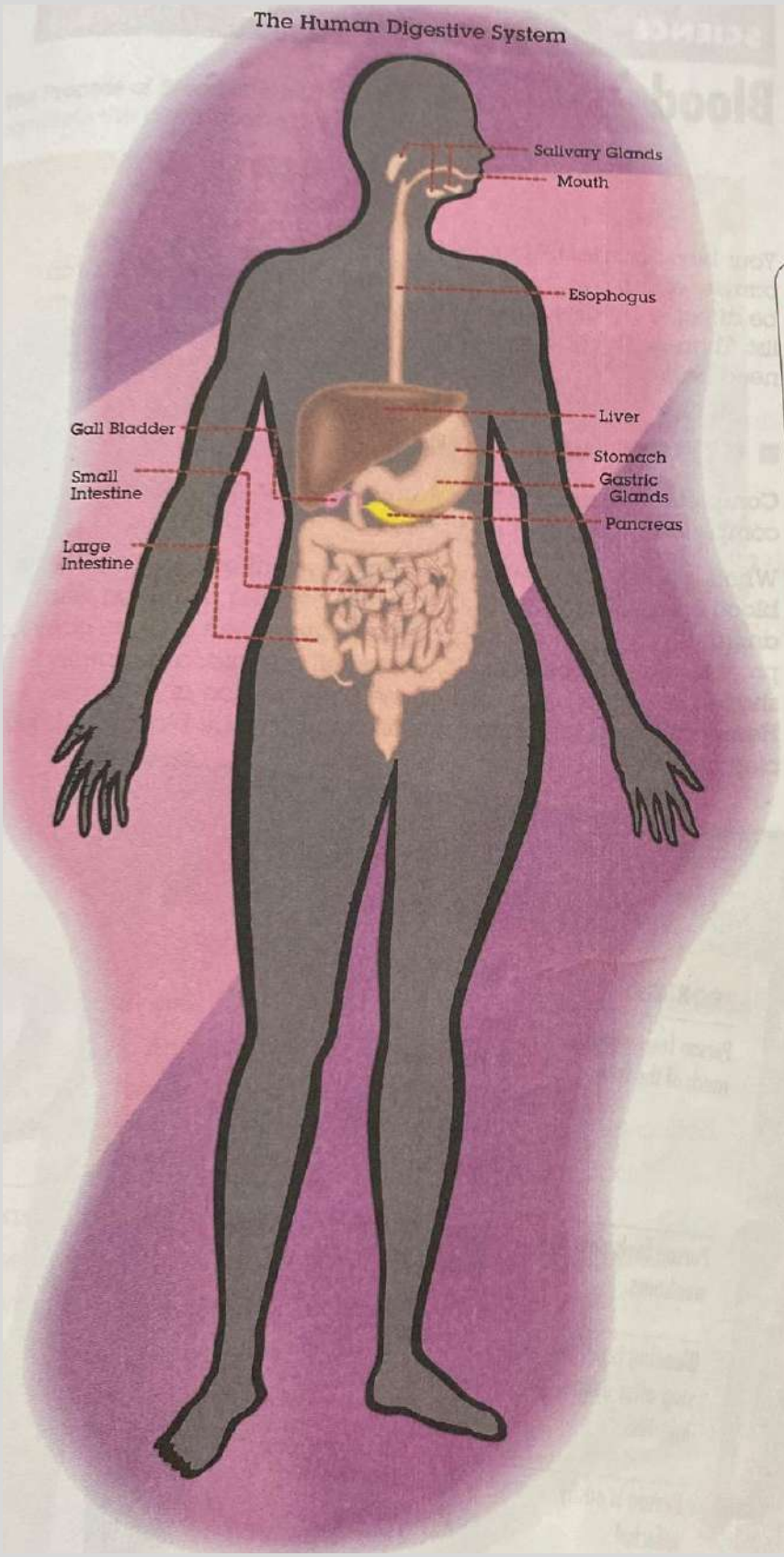
_____

Have you ever wished your stomach wouldn't rumble? Do you ever hiccup at the wrong time? That's not surprising. You do not have voluntary control over your digestive system. Without it, though, the food you eat would be of no value to your body. Add other words to the list that describe digestion. Then do the activity. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

GETTING AT MEANING

The Digestion Game Study the diagram of the human digestive system. Then use it to help you match the definitions with words from the list.


1. glands in the mouth that produce saliva
2. long, coiled tubes in which food is digested and through which waste is passed
3. tiny glands in the stomach that produce digestive juices
4. passage for food from the throat to the stomach
5. large gland below the stomach that helps digest starches, fats, and proteins
6. organ where early stages of digestion occur; we say it "aches" when it's upset
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
8.
9.
10.



7
large organ next to the stomach that produces bile to break up fat
7

8
small organ between the pancreas and the liver that releases bile into the small intestine; some people develop "stones" in this organ
8

9
liquid made by the liver to help digest fats
6

10
entire process that breaks down food into forms that cells can use
01

DID YOU KNOW?
If the small intestine were straightened out, it would be more than twenty feet long.

plasma
hemoglobin
platelets
fibrin
hemophilia
leukemia
anemia
sickle cell anemia
red blood cells
white blood cells

_____

_____

SCIENCE

Blood

Your blood carries nutrients and oxygen to your cells, and it carries wastes away. Like other tissues in your body, blood can be affected by disease. Add two more words about blood to the list. Then do the activities. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

GETTING AT MEANING

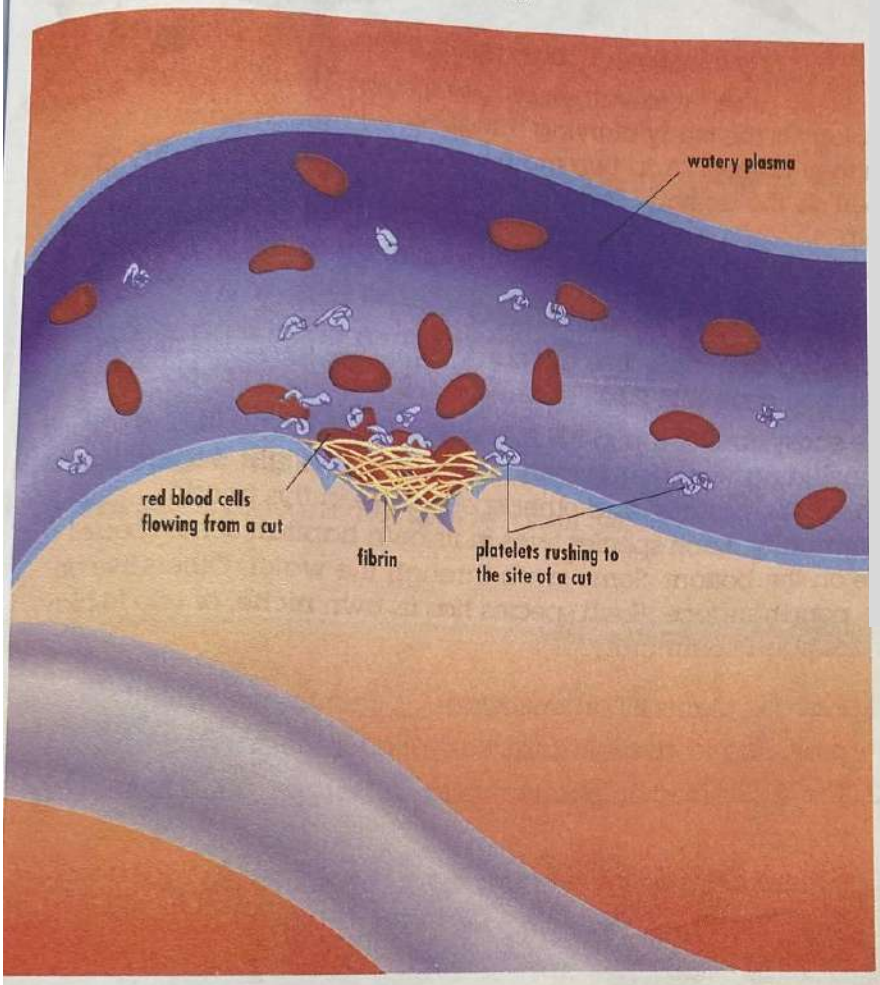
Complete a Chart Use the information below to help you complete the chart with list words.

When a person has **leukemia,** the body makes abnormal **white blood cells** that cannot fight harmful bacteria. A person with **anemia** may not have enough **hemoglobin,** an oxygen-carrying protein in **red blood cells.** In **sickle cell anemia,** abnormally shaped red blood cells reduce the flow of blood and oxygen. **Hemophilia** is an inherited disease in which the blood has troubl clotting.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

PROBLEM	CONDITION	DISEASE
Person feels weak much of the time.	Body cells aren't getting enough oxygen because of a lack of (1) in the red blood cells.	(2)
Person feels pain and weakness.	Person has sickle-shaped (3).	(4)
Bleeding is difficult to stop after even slight injuries.	The blood does not clot properly.	(5)
Person is easily infected.	The body produces abnormal (6).	(7)

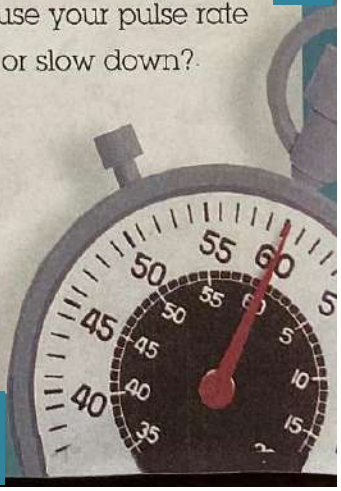
The Process of Blood Clotting Use the diagram to help you complete the description with list words.



8. Blood components are carried freely through the body in the liquid part of the blood, called _____.
9. When a blood vessel is damaged, small grainy cells called _____ pile up at the site of the injury and break apart, releasing chemical messages.
10. Those chemical messages start the growth of a threadlike network of protein called _____ that seals the wound by trapping the red blood cells until a clot forms.

TAKING YOUR PULSE

The pulse you feel at your wrist, neck, or temple is your blood being pumped through your arteries. Place your fingers lightly on your wrist or neck. Count each beat for fifteen seconds. Then multiply the number of beats by four. This is your pulse rate per minute. Take your pulse after different activities. Which activities cause your pulse rate to speed up or slow down?



SCIENCE

Ecology

ecosystem
ecologist
populations
biosphere
community
niche
producers
consumers
food chain
habitat

_____

_____

Ecology is the study of living things "in their homes." Add two more words about ecology to the list. Then do the activity. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

GETTING AT MEANING

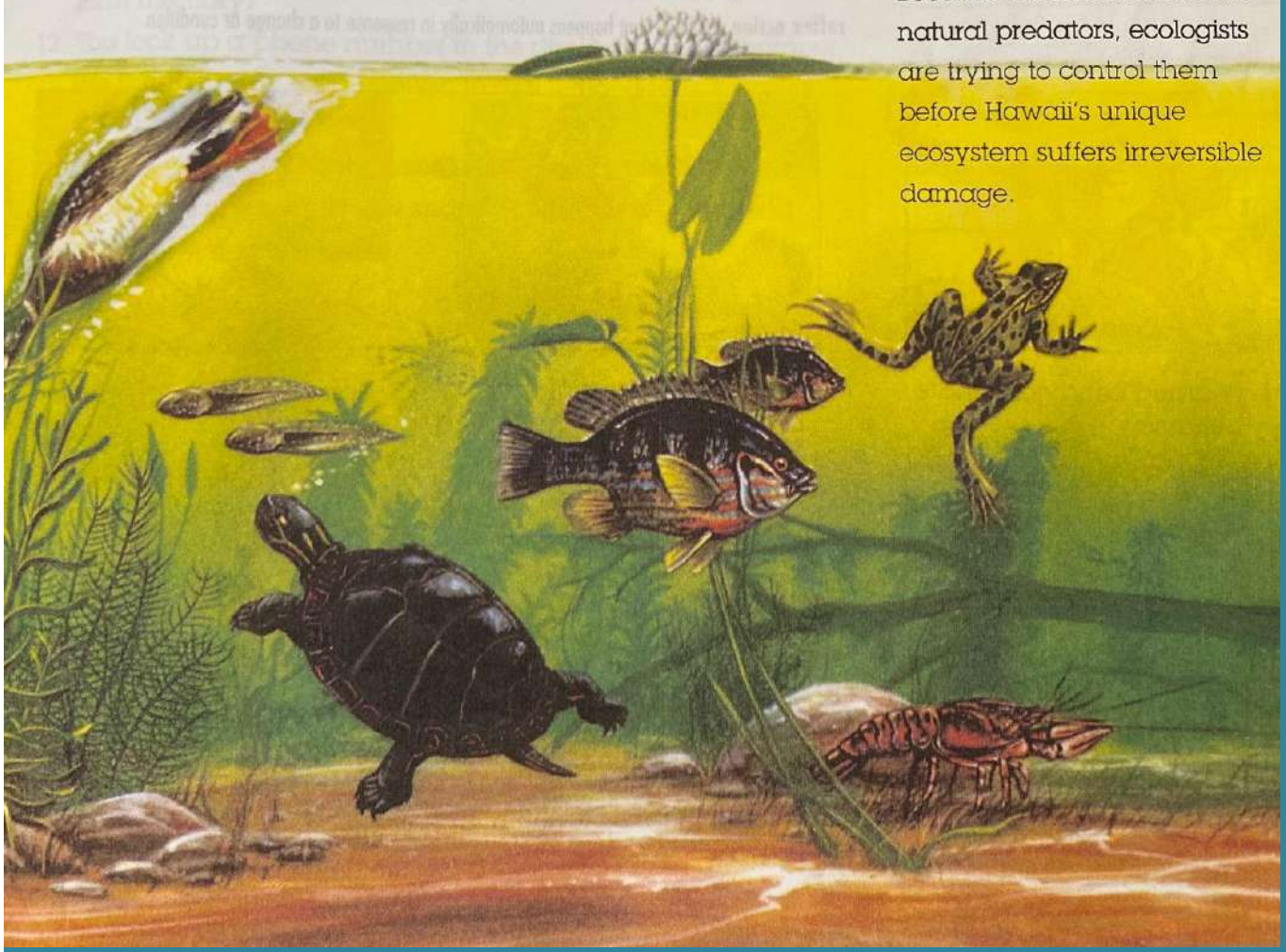
Applying Concepts Use the paragraph and the illustration to help you complete each sentence with a list word.

The **ecosystem** of a pond is made up of everything in and around it, including water, mud, wind, heat, and sunlight. **Populations** of fish, ducks, cattails, and other species live in this pond **community.** Each species lives in its own **habitat.** Some species live on the bottom. Some swim through the water. Others live on the pond's surface. Each species has its own **niche,** or role to play in this pond community.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

1. Aquatic plants fill an important _____ in the community, providing food, shelter, and oxygen for the fish and animals
2. The ducks feed on plants in part of their _____, the surface o the pond.
3. If the pond is polluted and most of the plants die, the _____ ducks and fish will decline too.
4. Plants produce their own food. They do not have to eat oth living things. This makes them _____.

5. Ducks must consume plants to survive. This makes them _____.
6. In the pond, protozoans eat bacteria, tiny animals eat the protozoans, and fish eat these tiny animals. This feeding pattern is called a _____.
7. If many of the ducks in a pond started to die suddenly, you might call in an _____ to study the problem.
8. Woodpeckers, black snakes, and pine trees all living together in a forest is another example of a _____.
9. If you studied the birds, animals, trees, soil, and weather conditions in a forest, you would be studying its _____.
10. The total of all the communities on the earth and the environments in which they live is called the _____, a word that literally means the "sphere" of all "life."



DID YOU KNOW?

For centuries, Hawaii had no snakes. But in recent years, as more and more people have traveled to Hawaii, snakes have come with them. Now Hawaii is home to snakes and other organisms that are not native to the islands. The snakes feed on many of Hawaii's endangered birds. Because the snakes have no natural predators, ecologists are trying to control them before Hawaii's unique ecosystem suffers irreversible damage.

innate behavior
instinct
learned behavior
reflex action
memory
positive reinforcement
trial-and-error learning
reasoning
short-term memory
long-term memory

_____

_____

SCIENCE

Animal Behavior

Animal behavior is the study of how animals act in their environment. Add two more words about animal behavior to the list. Then do the activity.

■ GETTING AT MEANING

Identifying Situations Use the pictures and the definitions to help you write the correct list word from each pair of parentheses. You will use some words more than once.

innate behavior behavior that does not have to be learned

learned behavior behavior that changes as a result of experiences

instinct complex behavior, often involving a series of steps, that does not have to be learned

reflex action behavior that happens automatically in response to a change or condition

1. (learned behavior, innate behavior)

2. (learned behavior, innate behavior)

3. (learned behavior, innate behavior)

4. (learned behavior, innate behavior)

5. A horse blinks when dust blows into its eyes. (reflex action, instinct)
6. A bird builds a nest. (reflex action, instinct)
7. Butterflies migrate south. (reflex action, instinct)

memory ability to store and retrieve knowledge

reasoning using past learning in new situations or to solve a problem

8. You know the multiplication tables. (memory, reasoning)
9. You figure out how much it will cost to buy ten thirty-cent stamps. (memory, reasoning)
10. After learning how rust forms, you decide to stop leaving your bike out in the rain. (memory, reasoning)

positive reinforcement reward for certain behaviors

trial-and-error learning method of learning by correcting mistakes through practice

short-term memory ability to store and recall knowledge for only a short time

long-term memory ability to store and recall knowledge over a long period of time

11. You call your best friend every day. You never look up the number. You know it by heart. (long-term memory, short-term memory)
12. You look up a phone number in the directory. You remember the number only long enough to dial it. (long-term memory, short-term memory)
13. A child doing a jigsaw puzzle will try every piece until he finds the piece that fits the space. (trial-and-error learning, positive reinforcement)

14. (trial-and-error learning, positive reinforcement)

15. (trial-and-error learning, positive reinforcement)

GETTING IN SHAPE

Trace the shape of the figure at the right. Cut out four exact copies of it. Put together the four pieces to form a perfect square with no spaces. Allow yourself ten minutes. After ten minutes, take apart the puzzle and put it away somewhere. Wait five minutes. Then try to solve the puzzle again. Can you do it? What kind of behavior is this?

DID YOU KNOW?

Most pets and circus animals are trained by positive reinforcement. The animals learn to associate words, whistles, or motions with certain behaviors. The animals often receive food after they have correctly completed a task.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____
11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____

READING

Learning What Matters

dialogue
camaraderie
resources
limelight
apprehensive
contemporary
infatuation
pursuit
despises
encourages

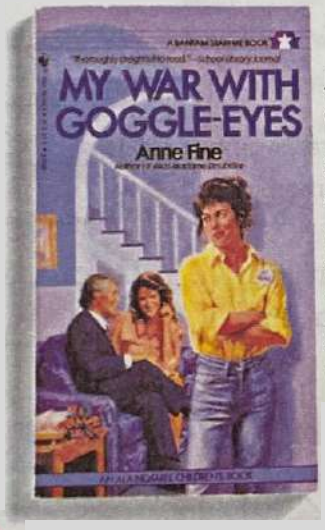
_____

_____

Many stories of young people growing up deal with decisions about what really matters. The list words all relate to matters of importance. Add some words of your own to the list. Then do the activity. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

GETTING AT MEANING

Plot Summaries Use a list word to complete the description of each book. Then think about which book you would most enjoy reading.



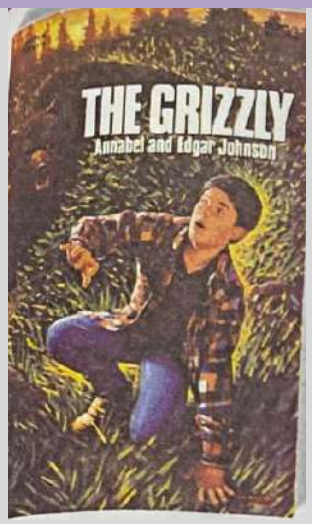
My War with Goggle-Eyes by Anne Fine (Little, Brown, 1989).

Kitty loathes and **(1)** the boring, middle-aged man her mother is dating. What's worse, the man is always around their house. "He's horrible," Kitty explains. "He's slimy and creepy and revolting. He makes me absolutely sick." Part of the fun of this novel is its realistic **(2)**.

Baseball in April and Other Stories by Gary Soto (Harcourt, 1990).

Manuel dreams of being in the **(3)** at the school talent show—and not goofing up as he usually does! Yollie is skeptical of her mother's plan for making an old dress look new. These short stories about present-day life are **(4)**, funny, and hard to resist.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____



The Grizzly by Annabel and Edgar Johnson (Harper, 1973).

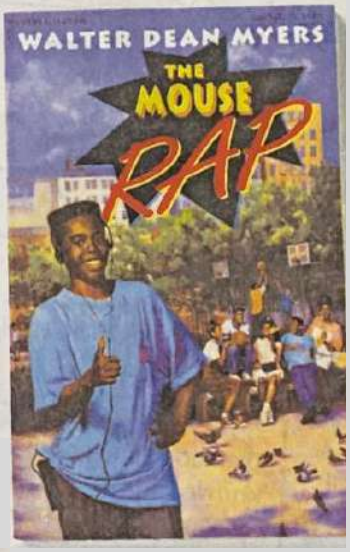
David has always been afraid of his father, whom he hasn't seen in years. When his father proposes taking him camping, David is nervous and **(5).** However, the trip takes an unexpected turn when a grizzly attacks their camp. As David draws on inner strength and **(6)** he never knew he had, he comes to a more realistic view of his father.

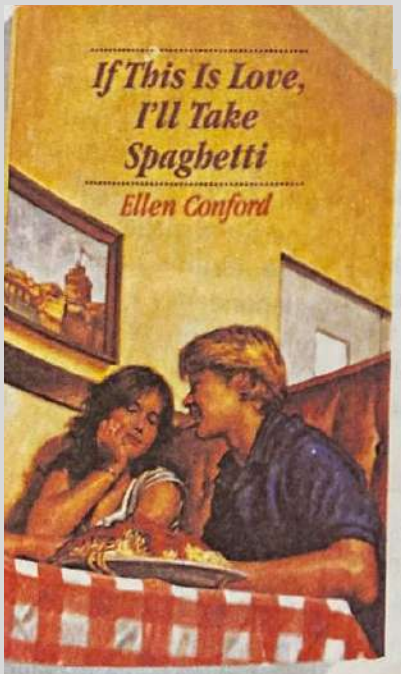
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

The Mouse Rap by Walter Dean Myers (Harper, 1990).

"You can call me Mouse, 'cause that's my tag
I'm into it all, everything's my bag
You know I can run, you know I can hoop
I can do it alone, or in a group."

A Harlem summer is exciting when Mouse is around. There is affection and **(7)** between Mouse and his friends, and the action heats up as they all go in **(8)** of hidden treasure.





If This Is Love, I'll Take Spaghetti by Ellen Conford (Macmillan, 1983).

Whether it's love or just **(9),** Ellen Conford finds humor in the problems of being a teenaged girl. Meeting your favorite rock star, feeling too shy to talk to the boy you like, and falling off your diet are some of the events described. With her upbeat, positive tone, the author **(10)** us to feel that even the worst days of an adolescent can have a happy ending.

FRIENDSHIP DAY

We observe Mother's Day, Father's Day, Sweetest Day, and Valentine's Day. How about a day to celebrate friendship? Design a poster for "Friendship Day," with a symbol, picture, or slogan that expresses the importance of friendship.

READING

Chasing Your Goals

artist
career
farmer
judge
photographer
reporter
scientist
surgeon
teacher
writer

If you set your mind to it, you can be anything you want to be. What career or careers would you like to pursue? Add those job names to the list. Then do the activities. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

Want Ads Complete the circled want ads with list words.

CLASSIFIEDS

The Youngstown Times Sunday, April 11, 1993

Our company is one of the fastest-growing in the industry and we need the right individual to join our winning team. If that is you, Call Mr. Rosa. 555–4949

Brown & Sharp Screw Machine Set-Up Person wanted. Must have min. 5 yrs exp, have own tools, and read from blueprints. Bensenville. 555–8450

1. photograper ✓
2. Career ✓
3. writer ✓
4. reporter ✓

Meat Wrapper and Stockperson needed. Exp'd. only Call 345–555–5958.

Wanted: Someone who knows how to use lenses and film to take the very best pictures of people and pets. If you're a skilled **(1)**, call today! 312–555–4567.

Food broker looking for sales person to call on food retail accounts in city of Chicago. Must have degree, preferably in marketing. Send resume to: PMI, 500 Waters Edge, New York, NY 60605. Attn: Mark Wesley

Driver/semi. Apply in person, 3201 South Pulan, Youngstown, Ohio

If you'd like to help students find jobs that best suit their abilities and training, give us a call. You just may become our next **(2)** counselor. 555–8170.

Hairstylist/nail tech-Must be licensed. Full or part time.Call 393–555–3838

Do you ever read magazine articles and think "I could write like that!"? Well, our new publication is looking for a **(3)**. Fax us a writing sample of your best work. 555–8312.

Firefighter positions available, Class 2020, when available. Call Ms. Ferris: 912–555–4844.

Telemarketing Sales Qualifications include experience in managing.

The Burb Times, the greatest newspaper in Jefferson County, is looking for a **(4)** to cover farm news in the Tri-State area. 555–7071

Aggressive, self-motivated individual being sought in the Berwyn/Brookfield area for an outstanding sales management position selling the Midwest's largest newspaper. Must have ability to work independently and own reliable transportation. Call 312–555–1234.

Well-known home improvement company seeking aggressive type personalities for immediate telemarketing positions. Will pay you top hourly pay plus commission. Next to Washington Bridge and train. 800-969-9694

Tools of the Trade We associate certain tools with certain jobs. For example, when we think of a writer, we might picture a typewriter or word processor. Write the list word suggested by each "tool of the trade."

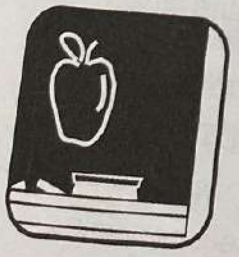
The Youngstown Times Sunday, April 11, 1993

5. _____

7. _____

8. _____

10. _____



6. _____

9. _____

THE LANGUAGE OF WANT ADS

Have you ever had trouble figuring out the abbreviations in want ads? If you have, you're probably not alone! With a partner, choose several want ads from a newspaper and rewrite them, replacing the abbreviations with the words for which they stand.

READING

Tales of the Imagination

bizarre
nightmare
gods
goddesses
monsters
dazzling
exaggeration
challenges
gigantic
invisible

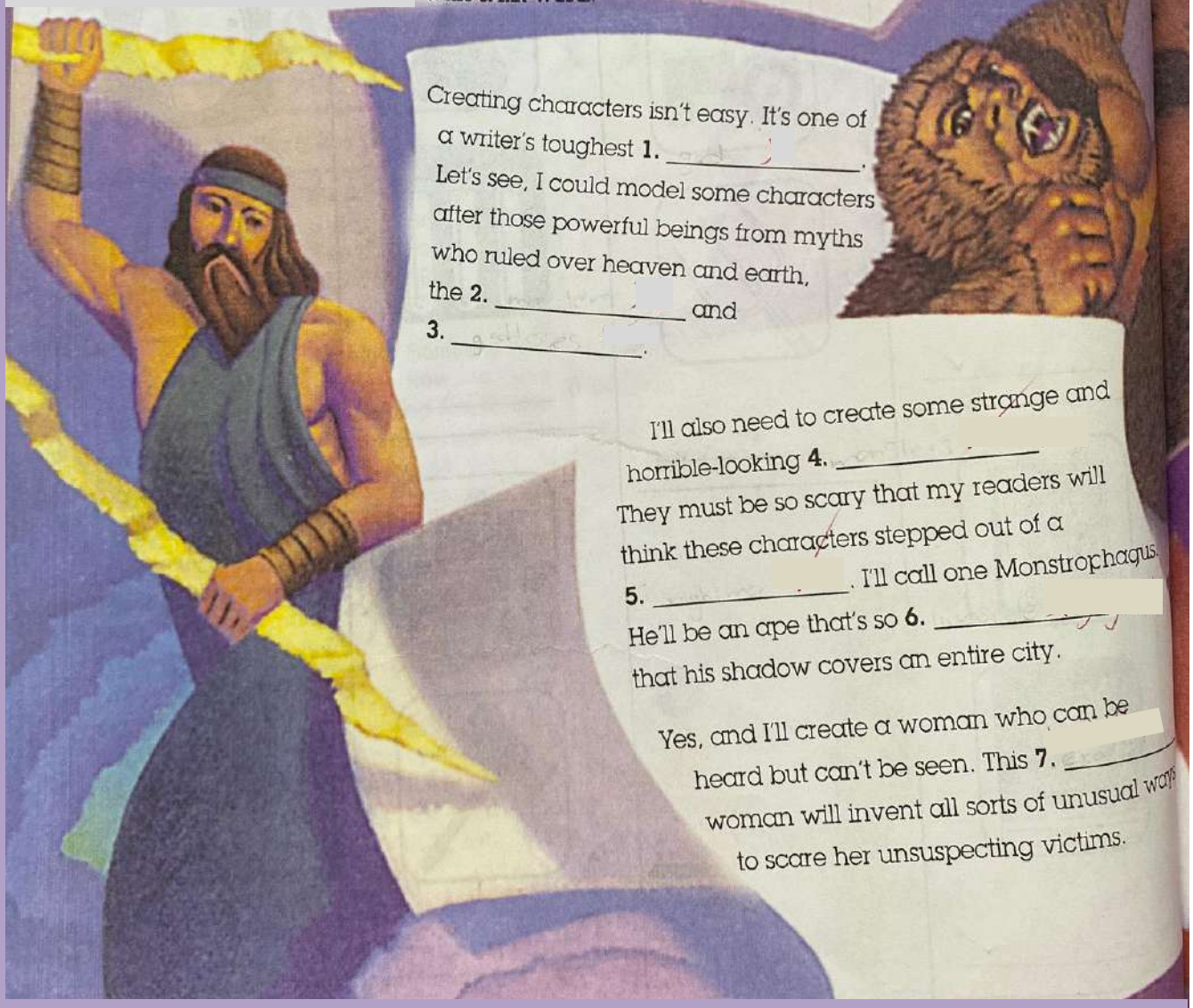
_____

_____

The words in the list can be used to create imaginative characters and stories. Add two more words to the list and then do the activities.

GETTING AT MEANING

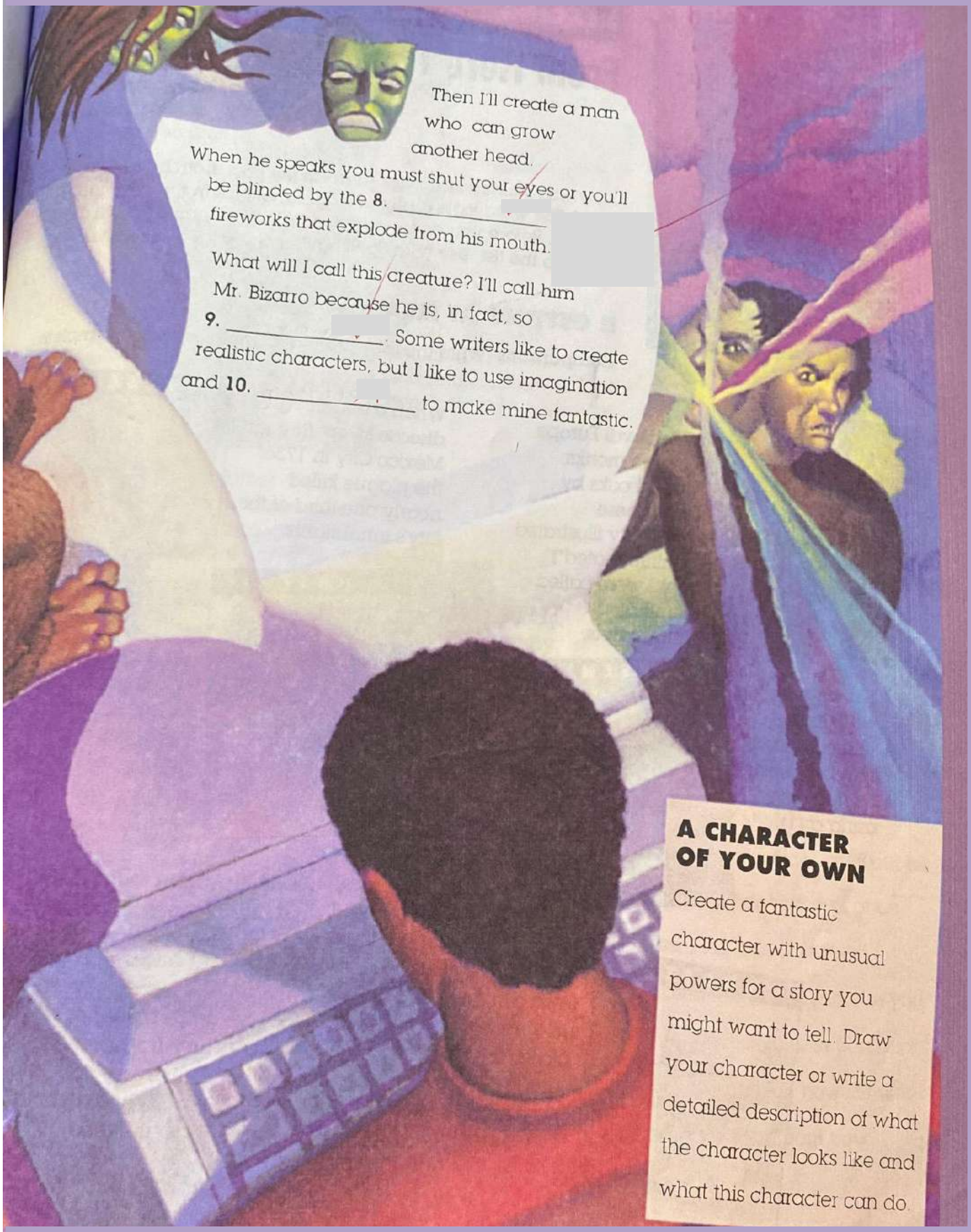
Creating Characters Help the writer create characters for a story. Fill in each blank with a list word.



Creating characters isn't easy. It's one of a writer's toughest **1.** _____. Let's see, I could model some characters after those powerful beings from myths who ruled over heaven and earth, the **2.** _____ and **3.** _____.

I'll also need to create some strange and horrible-looking **4.** _____. They must be so scary that my readers will think these characters stepped out of a **5.** _____. I'll call one Monstrophagus. He'll be an ape that's so **6.** _____ that his shadow covers an entire city.

Yes, and I'll create a woman who can be heard but can't be seen. This **7.** _____ woman will invent all sorts of unusual ways to scare her unsuspecting victims.



Then I'll create a man who can grow another head.
When he speaks you must shut your eyes or you'll be blinded by the **8.** _____ fireworks that explode from his mouth.

What will I call this creature? I'll call him Mr. Bizarro because he is, in fact, so **9.** _____. Some writers like to create realistic characters, but I like to use imagination and **10.** _____ to make mine fantastic.

A CHARACTER OF YOUR OWN

Create a fantastic character with unusual powers for a story you might want to tell. Draw your character or write a detailed description of what the character looks like and what this character can do.

READING

From Here to There

- plague
- pilgrimage
- illuminated manuscripts
- nomads
- dowry
- immunized
- space shuttle
- word processor
- commute
- pension plan

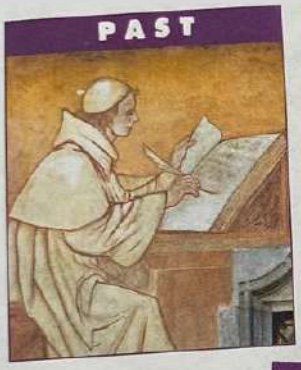
_____

_____

How was life different back there, in the past, from life here and now? The word list is a mix of words about life in the past and the present. Before you do the activities, see if you can add two more words to the list. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

GETTING AT MEANING

Comparisons Write the list word that completes each incomplete sentence.



In Medieval Europe, Christian monks copied books by hand. These beautifully illustrated (or "illuminated") books were called illuminated manuscripts.

When a deadly disease swept through Mexico City in 1736, the plague killed nearly one-third of the city's inhabitants.

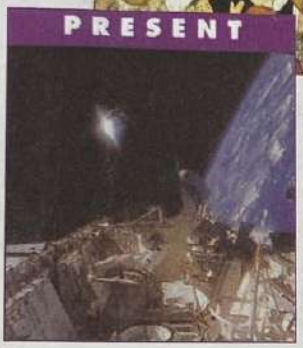
Today, children are **(2)** against many diseases, and plagues are less common.

Today, we write letters, school reports, and books on computers, using a **(1)**.

Early humans lived as nomads, moving from place to place in search of fresh grazing land for their herds.

Today, people usually live in one place, but they **(3)** from home to work every day, often spending hours on the road.

When a Muslim in the tenth century went on a pilgrimage to Mecca, the center of the Islamic religion, the pious journey might have taken several years.



Today, a **(4)** can take off, orbit the earth, launch a satellite, and return to earth in two days' time.

In Medieval Europe, a father saved for his daughter's dowry—money, land, or goods that she took to her marriage.

Today, many workers save for retirement through a company **(5)**.

Word Associations Write the list word that is associated with each group of words. Use the information in items 1 to 5 to help you.

6. money, land, bride _____
7. handwritten, monks, Medieval _____
8. travel, religious, long distance _____
9. illness, death, many people _____
10. wandering, pastures, unsettled _____

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

WHAT WAS LIFE LIKE THEN?

Interview an older family member or neighbor about his or her childhood. Ask about fashions, entertainment, travel, and anything else you are interested in. Report back to your class on how life was different then from now.

supplementary
translation
transformation
congruent
line of symmetry
rotation
reflection
tessellation
complementary
symmetric

_____

_____

MATHEMATICS

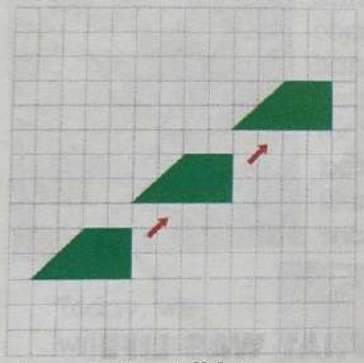
Geometry

Geometric figures are all around us. The list words are geometric terms. Add two more of your own. Then do the activities. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

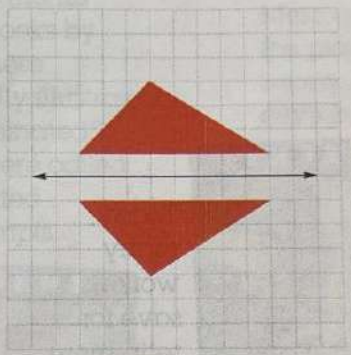
GETTING AT MEANING

Diagrams Artistic designs often are made by transforming one simple figure over and over—by flipping, sliding, or turning it without changing its shape or size. The four illustrations on this page show some of these transformations. Write the list word from the illustrations that each item refers to.

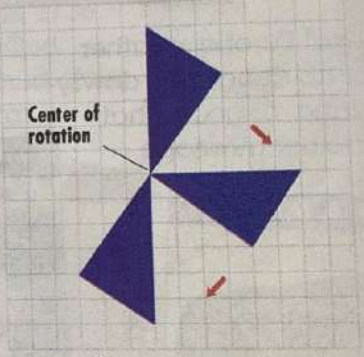
TRANSFORMATIONS



Translation (slide)



Reflection (flip)



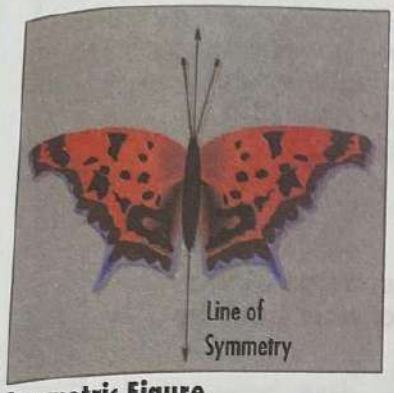
Rotation (turn)

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

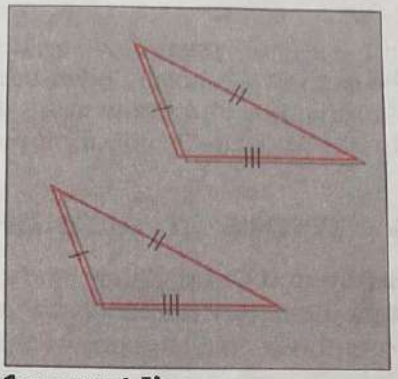
1. You fold a piece of paper in half. Along the fold, you cut out the shape of half a heart. When you unfold it, you're holding a whole heart, with one half a mirror image of the other.
2. A table faces north with one leg at the room's exact center. You turn it until it faces northeast with the same leg still at the room's exact center.
3. You see the image of a cat standing at the left edge of your TV screen. The image slides to the middle of the screen and stays there.
4. You notice that the design of your bathroom tile is a series of polygons with no gaps between them.
5. You make this whenever you change a geometric figure by translation, reflection, or rotation of that figure.

TESSELLATION

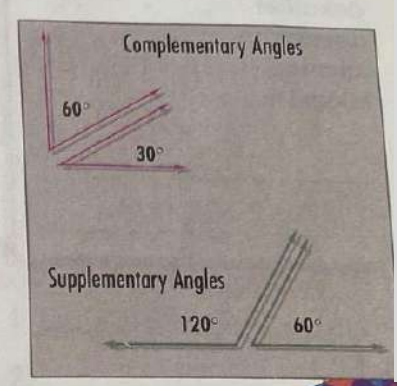
Applying Concepts The next set of diagrams shows another way to talk about transformations. Write the list word from the diagrams that completes each item.



Symmetric Figure



Congruent Figures



6. If you fold a shape down the middle and the two halves match, then you know the figure is ____.
7. The figures shown in the translation are the same size and shape; therefore, the figures are ____.
8. Imagine a pie cut into four equal pieces. The angles formed by two adjacent pieces are ____ angles.
9. Imagine a pie cut into eight equal pieces. The angles formed by two adjacent pieces are ____ angles.
10. If you could fold a football field in half, the fifty-yard line would be the ____.

6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

CAPITAL SYMMETRY

Some capital letters are symmetric. For example, M has a vertical line of symmetry, and D has a horizontal line of symmetry. Find other symmetric capital letters and tell whether each line of symmetry is vertical or horizontal. Do any letters have both horizontal and vertical lines of symmetry? Do any letters have diagonal lines of symmetry?

milliliter
milligram
centiliter
centigram
deciliter
decigram
dekaliter
dekagram
kiloliter
kilogram

_____

_____

MATHEMATICS

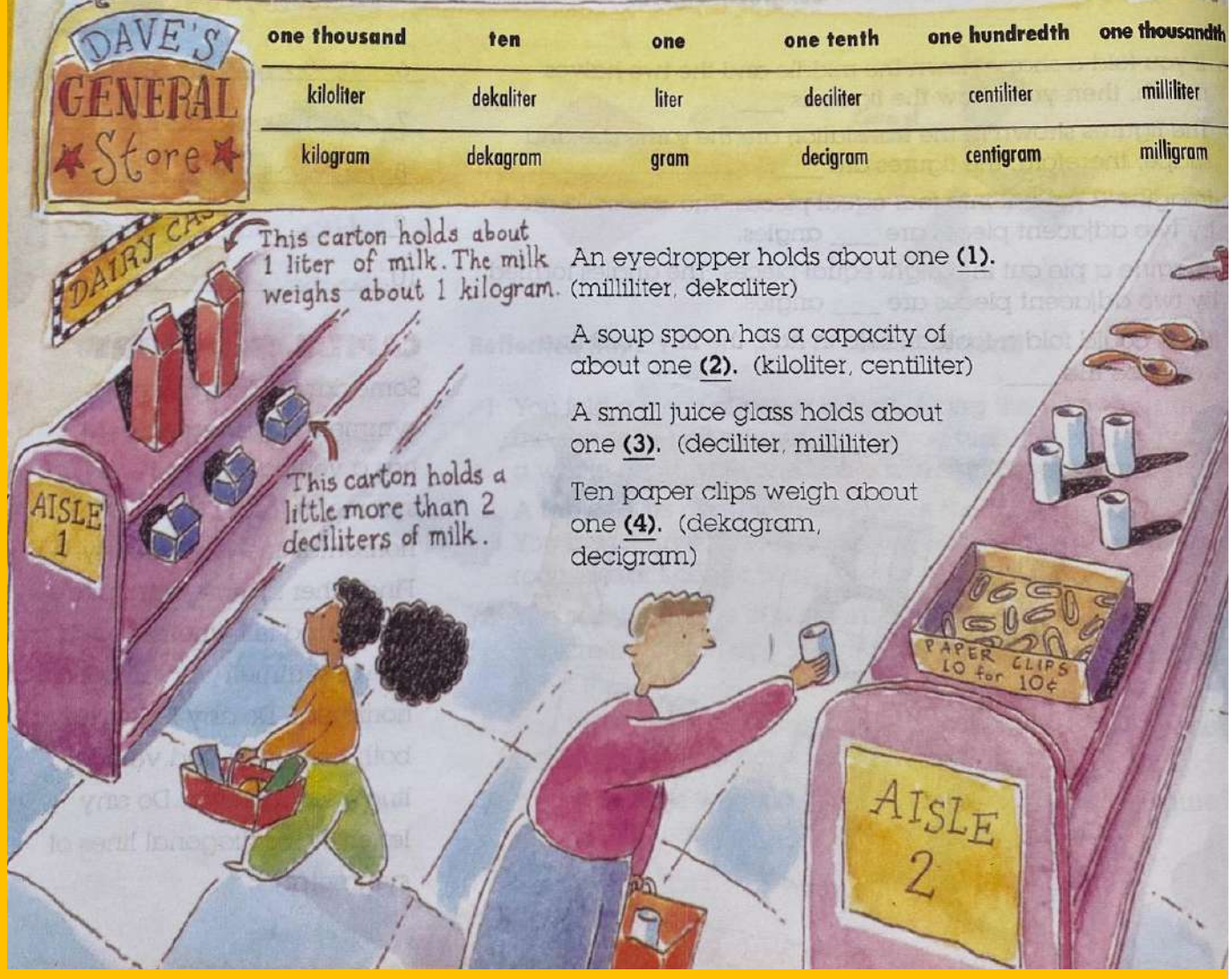
Measurement

In the metric system, the liter is the basic unit of capacity and the gram is the basic unit of mass, or weight. Add other metric system measurement words to the list. Then do the activities. Use the Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

GETTING AT MEANING

Picture and Chart Clues Study the picture and the chart of metric units. Then choose the correct word from the parentheses to fill in each blank.

one thousand	ten	one	one tenth	one hundredth	one thousandth
kiloliter	dekaliter	liter	deciliter	centiliter	milliliter
kilogram	dekagram	gram	decigram	centigram	milligram

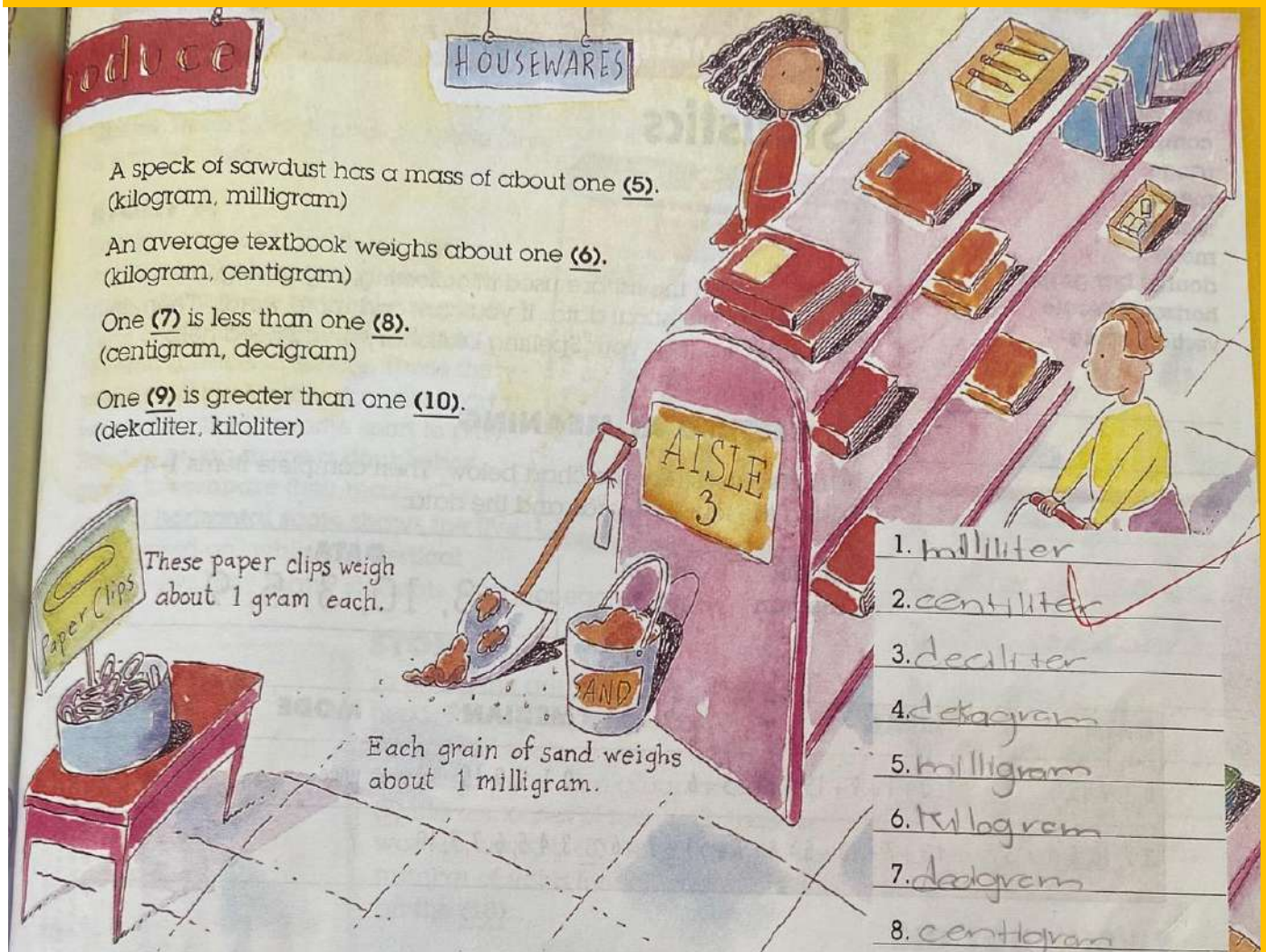

DAVE'S GENERAL Store
DAIRY CA
This carton holds about 1 liter of milk. The milk weighs about 1 kilogram.
This carton holds a little more than 2 deciliters of milk.
AISLE 1
PAPER CLIPS 10 for 10¢
AISLE 2

An eyedropper holds about one **(1)**. (milliliter, dekaliter)

A soup spoon has a capacity of about one **(2)**. (kiloliter, centiliter)

A small juice glass holds about one **(3)**. (deciliter, milliliter)

Ten paper clips weigh about one **(4)**. (dekagram, decigram)



A speck of sawdust has a mass of about one **(5)**. (kilogram, milligram)

An average textbook weighs about one **(6)**. (kilogram, centigram)

One **(7)** is less than one **(8)**. (centigram, decigram)

One **(9)** is greater than one **(10)**. (dekaliter, kiloliter)

1. milliliter
2. centiliter
3. decaliter
4. dekagram
5. milligram
6. kilogram
7. decigram
8. centigram
9. kiloliter
10. dekaliter

MICROSCOPIC UNITS

Sometimes it is necessary to use very small units to measure length, capacity, mass, or even time. You have used the prefix **milli-** with units of capacity and mass. The following prefixes are also useful.

PREFIX	micro-	nano-	pico-
MEANING	one-millionth	one-billionth	one trillionth

Use a dictionary to find a unit of measure that uses each prefix on the chart. Then use the words you found in a paragraph or short story about space travel or scientific experiments. You might even write a science-fiction story.

random sample
represent
compare
range
mean
median
mode
double bar graph
horizontal scale
vertical scale

_____

_____

MATHEMATICS

Statistics

The words on the list are used in collecting, organizing, and presenting statistical data. If you can, add more words. Then do the activities. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

GETTING AT MEANING

Charts First study the chart below. Then complete items 1–4, using the four list words and the data:

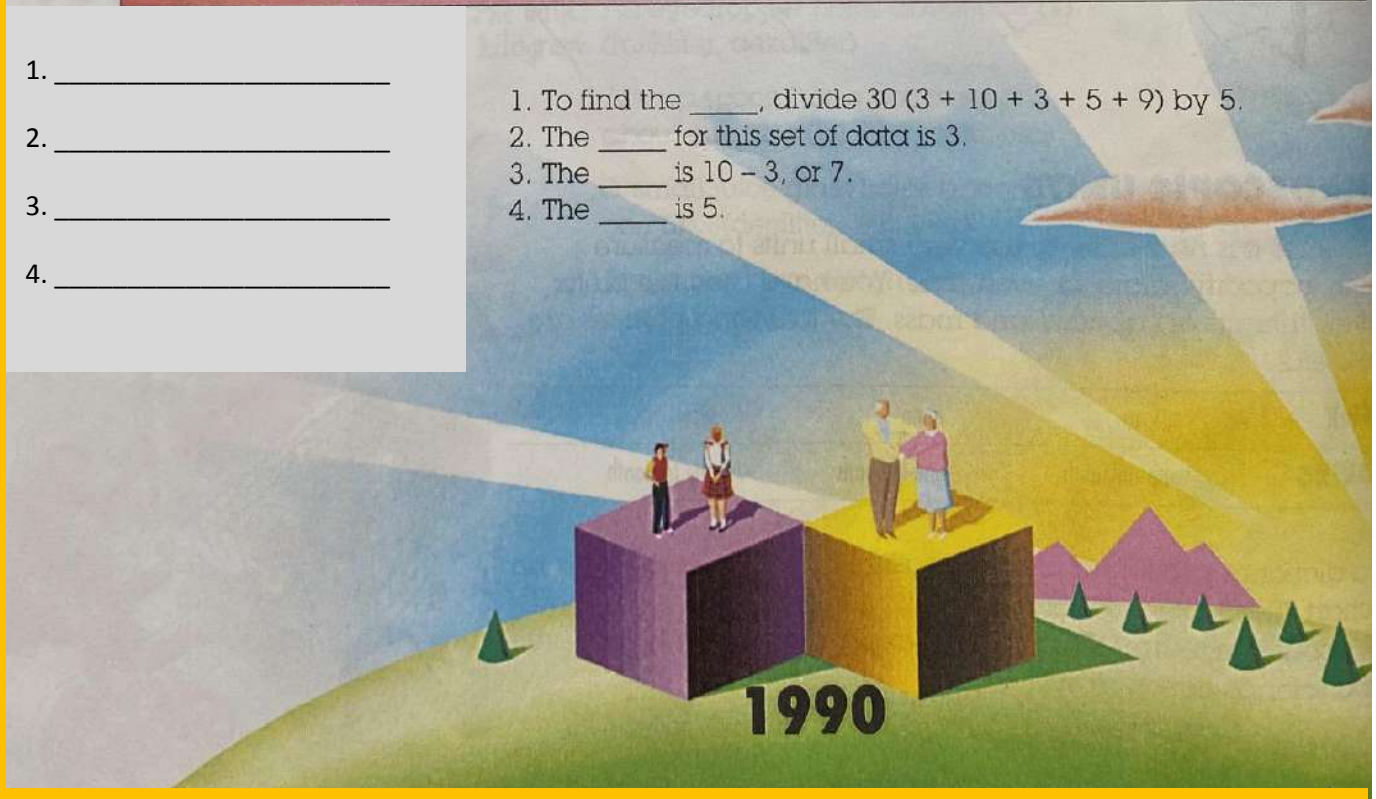
mode mean
median range

DATA:
3, 10, 3, 5, 9

DATA	MEAN	MEDIAN	MODE	RANGE
0, 1, 9, 15, 5	(0 + 1 + 9 + 15 + 5) ÷ 5 = 6	0, 1, **5**, 9, 15	none	15 - 0 = 15
3, 7, 10, 6, 4, 7, 5	(3 + 7 + 10 + 6 + 4 + 7 + 5) ÷ 7 = 6	3, 4, 5, **6**, 7, 7, 10	7	10 - 3 = 7

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____

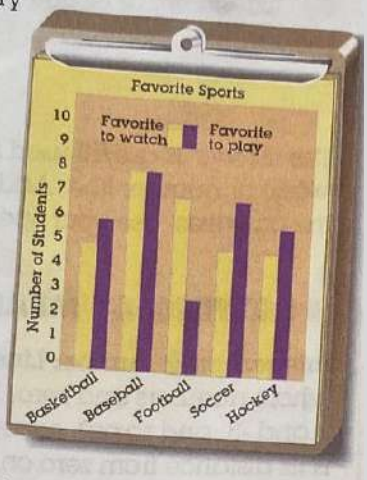
1. To find the _____, divide 30 (3 + 10 + 3 + 5 + 9) by 5.
2. The _____ for this set of data is 3.
3. The _____ is 10 – 3, or 7.
4. The _____ is 5.



Stories Read Story A and complete Story B with list words.

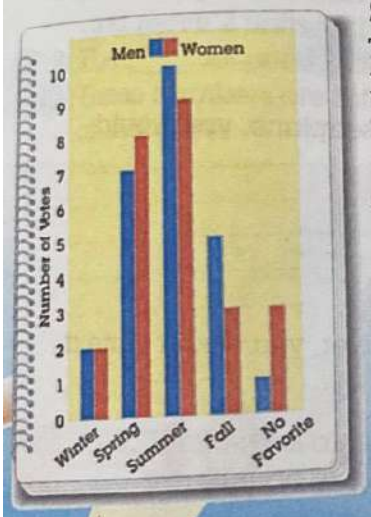
STORY A

Randy's and Rita's math groups had statistics projects to complete. Randy's group gathered a **random sample** of thirty students to **represent** all the seventh graders in school. These thirty students voted for their favorite sport to watch and their favorite sport to play. Randy's group made a **double bar graph** to **compare** their results. The graph's **horizontal scale** shows the five sports voted on, while the **vertical scale** shows how many students voted for each sport.



STORY B

To **(5)** all the adults in their neighborhood, Rita's group chose a **(6)** of fifty and asked them to vote on their favorite season. The group decided to **(7)** the responses of men with those of women, using a **(8)**. The **(9)** shows the number of votes for each choice listed on the **(10)**.



5. _____

6. _____

7. _____

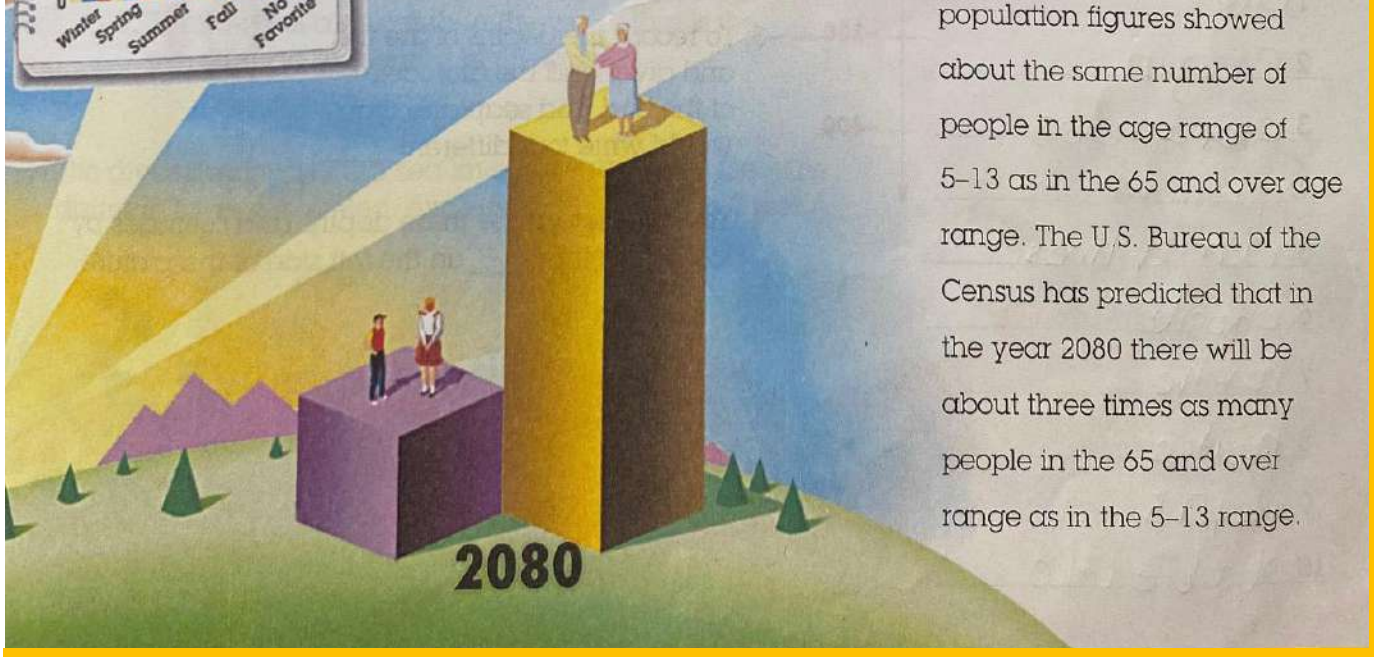
8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

DID YOU KNOW?

In 1990 the United States population figures showed about the same number of people in the age range of 5–13 as in the 65 and over age range. The U.S. Bureau of the Census has predicted that in the year 2080 there will be about three times as many people in the 65 and over range as in the 5–13 range.



Integers and Coordinates

integers
positive
negative
opposite
absolute value
number line
quadrant
coordinates
origin
axes

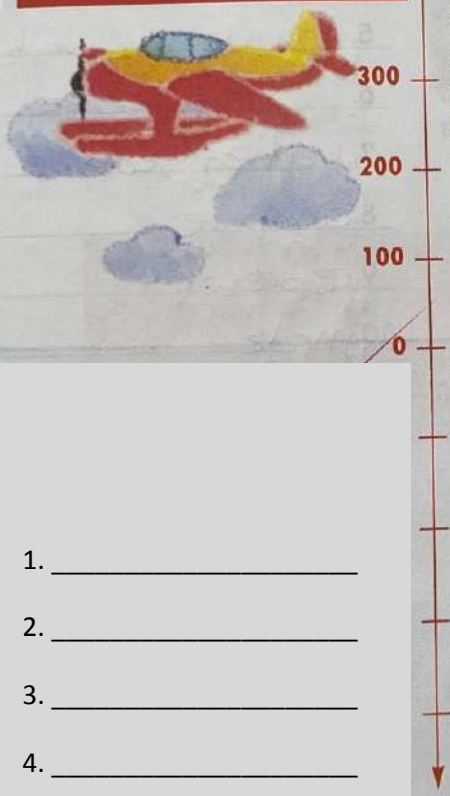
_____

_____

The list words are all used for locating points on a coordinate plane or number line. Add two more words to the list. Then do the activities. Use your Spelling Dictionary if you need help.

GETTING AT MEANING

Integers on a Number Line Integers are positive and negative whole numbers and zero. Each integer has an opposite (-1 and 1, 3 and -3, and so on), except for zero. An integer's absolute value is its distance from zero on a number line. Use the illustration below to help you fill in the blanks with list words.



1. To record the altitude of the seaplane, you would write a _____ number.

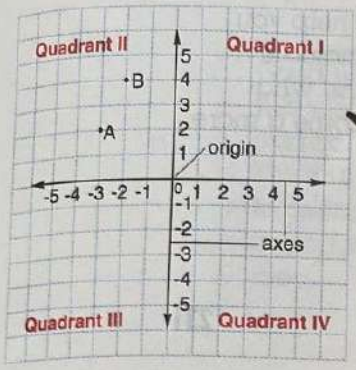
2. To record the depth of the diver, you would write a _____ number.

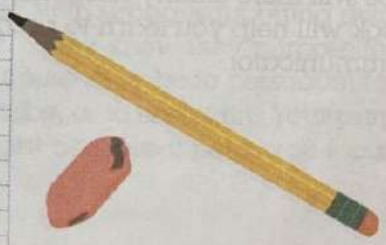
3. To record the depths of the fish and diver and the altitudes of the bird and seaplane, you would write four different _____.

4. You can determine these depths and altitudes by looking at the _____ on the left side of the picture.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Coordinate Plane Use the graph to help you fill in the blanks with list words.





The coordinates for point A are (-3, 2).

7. Point B is located in the second _____ of the plane.
8. To reach point B, start where the axes intersect, at the _____, and move 2 units to the left and 4 units up.
9. The _____ for point B are (-2, 4).
10. These numbers are listed on the horizontal and vertical _____ of the plane.

COORDINATE NEIGHBORHOODS

Make a coordinate plane that represents the neighborhood where you live or go to school. Use your home or your school as the origin and locate parks, libraries, stores, or government buildings on the grid. Let each unit on the grid represent one block, or some other reasonable unit.

5. The diver is at a depth in the water that is the _____ of the altitude of the bird in the sky.

6. The diver descends from sea level (0 feet) to -100 feet. The distance he has traveled, expressed as _____, is 100 feet.